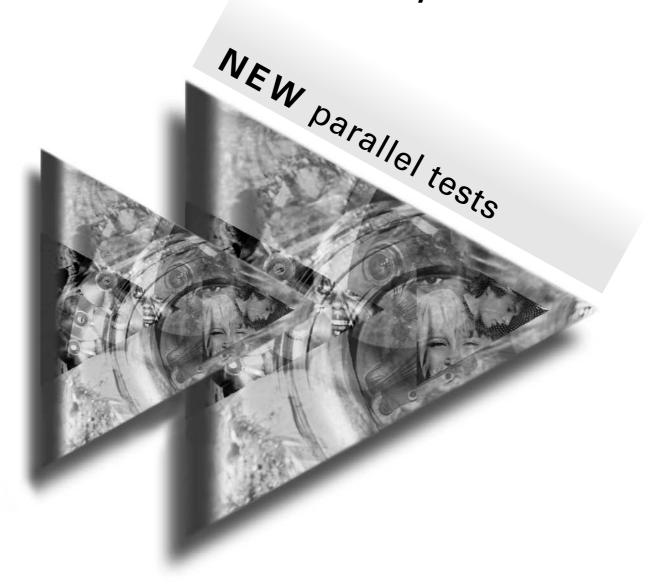
New Colored Value of the Color

Pre-Intermediate Tests

Lindsay White



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New Headway Pre-Intermediate Test Booklet

Note to the teacher

This booklet contains:

- **14 Unit Tests** which revise the corresponding unit in *New Headway Pre-Intermediate* Student's Book. There are two versions (A and B) of each test. They cover the same material, but have been reorganized to allow easier administration of the tests in the classroom. Each test has a total score of 100.
- A Review Test (Units 1–7) and an Exit Test (Units 1–14), each with a total score of 100.
- **An optional listening test** at the back of the booklet for each unit, using original recordings.
- An Answer Key for all the exercises.
- **Tapescripts** for all the listening exercises.

There is a separate audio CD (40NEWHWTESTCD.03/GB) containing the recordings for the optional listening tests.

Track	Tapescript
19	1 Neighbours
20	2 You drive me mad!
21	3 A news story
22	4 The weekend shop
23	5 My favourite thing
24	6 What's Hong Kong like?
25	7 My grandparents
26	8 My job
27	9 The future of our world
28	10 My life then and now
29	11 The history of tea in Britain
30	12 Who knows?
31	13 A business trip
32	14 The novelist
33	15 My family
34	16 An interview with Sir Harry
TC 1	

If you do not have the audio CD, please use the tapescripts.

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NAME:			

1	Circle the correct form of the verb.	4 Write the question words then match 1–8 with a–h.
	1 He (travels)/ 's travelling a lot for his job.	1 <u>What</u> 's this in English? a It's his.
	2 When did you <i>come came</i> to New York?	2 is your teacher? b A month ago.
	3 She can <i>swims / swim</i> 5 kilometres.	3 book is it? \qquad c Thirty-five pounds.
	4 We don't see / aren't seeing them this evening.	4 did you park? d The small blue one.
	5 They <i>move in / moved in</i> two weeks ago.	5 did you go on holiday? e It's 12 o'clock.
	6 He's going to marry / married her next summer.	6 much were your jeans? f Marie Evans.
	7 I enjoy / 'm enjoying this party!	7 bag is yours? g It's a bicycle.
	8 Where <i>is / does</i> your brother live now?	8 's the time, please? h Near the station.
	9 Why is the policeman <i>talking / talk</i> to him?	2 points for each correct anguar
	1 point for each correct answer 8	2 points for each correct answer (1 per question word, 1 for matching) 14
2	Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.	5 Read Gino's answers. Complete the questions.
	bought come comes are studying Did buy did meet is staying went studies was	A Hello, (1) what's your name?G It's Gino.A (2) come from?
	1 My mother <u>is staying</u> in our house while we are on holiday.	G I'm from Naples. A (3) live now?
	2 Paul French four times a week.	G I live in Memphis now.
	3 Anna to the cinema last weekend.	A (4) move to Memphis?
	4 My mother from Poland.	G A year ago.
	5 My brothers modern languages in Paris.	A (5) do?
	6 When I was ten, my parents me a bicycle.	G I'm a student. I'm studying music.
	7 Simon you a present?	A (6) married?
	8 Where your father born?	G No, I'm not, but I've got a girlfriend.
	9 Who you last night?	A (7)name?
	10 Where does he from?	G Belinda.
	1 point for each correct answer 9	A (8) Belinda do?
		G She's an architect.
3	Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs in the box.	1 point for each correct answer 7
	be be come go live not enjoy study	6 Write <i>noun</i> , <i>verb</i> , <i>adjective</i> , <i>adverb</i> , or <i>preposition</i> .
	My name (1) <u>is</u> Natalia. I (2) from Málaga, in the south of Spain. I (3) a student at a language school in London. I (4) English. I (5) with an English family for three months. The course is hard work and I (6) it very much. Next week, I (7) home to Málaga for a holiday.	1 bread
	2 points for each correct answer 12	1 point for each correct answer 5

NAME:

7 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There is one extra word.

	book flat mean ring train
1	The east of England is <u>flat</u> .
2	Did the phone?
3	He's a runner and he wants to for the next Olympics.
4	He wears a wedding
5	She wants to live in a near her office.
6	She's very – she never buys a drink.
7	We are getting the to London.
8	What do you?

8 Read the article. Circle the correct answer.

Some people are better communicators than others and this helps us to choose our jobs. People who work alone, for example, artists or postmen, don't need good communication skills. Musicians communicate with the other players through their music. However, workers who speak to the public all day, for example, hotel receptionists, need to enjoy meeting and helping people.

1 point for each correct answer

One profession that needs good communications skills (but does not always have them) is medicine. A clever doctor may not be very good at talking to his or her patients. Some teaching hospitals now train their medical students to have a good bed-side manner. This means the medical students learn to be kind and friendly when they are talking to sick people who are frightened or unhappy.

Another profession that needs good communication skills is the police force. The police learn to look carefully at faces and bodies so they can 'read' if a person is dangerous or not telling the truth.

- 1 All / Some people are good communicators.
- 2 A good receptionist likes working in a hotel / meeting
- 3 Most / Some doctors are bad communicators.
- 4 Doctors can't / can learn to communicate with ordinary people.
- 5 A 'good bed-side manner' means you can talk about science / kindly to patients.
- 6 Medical students are student doctors / sick students.
- 7 Patients are *dangerous / sick* people.
- 8 You can't / can learn to read body language.

	Г
2 points for each correct answer	
= p	

9 Complete the table with information about you.

where/live?	
who/live with?	
what/do?	
hobbies	
why/learning English?	

Use your notes to write an informal letter to a new penfriend. Write your address and the date. Start:

Dear Hans,

7

I'm very pleased that we are ...

10	
10 points divided between accuracy and content	13
+ 2 for layout and salutations	

10 Translate the social expressions.

1	Make yourself at home
2	Pleased to meet you
3	See you tomorrow.
4	Sleep well
5	That's very kind

1 point for each correct answer	5

11 Complete the short conversations.

Conversation 1

A (1) He<u>llo</u>, Jack!

B Hi, Suzy!

Conversation 2

A (2) Ex_____ m____. **B** Yes. (3) Ca I he y ?

Conversation 3

A How are you?

 \mathbf{B} (4) I f, th.

Conversation 4

A Have a good holiday!

B (5) Sa_____ t___ you!

Conversation 5

A (6) S______ you to_____!

B Bye!

1 point for each correct answer

TOTAL



N	٨	M	E:
1.4	\boldsymbol{m}	171	ь.

1	Write the question words then match 1–8 with a–h.	4 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.
-	1	
	2's the time, please?	bought come comes are studying Did buy
	3 did you go on holiday?	did meet is staying went studies was
	4 much were your shoes?	1 My mother <u>is staying</u> in our house while we are on
	5 did you stay?	holiday.
	6 car is yours?	2 My sisters modern languages in New York.
	7 coat is this?	3 When I was eighteen, my parents me a car.
	8 is your boss?	4 your father you a present?
	a It's his. e It's 3 o'clock.	5 Colleen Spanish twice a week.
	b A month ago. f Marie Evans.	6 My parents to the cinema last weekend.
	c Thirty-five pounds. g It's a bicycle.	7 Anna from Poland.
	d The 4-door Mercedes. h Near the station.	8 Who you last night?
		9 Where does he from?
	2 points for each correct answer (1 per question word, 1 for matching)	10 Where Simon born?
	(i per question word, i to i materimis)	1 point for each correct answer 9
2	Circle the correct form of the verb.	
	1 He <i>(travels)</i> /'s travelling a lot for his job.	5 Read Gina's answers. Complete the questions.
	2 He can <i>swims / swim</i> 10 kilometres.	A Hello, (1) what's your name?
	3 We don't see / aren't seeing them this weekend.	G It's Gina.
	4 I move in / moved in two weeks ago.	A (2) come from?
	5 When did they <i>come / came</i> to Paris?	G I'm from Tuscany.
	6 She's going to marry / married him next May.	A (3) live now?
	7 I enjoy / 'm enjoying this meal!	G I live in Sydney now.
	8 Why is he <i>talking / talk</i> to the policeman?	A (4) move to Sydney?
	9 Where is / does your uncle work now?	G 2 years ago.
	1 point for each correct answer 8	A (5) do?
	T positivos cuals confect unswer	G I'm an architect. I'm working in the city.
3	Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs in	A (6) married?
	the box.	G No, I'm not but I've got a boyfriend.
	he he came as live anion study	A (7) name?
	be be come go live enjoy study	G Mario.
	My name (1)is Natalia. I (2) from Koszalin, in the	A (8) Mario do?
	north of Poland. I (3) with an English family for three	G He's a student.
	months. I (4) a student at a language school in London. I	1 point for each correct answer 7
	(5) English. The course is hard and I (6) it very	
	much. Next week, I (7) home to Koszalin for a holiday.	
	2 points for each correct answer 12	

	NAME:
6 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There is one extra word. book flat mean ring train The east of England isflat He's a swimmer and he wants to for the nex Olympics. Did the telephone ? What does it ? He's very – he never buys a drink. She wears a gold They want to live in a near the centre.	 7 Patients are sick / dangerous people. 8 You can / can't learn to read body language. 2 points for each correct answer
8 Joe is getting the to Glasgow. 1 point for each correct answer	Use your notes to write an informal letter to a new penfriend. Write your address and the date. Start:
7 Write noun, verb, adjective, adverb, or preposition. 1 bread	Dear Hans, I'm very pleased that we are 10 points divided between accuracy and content + 2 for layout and salutations
1 point for each correct answer	5 10 Complete the short conversations. 1 A (1) He <i>llo</i> , Jack!
Some people are better communicators than others and this help to choose our jobs. People who work alone, for example, artists o postmen, don't need good communication skills. Musicians communicate with the other players through their music. Howeve workers who speak to the public all day, for example, hotel receptionists, need to enjoy meeting and helping people. One profession that needs good communications skills (but do not always have them) is medicine. A clever doctor may not be verigood at talking to his or her patients. Some teaching hospitals now train their medical students to have a good bed-side manner. This means the medical students to have a good bed-side manner. This means the medical students learn to be kind and friendly when the are talking to sick people who are frightened or unhappy. Another profession that needs good communication skills is the police force. The police learn to look carefully at faces and bodies they can 'read' if a person is dangerous or not telling the truth. 1 Some / All people are good communicators. 2 A good receptionist likes meeting people / working in	B (2) Sa t you! A (3) S you to! B Bye! A (4) Ex m B Yes. (5) Ca I he y? A How are you? B (6) I f, th I point for each correct answer 1 Translate the social expressions. 1 Make yourself at home 2 Sleep well. 3 The stronger line decorated.
2 A good receptionist likes <i>meeting people / working in hotel.</i>	4 Pleased to meet you.
 3 Some / Most doctors are bad communicators. 4 Doctors can / can't learn to communicate with ordinary people. 	5 See you tomorrow 1 point for each correct answer 5

/ about science.

5 A 'good bed-side manner' means talk kindly to patients

TOTAL

1 (Circle) the correct letter.

- 1 We ... two computers. a has got (b) 've got c don't have got
- 2 She is sick so she ... this week. a isn't working b doesn't work c is working
- 3 It's very hot today. Why ... you ... a coat? a do ... wear b are ... wearing c don't ... wear
- 4 Lydia ... with her mum and two children. a lives b live c is living
- 5 In Latin America, the north ... hotter than the south. a be b is being c is
- 6 Do you ... a bicycle? **a** have **b** have got **c** 've
- 7 Vegetarians ... meat. a are eating b eats c don't eat
- 8 Are you going home? a Yes, I'm. b Yes, I am. c Yes, going.
- 9 Australia ... a big population. a have not b doesn't have c haven't got
- 10 Does he smoke? a No, he does. b Yes, do. c Yes, he does.
- 11 He can't come to the phone, he ... a shower. **a** has **b** 's having **c** hasn't got

		_			
1	point	for (each	correct	answer

ct answer	10

2 Complete the sentences with the Present Simple or Present Continuous form of *drive*, *wear*, or *have*.

1	He <u>drives</u> to work every morning.
2	He never a jacket and tie.
3	She to work today because she is late.
4	They their best clothes today.
5	No, you can't go out. We lunch soon.
6	They four children.

point for each correct answer		5

3 Complete the short answers.

6 Are they working today? No, _

	•
1	Have you got a holiday home? No, <u>I haven't</u> .
2	Do they like skiing? Yes,
3	Does she have a summer holiday? No,
4	Is he tidy? Yes,
5	Are you going? Yes, I

1 point for each correct answer		5
---------------------------------	--	---

4 (Circle) the correct form.

- 1 He has got /(has) coffee in the morning.
- 2 When do you have / have got your holiday?
- 3 Did you have got / have a nice teacher at school?
- 4 They have never got / never have wine with dinner.
- 5 They *don't have | no have* lots of money.

1 point for each correct answer	4

5 Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs.

Iceland (1 have) <u>has</u> quite a small population	. The	
people (2 be) mainly of European descen	t. In	the
winter, it (3 be) dark for nearly 24 hours	a day	so
the people (4 not go) outside much. How	ever,	in,
the summer, the people like (5 spend) a le	ot of	
time outside so they can (6 enjoy) the sun	light	
A lot of tourists (7 go) to Iceland to see the	ne	
unusual countryside. They can (8 swim)	in th	e
naturally hot water and (9 watch) the wil		
including puffins and whales.		
2 points for each correct answer		16

6 Match the nouns with verbs 1–10 to make phrases.

			'		
	my hair make-up a son the sofa the washin		•		e
1	cook <u>a meal</u>	_ 6	put on .		
2	do		read		
3	go	8	relax		
4	have	. 9	talk		
5	make		wash		_
		1 point for	each correc	t answer	9

7 Read the text. Are the sentences true (*T*) or false (*F*)?

Jake and Gaby are Americans. They moved from Ohio to London five years ago. Jake works for a bank and Gaby is a nurse at a big hospital

When asked why they moved to London, Jake says, 'Gaby got a job and I followed her. I didn't work for the first three months – I was looking for a flat to buy and looking after things at home. I started my job the day after we moved to this flat. Of course we speak the language but we had some problems at first. Just small things like the different words for food – and the different British accents can be difficult to understand.'

What do they like best? Gaby speaks for both of them, 'We love London, there's always something interesting to do. The parks,

c m	ouseums, and theatres are great. We like to go walking in the country at the weekends so we drive to Essex early on Sunday norning and walk all day. We're never going to live in Ohio again, re'd miss London too much.' Gaby and Jake are an English couple in America Gaby and Jake work in London	 10 Read 1–6 and match them with a reply and a comment. 1 What do you do? 9 f 2 It's raining again 3 What do you like doing at the weekends? 4 Where did you go for your holiday last summer? 5 I like your haircut
3 4 5 6 7 8	They moved to London because Jake got a job British and American food words are the same Jake thinks London is boring They like going to the countryside at weekends	 6 Did you see the film on TV last night? REPLY 7 We went to Sicily. 8 Thank you. 9 I'm a teacher. 10 No, I didn't.
3 Jo	2 points for each correct answer 16 bin the pairs of sentences with but/however, so, or because.	11 Yes, it's horrible isn't it?12 I usually go to the cinema and have dinner with friends.
1	I like cars. I don't like driving. _I like cars, but I don't like driving.	COMMENT a Would you like to come with us next time?
3		b Was it good?c Makes you miserable, doesn't it?d It's a beautiful place – do you know it?
	He is moving to the USA. He is starting a new job.	e I tried that new place in town. f I teach maths and science in a secondary school. What about you?
5	We can ski. We don't like snow and cold weather! I am sociable. My brother is quiet.	2 points for each correct answer
	1 point for each correct answer 5 Somplete the information about you and a friend.	11 Read the questions. Write true answers and add a comment 1 Do you like learning English? Yes, I do. I want to study in England when I go to university. 2 What are you doing after this lesson?
	you friend Are you married? What's your job? What do you like doing? What do you look like? Where do you live? Where do you go on holiday? What are you doing at the moment?	I 3 What did you do last weekend? I 4 How are you today? I 2 points for each correct answer

5

1	(Circle) the	correct form	of the	verb.
-	(0.1.0.0) 0.1.0		0	

- 1 He has got /(has) coffee in the morning.
- 2 When do you have / have got your holiday?
- 3 Did you have / have got a nice class at school?
- 4 They have never got / never have wine with dinner.
- 5 They don't have / no have lots of friends.

point for each correct answer	

2 (Circle) the correct letter.

- 1 We ... two computers.
 - **a** has got (**b**)'ve got **c** don't have got
- 2 She ... this week because she is sick.
 - a doesn't work b isn't working c is working
- 3 It's very cold today. Why ... you only... a T-shirt?
 - a are ... wearing b do ... wear c don't ... wear
- 4 Joseph ... with his wife and children.
 - a lives b live c is living
- 5 In Latin America, the south ... hotter than the north.
 - a isn't b isn't being c not be
- 6 Do you ... a camera?
 - a have b have got c've
- 7 Vegetarians ... meat.
 - a are eating b eats c don't eat
- 8 Are you going out tonight?
 - a Yes, I am. b Yes, going. c Yes, I'm.
- 9 Australia ... a big population.
 - a don't have b have not c hasn't got
- 10 Does he smoke?
 - a No, he does. b Yes, do. c Yes, he does.
- 11 He ... a shower, he can't come to the phone.
 - a 's having b hasn't got c has

1 point for each correct answer	10

3 Complete the sentences with the Present Simple or Present Continuous form of have, drive, or wear.

1	He <u>drives</u>	to work every morning.
2	We	dinner soon so, you can't go out.
3	They	_ a black cat.
4	She	to work today because she is late.
5	Не	his school uniform today.
6	Her son ne	ver his coat.

point for each correct answer	5

4 Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Iceland (1 have) <u>has</u> quite a small population. The people (2 be)
mainly of European descent. In the summer, the people like
(3 spend) a lot of time outside so they can (4 enjoy)
the sunlight. However, in the winter it (5 be) dark for nearly
24 hours a day so the people (6 not go) outside much.
Lots of visitors (7 go) to Iceland's unusual countryside. They can (8 watch) the wildlife including puffins and whales, and (9 swim) in the naturally hot water.
2 points for each correct answer 16
Complete the short answers.
1 Have you got a holiday home? No, <i>I haven't</i>
2 Is she working today? No,
3 Do they like skiing? Yes,
4 Are you tidy? Yes, I
5 Do they have a summer holiday? No,
6 Is he going? Yes,
1 point for each correct answer 5

6 Read the text. Are the sentences true (*T*) or false (*F*)?

Jake and Gaby are Americans. They moved from Ohio to London five years ago. Jake works for a bank and Gaby is a nurse at a big hospital in the city.

What do they like best? Gaby speaks for both of them, 'We love London, there's always something interesting to do. The parks, museums, and theatres are great. We like to go walking in the country at the weekends so we drive to Essex early on Sunday morning and walk all day. We're never going to live in Ohio again, we'd miss London too much.'

When asked why they moved to London, Jake says, 'Gaby got a job and I followed her. I didn't work for the first three months - I was looking for a flat to buy and looking after things at home. I started my job the day after we moved to this flat. Of course we speak the language but we had some problems at first. Just small things like the different words for food – and the different British accents can be difficult to understand.'

I	Gaby and Jake are an English couple in America.	
2	Jake thinks London is boring.	
3	They like going to the countryside at weekends.	
4	They want to go home to Ohio.	
5	Gaby and Jake work in London.	
6	Gaby and Jake work together.	_

	7 8	They moved to London be British and American food	U	,	10 Read the questions. Write true answers and add a comment. 1 Do you like learning English?
		2 points	for each correct	answer 16	Yes, I do. I want to study in England when I go to university.
7	Ma	atch the nouns with verbs 1–1	0 to make ph	rases.	2 What are you doing after this lesson? I
		my hair make-up a shower on the sofa the washing-up	•		3 What did you do last weekend? I
		cook <u>a meal</u> go			4 How are you today? I
		do			2 points for each correct answer 6
		talk put on			11 Read 1–6 and match them with a reply and a comment.
	J		for each correct		 1 What do you do? <u>9</u> <u>f</u> 2 I like your haircut
8	Joi	n the pairs of sentences with	but/howeve	r, so, or because.	3 What do you like doing on Friday nights?
	1	I like cars. I don't like drivi	ing.		4 It's snowing again
		I like cars, but I don't like di	riving.		5 Where did you go on holiday last week?
	2	I didn't go shopping. Ther	e was food in	n the fridge.	6 Did you see the film on TV last night?
	3	He telephoned me. I went	to see him.		REPLY 7 No, I didn't.
	4	They can swim. They don'	t like getting	their hair wet!	8 Yes, it's horrible isn't it?
					9 I'm a teacher.
	5	My brother is sociable. I ar	n quiet.		10 We went to Sicily.
	6	She is moving house. She's	starting a ne	ew job.	11 Thank you.12 I usually go to the cinema and have dinner with friends.
		1 point	for each correct	answer 5	COMMENT
		,			a Would you like to come with us next time?
9	Со	mplete the information abou	it you and a fi	riend.	b It's a beautiful place – do you know it?
			you	friend	c I tried that new place in town.
7	re j	you married?			d Was it good?
١,	Vha	ıt's your job?			e Makes you miserable, doesn't it?
		at do you like doing?			f I teach maths and science in a secondary school. What about you?
		nt do you look like? ere do you live?			2 points for each correct answer 10
		ere do you live? ere do you go on holiday?			
		at are you doing at the moment?			TOTAL 100
		e the information to write a p	paragraph. Us	e <i>but, so</i> , and	
		14 points divided betwee	en content and a	ccuracy 14	



1	Complete the conversations with the Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.	4 Complete the paragraph with the Past Simple form of the verbs in the box.
	Conversation 1 A (1 leave) I <u>left</u> my teenage sons at home last weekend.	be bring buy drive go hear invite leave ring start tell
	B (2 have) they a party? A No, they didn't, but they (3 eat) everything that (4 be) in the fridge. They (5 not wash up) and they (6 forget) to walk the dog. Conversation 2 A (7 see) you the news on TV last night? B I (8 see) the local news but I (9 not watch) the national news. Why? A A reporter (10 speak) to me at the station - (11 be) I on TV?	When Mr and Mrs Bell (1)went away for the weekend, they (2) their sons at home. The two boys (3) some pizzas and (4) their friends to the house to watch videos. Unfortunately, their friends (5) some beer and things quickly (6) to go wrong. When Mr Bell (7) his sons to check they (8) OK, he (9) loud music and shouting. He and Mrs Bell (10) home immediately and (11) the boys' friends to leave.
	1 point for each correct answer 10	5 Complete the verbs, adjectives, and nouns in the sentences.
2	Complete the sentences with the Past Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.	1 Did they invite you to their wedding?2 Email has changed how we communicat with people
	 What (do)were youdoing_ at 9 o'clock last night? We (watch) TV. I (not eat) dinner, I (read) the paper. (dance) Lily with Greg at the party? 	 3 His desk is verytidy so he can't find anything. 4 I am very ambitio I want to be the boss one day. 5 Ilike her because she's rude and unhelpful. 6 It'slegal for a child to drive a car. 7 It'spossible to put your ear in your mouth.
	1 point for each correct answer 3	8 Mountain climbing is a dang sport.9 Sea food is a special in the south west.
3	Complete the sentences with the Past Simple or Past Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.	10 The men earn more than the women, and that'sfair. 11 There's an industr area near the airport.
	1 I (not speak) <u>didn't speak</u> to my neighbours until they (introduce) <u>introduced</u> themselves.	1 point for each correct answer 10
	2 He (make) lunch before I (arrive)	6 Say the words. Underline the stressed syllables.
	3 She (have) a shower when I (ring) her.	1 develop 4 discussion 7 organization
	4 He (not live) there when I (meet) him. 5 It (rain) so they (not want) to take the dog for a walk.	2 development 5 improve 8 organize 3 discuss 6 improvement
	6 My boss (wait) in my office when I (get) to work two hours late.	1 point for each correct answer 7
	2 points for each correct answer 10	7 Read the articles and answer the questions.
		A I live due de est beneves in the court beneve no electricity of the

A Hundreds of homes in the south west have no electricity after the recent strong winds and heavy rain. In Bournemouth, a three hundred-year-old tree fell on two houses. Fortunately, nobody was at home.

B Last night thieves broke into the city's art gallery and stole two small Van Gogh paintings. Police say that the thieves knew the building and that they were professionals. The night watchman told police that he was watching TV when the robbery took place and that he didn't hear or see anything unusual. C People in a Norfolk village woke up to a surprise this morning. While they were sleeping, students from the local university painted all the grass in the village red. The post office manager said, 'I couldn't believe my eyes when I looked out of the window at 5.30 this morning. I think it is funny, but a lot people don't.' The postman said, 'It was dark when I went to work so I was walking on it before I	 Write a paragraph about a good day in your life. Use your own idea or one of these: your best birthday ever getting a good job passing your exams Use these words in your paragraph: fortunately, while, during, for. 10 points divided between accuracy and content 10 Write the dates in two ways.
saw it – there is red paint on my shoes. I was very angry at the time,	1 1/3/98the first of March, nineteen ninety-eight
but now I can see the funny side of it.'	March the first, nineteen ninety-eight
Write A, B, or C.	2 11/8/02
Which story is about	3 12/10/88
1 a joke? 2 a robbery? 3 bad weather?	
Write short answers.	4 6/2/00
4 Why is there no electricity in the south west?	5 9/7/03
5 Was anyone hurt in Bournemouth?	5 9///03
6 Were the art thieves good at their job?	
7 What was the night watchman doing when the thieves stole the Van Goghs?	2 points for each correct answer 8
8 What were the people doing while the students were	11 Write at, on, in, or X (nothing).
painting the grass red?	1 I get up <u>at</u> 6.30 a.m.2 His birthday's Tuesday.
9 Was the post office manager surprised?	3 We're seeing them next weekend.
10 Did everyone think it was funny?	4 The meeting's 7th July.
11 Could the postman see the grass when he went to work?	5 Why didn't you come to my party last week?
	6 Let's go on holiday the summer.
1 point for each correct answer 11	7 I'm going home early Friday afternoon.
Complete the sentences with <i>during, while,</i> or <i>for.</i>	1 point for each correct answer 6
1 I went sailing <u>during</u> my holiday.	12 Read the questions and write true answers.
2 We got married we were on holiday.	1 When were you born?
3 We lived in Zimbabwe five years.	2 When did you start learning English?
4 We're going on holiday a month this year.	·
5 It is very hot the day.	3 When do you usually go on holiday?
6 we were waiting, we saw some old friends.	A TATL
1 point for each correct answer 5	4 What time do you get up?5 When did you last see a film?
	2 points for each correct answer 10
	TOTAL 100



N	٨	N A	Е	
1.4	м	IVI	Е	

1 Complete the paragraph with the Past Simple form of the verbs in the box.

be bring buy drive go

1111	vite	leave	TITIE	Start	tett			
When	n Mrai	nd Mrs V	Vilson I	(1) wen	t away fo	r the week, the	V	
							•	
(2)		their da	aughter	s at hon	ne. The two	girls (3)	sor	ne
pizzas	and (4)	the	ir friend	s to stay. Ur	nfortunately, th	eir fri	ends
(5)		some w	ine and	d things	quickly (6)	to go	wron	ζ.
Wher	Mrs \	Wilson (7)	her	daughters t	o check they (8	3)	
OK, s	he (9)		loudr	nusic an	d shouting.	She and Mr Wi	lson	
(10)_		_ home	immed	iately ar	nd (11)	the girls' fr	iends	to
leave.								
				1 poir	nt for each c	orrect answer		10

2	Complete the sentences with the Past Continuous form of
	the verbs in brackets.

th	e verbs in brackets					
1	What (do) _were	you _	doing	at 9 o'clock las	t nig	ht?
2	We (not live)		to	ogether last year		
3	(dance)	Jim	w	ith Helen at the	part	y?
4	I (not read)		the	e paper, I (eat)		
		linner.				
		1 po	int for ea	ach correct answer		4

3 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple or Past Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

1	I (not speak) <u>didn't speak</u> to my neighbours until they (introduce) <u>introduced</u> themselves.
2	She (not live) there when I first (meet) her.
3	I (not want) to go out because it (rain)
4	They (make) lunch before I (arrive)
5	The Company Director (wait) in my office when I (get) to work yesterday.
6	He (have) a shower when I (ring)

2 points for each correct answer

10

4 Complete the conversations with the Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Conversation 1
A (1 leave) I <u>left</u> my teenage girls at home last weekend.
B (2 have) they a party?
A No, they didn't, but they (3 forget) to walk the dog. They (4 eat) everything that (5 be) in the fridge and they (6 not wash up)
Conversation 2
A (7 see) you the news last night?
B I (8 not see) the national news but I (9 watch) the local news. Why?
A A reporter (10 speak) to me at the station – (11 be) I on TV?

Say the words. Underline the stressed syllables.						
1	de <u>vel</u> op	4	discussion	7	improve	
2	development	5	organization	8	improvement	
3	discuss	6	organize			
			1 point for each cor	rec	t answer 7	

1 point for each correct answer

10

6 Complete the verbs, adjectives, and nouns in the sentences.

- 1 Did they invite you to their wedding?
- 2 It's __legal for a child to buy cigarettes.
- 3 It's __possible to put your nose in your ear.
- 4 Formula 1 racing is a dang__ sport.
- 5 Seafood is a special in the south west.
- 6 Many men get paid more than women. That's __fair.
- 7 Texting has changed how we communicat__ with other people.
- 8 Her room is very __tidy so she can't find anything.
- 9 I am not very ambitio__ I love working in a shop.
- 10 I __like him because he's rude and unhelpful.
- 11 There's an industr__ area near the airport.

1 point for each correct answer	10

Read the articles and answer the questions.	9 Write a paragraph about a good day in your life. Use your				
A Hundreds of homes in the south west have no electricity after the recent strong winds and heavy rain. In Bournemouth, a three hundred-year-old tree fell on two houses. Fortunately, nobody was at	 own idea or <u>one</u> of these: your best birthday ever getting a good job passing your exams 				
home. B People in a Norfolk village woke up to a surprise this morning.	Use these words in your paragraph: fortunately, while, during, for.				
While they were sleeping, students from the local university painted all the grass in the village red. The post office manager said, 'I	10 points divided between accuracy and content 10				
couldn't believe my eyes when I looked out of the window at 5.30 this morning. I think it is funny, but a lot of people don't.' The	10 Read the questions and write true answers.				
postman said, 'It was dark when I went to work so I was walking on it before I saw it – there is red paint on my shoes. I was very angry at	1 When were you born?				
the time, but now I can see the funny side of it.' C Last night thieves broke into the city's art gallery and stole two small Van Gogh paintings. Police say that the thieves knew the	2 When did you start learning English?				
building and that they were professionals. The night watchman told police that he was watching TV when the robbery took place and	3 When do you usually go on holiday?				
that he didn't hear or see anything unusual.	4 What time do you get up?				
Write A, B, or C.	5 When did you last see a film?				
Which story is about	·				
1 a robbery? 2 bad weather? 3 a joke?	2 points for each correct answer 10				
Write short answers.	11 Write at, on, in, or X (nothing).				
4 Why is there no electricity in the south west?	1 I get up <u>at</u> 6.30 a.m.				
5. W	2 The meeting's Monday.				
5 Was anyone hurt in Bournemouth?	3 Why didn't you come to visit me last year?				
6 What were the people doing while the students were painting the grass red?	4 We're seeing them next week.				
7 Was the post office manager surprised?	5 Let's go on holiday August.				
8 Did everyone think it was funny?	6 My birthday's 5th March.				
9 Could the postman see the grass when he went to work?	1 point for each correct answer 5				
10 Were the art thieves good at their job?	12 Write the dates in two ways.				
11 What was the night watchman doing when the thieves	1 1/3/98 the first of March, nineteen ninety-eight				
stole the Van Goghs?	March the first, nineteen ninety-eight				
1 point for each correct answer 11	2 2/6/03				
Complete the sentences with <i>during</i> , <i>while</i> , or <i>for</i> .	3 7/9/00				
1 I went sailing <u>during</u> my holiday.					
2 We met we were at university.	4 8/11/02				
3 We lived in Zanzibar two years.					
4 We're going away two months this year.	5 10/12/88				
5 It is very hot the day.					
6 we were waiting, we saw some old friends.	2 points for each correct answer 8				
1 point for each correct answer 5	TOTAL 100				

7



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10

NAME:

1 (Circle) the correct word(s) in each sentence.

- 1 How (much)/ many money have you got?
- 2 I'd like any / some sugar.
- 3 Have you got a few / a little time?
- 4 Can you give me some / any cake, please?
- 5 He's got anything / something for you.
- 6 How many / much students are in your class?
- 7 I hate this town. There is *nothing / something* to do.
- 8 The milks are / milk is cold.
- 9 Have you got some / any chocolate?
- 10 There are a few / a little flowers in the garden.
- 11 There isn't *some | any* coffee in the cupboard.

1 point for each correct answer	1

so	me or any?
1	There are <u>some</u> new students in my class.
2	Is there tea?
3	I don't think there is red wine.
4	We need fruit.
m	uch or many?
5	How brothers have you got?
6	How were your jeans?
7	Were there people in the cinema?
8	Fifty pence isn't for a cup of coffee.
a	little, a few, or a lot of?
9	There's milk in the fridge – but not much.
10	I have friends in Athens because I worked
	there for ten years.
11	The drive to Nice takes hours. Two or three.

7	_				•	. 1	
•	(amn	1646 1	the	words	ın	the	sentences.

Co	Complete the words in the sentences.				
no	o, any, or every?				
1	It was a delicious meal – <u>every</u> one enjoyed it.				
2	I can't findone to answer my question.				
3	one likes getting bad news.				
4	I'm bored. There'sthing to do.				
5	She toldone my secret. I was angry with her.				

1 point for each correct answer

th	ing, where, or one?
6	Are you going some nice for your holiday?
7	No wants to go out with me tonight.
8	Did you buy any at the shops?
9	I looked every, but I didn't find it.
10	Every knows Kylie Minogue.
1	There's no on TV tonight.
	1 point for each correct answer 10
Co	omplete the conversation with the words in the box.
	a lot of any (x2) anything everyone many some something nothing
Α	How (1) <u>many</u> people are coming to the party?
	Well, there are (2) my friends from work –
	about twenty-five.
A	Have we got (3) for them to drink?
В	There's (4) wine and beer in the fridge.
A	That isn't enough. I'll go to the supermarket. Have you got (5) money?
В	Have a look in my purse.
A	There's (6) in your purse! I'll use my credit card. Do we need (7) bags of crisps?
В	No, we don't. There are twelve bags in the cupboard.
A	OK, I'll go to the supermarket now.
В	I've just remembered (8) – (9) is arriving at 6.00 so you need to hurry.
	1 point for each correct answer 8
	T point for each correct distret
Co	orrect the sentences.
1	They've got two children, a girl and the boy.
	They've got two children, a girl and a boy.
2	That's their house. A one with the pretty garden.
3	My aunt has shop in Cambridge.
4	Money can't buy you the love.
5	I'd like loaf of bread, please.
6	I'm driving one VW this week.
	1 point for each correct answer 5

NAME:			

6 Where can you buy these things? Put the words in the correct columns.

carrot cake doughnuts dress espresso jumper make-up shampoo soap tie tissues

a chemist's	a café	a clothes shop
1 <u>make-up</u>	5	8
2	6	9
3	7	10
4		

1 point for each correct answer

_		9	
---	--	---	--

10

7 Write the plurals.

6 person ___

1	boy <u>boys</u>	7	sandwich
2	glass		size
3	city	9	potato
4	key	10	tooth
5	fich	11	woman

1 point for each correct answer

8 Read the information. Write *OS* (Oxford Street), *CM* (Camden Market), or CS (Carnaby Street).

Carnaby Street was a famous London street in the 1960s when the Beatles were young and Britain was the centre of pop and fashion. Unfortunately, it is now a place for tourists where there isn't much to buy except postcards and badly-made souvenirs.

Oxford Street in central London is world-famous for its shops. However, many tourists find it isn't very interesting: the shops near Marble Arch are large department stores selling mass-produced things and at the other end of the street there are smaller shops selling cheap clothes and electrical goods.

Camden Market is in a fashionable area of north London. More than 9 million visitors go there every year. The market is open all week but it is busiest at the weekends. If you don't mind being with lots of people, it's great walking along the streets looking at the jewellery, clothes, and antique stalls. There are lots of small specialist shops and stalls selling interesting things from all over the world, so make sure you have lots of time to look around.

Which shopping area(s) ...

1 was fashionable forty years ago? ___

- 3 sells things for tourists?
- 4 sells cheap clothes and CD players? ____
- 5 is very busy on Saturday and Sunday?
- 6 are disappointing for visitors? ___, __
- 7 has things for sale in the streets? ___
- 8 is fashionable now? ___
- 9 sells more unusual things? ___

2 points for each correct answer

18

9 Complete the form with information about you.

PLEASE WRITE IN CAPITAL LETTERS		
Mr/Mrs/Ms (delete where not applicable)		
Family name	Home address	
First name/s		
Date of birth	Occupation	
Nationality	Languages	
Marital status	Signature	

1 point for each correct piece of information, 2 for following the instructions correctly

12

10 Put the two conversations in the correct order.

In a clothes shop

- <u>1</u> Hello, can I help you?
- ___ Here you are.
- ___ What size are you?
- _ That's great. Can I try it on, please?
- Yes, I'm looking for a dress like this in red, please.
- __ Small.

In a chemist's

- 1 I wonder if you could help me. I've got a cold.
- ___ Thank you. And I need some tissues, please.
- Of course. You should take two of these three times a day.
- Sure. Do you need anything for your throat?
- _5 No, nothing else, thanks.

1 point for each correct answer

	8
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 Circle the correct words in each sentence. How much / many money have you got? The milk is / milks are cold. Has he got some / any coffee? There are a little / a few cakes in the cupboard. There isn't some / any chocolate in the fridge. How much / many people work in your office? This town is so boring! There is nowhere / somewhere to go in the evenings. I'd like some / any wine. Have you got a few / a little time? Can you give me some / any sugar, please? They've got anything / something for you. 	 6 He has friends in Rome because he worked there for ten years. 7 There's milk in the fridge so we can have a coffee. much or many? 8 How sisters have you got? 9 Are there students in your class? 10 How were your shoes? 11 Eighty pence isn't for an orange juice. 1 point for each correct answer 4 Complete the words in the sentences. no, any, or every?
1 point for each correct answer 10 2 Use the words in the box to complete the conversation.	 It was a delicious meal – <u>every</u> one enjoyed it. He told one it was my birthday! I'm bored. There's thing to do.
a lot of any (x2) anything everyone many some something nothing A How (1)many_ people are coming to the party? B Well, there are (2) my friends – about thirty. A Have we got (3) to drink? B There's (4) wine and beer in the fridge. A We need orange juice, too. I'll go and buy some. Have you got (5) money?	 4one likes getting up early. 5 Canone answer my question?
B Have a look in my purse. A There's (6) in your purse! I'll use my credit card. Do we need (7) bags of crisps?	11 She looked every, but she didn't find it. 1 point for each correct answer
B No, we don't. There are twelve bags in the cupboard. A OK, I'll go to the shop now. B I've just remembered (8) (9) is arriving at 6.00 so you need to hurry.	 5 Correct the sentences. 1 They've got two children, a girl and the boy. They've got two children, a girl and a boy. 2 Money can't buy you the love. 3 My mum has house in Cambridge.
3 Complete the sentences. some or any?	4 That's their house. A one with the red door.
1 There are <u>some</u> new students in my class.2 I don't think there is fruit.	5 I'm driving one BMW this week.
3 Is there red wine? 4 We need tea.	6 I'd like loaf of bread, please.
a little, a few, or a lot of?	1 point for each correct answer

or four.

5 The journey to London takes _____ hours. Three

6	Write the plurals.	6 has things for sale in the streets?		
•	1 boy <u>boys</u> 7 person	7 are disappointing for visitors?,		
	2 key 8 potato	8 sells more unusual things?		
	3 fish 9 size	9 is fashionable now?		
	4 glass 10 woman	2		
	5 city 11 tooth	2 points for each correct answer 18		
	6 sandwich			
	o sandwich	9 Complete the form with information about you.		
	1 point for each correct answer 10	PLEASE WRITE IN CAPITAL LETTERS		
7	Where can you buy these things? Write <i>chemist's</i> , <i>café</i> , or <i>clothes shop</i> .	Mr/Mrs/Ms (delete where not applicable) Family name First name/s		
	1 carrot cake <u>café</u> 6 make-up	Date of birth		
	2 doughnuts 7 soap	Nationality		
	3 dress 8 shampoo	Marital status		
	4 espresso 9 tie	Home address		
	5 jumper 10 tissues	Occupation		
	,	Languages		
	1 point for each correct answer 9	Signature		
8	Read the information. Write OS (Oxford Street), CM (Camden Market), or CS (Carnaby Street). Carnaby Street was a famous London street in the 1960s when the Beatles were young and Britain was the centre of pop and fashion. Unfortunately, it is now a place for tourists where there isn't much to buy except postcards and badly-made souvenirs.	1 point for each correct piece of information, 2 for following the instructions correctly 10 Put the two conversations in the correct order. In a clothes shop		
	Camden Market is in a fashionable area of north London. More than	1 Hello, can I help you?		
	9 million visitors go there every year. The market is open all week but	Small.		
	it is busiest at the weekends. If you don't mind being with lots of	 Yes. I'm looking for a dress like this in red, please. That's great. Can I try it on, please? What size are you? Here you are. 		
	people, it's great walking along the streets looking at the jewellery,			
	clothes, and antique stalls. There are lots of small specialist shops and stalls selling interesting things from all over the world, so make			
	sure you have lots of time to look around.			
	Oxford Street in central London is world-famous for its shops.	<u>7</u> Of course. The changing rooms are over there.		
	However, many tourists find it isn't very interesting: the shops near	In a chemist's		
	Marble Arch are large department stores selling mass-produced	1 I wonder if you could help me. I've got a cold.Sure. Do you need anything for your throat?		
	things and at the other end of the street there are smaller shops selling cheap clothes and electrical goods.			
	setting cheap ciotnes and electrical goods.	Of course. You can take two of these three times a day.		
	Which shopping area(s)	Thank you. And I need some tissues, please.		
	1 was fashionable forty years ago?	<u>5</u> No, nothing else, thanks.		
	2 sells things for tourists?	I point for each correct answer		
	3 has lots of big shops?	1 point for each correct answer 8		
	4 is very busy on Saturday and Sunday?	TOTAL 100		
	5 sells cheap clothes and CD players?	100		
	· · · —			



• Check the confect verb form	1	(Circle) the	correct	verb	form
-------------------------------	---	--------------	---------	------	------

- 1 They *like to / (like*) swimming.
- 2 I decided to / decided take the job.
- 3 We'd like / We like dancing.
- 4 He's looking forward to see / seeing his grandchildren.
- 5 Do you wanting / want to have a party?
- 6 I'd like / I like to live in Spain when I retire.
- 7 Would you like *learning* / *to learn* another language?
- 8 We hope / hoping to get married next year.
- 9 She's thinking of to buy / buying a new car.
- 10 He can't read / reading he's only a baby.

point for each correct answer	9
•	

2 Circle the correct letter.

- 1 a Do you like mineral water?
- **(b)** Would you like some mineral water? Yes, please. I'm very thirsty.
- 2 a What sort of films do you like?
 - **b** Which film would you like to see? Romances and comedies.
- 3 **a** Where do you like going on holiday?
 - **b** Would you like to go on holiday next month? I'd love to but I'm too busy.
- 4 a I'd like to visit Australia one day.
 - **b** I like Australia.

Yes, I would too.

1 point for each correct answer		3
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3	Complete the sentences with the correct will or going to
	form of the verbs in brackets

1	'I've got a lot of cleaning to do.' 'Don't worry, I (help)
	<u>'ll help</u> you.'
2	They moved house because they (have)

- 2 They moved house because they (have) ____ another baby.
- 3 'I must give Henry his present.' 'I (take) _____ it, I (see) _____ him later today.
- 4 'What time is the supermarket open on Sunday?' 'I don't know. I (do) _____ the shopping later so I (ask) _____
- 5 Don't come and meet me I (not get) lost.

6	'Sally got a new job yesterday.' 'That's good news – I (ring) and congratulate her.'			
7	'Are you free this evening?' 'No, we (visit) Jon's parents.'			
8	Keith went to work in Asia last month so I (not see) him for a long time.			
9	(telephone) you a friend after this lesson?			
	1 point for each correct answer 10			

4 Complete the words in the paragraph.

We (1) a <u>re</u> go <u>ing</u> t <u>o</u> Australia next January. We both
(2) lo diving so we plan to spend the first two weeks at
the Barrier Reef. After that, we (3) a fly to Sydney
(4) t vi my cousins. We (5) ha some old friends in
Perth and we are going to see them too. We (6) wat_
tra by train from one side of the country to the other. I
(7) a go t lo on the Internet to (8) fi o how
long the journey takes.

2 points for each correct answer		14
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5 Complete the phrases with *have*, *go*, or *come*.

1	<u>have</u> a party	7	no time
2	a sore throat	8	news for you
3	out shopping	9	dreams true
4	to your English lesson	10	here and speak to me
5	and see us	11	on holiday
6	far		

1 point for each correct answer	1

6 Complete the conversation with the correct form of *have*, go, or come.

A	We're (1) having	a party at the end of term. Do you	l
	want to (2)	?	

- **B** Yes, great. Who is (3) _____ to bring the music?
- **A** Gina. She's a DJ so she (4) _____ all the equipment.
- **B** That's good. Are the students in other classes (5) _____? A No, they're not. I was (6) _____ to invite them but
- they are (7) _____ a meal together. **B** That's unfortunate. I like (8) _____ to parties with

lots of people – I think you can (9) _____ more fun.

	П
1 point for each correct answer	

NAME:			

7 Read what Janey and Silvio write about their parents. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

My parents are great. They are very fair and they always discuss things with us. Dad worries about his little girls but Mum likes to give us enough freedom to learn from our mistakes. The only rule is that I must tell them where I'm going and who I am with. I think my parents have got it right: they are interested in us but they don't want to control us.

Janey 16

My parents were too careful - they worried about me and my two brothers all the time. Our parents both had terrible childhoods so they wanted ours to be perfect. Every minute of our lives was spent doing expensive things – we never got time to be kids just playing on our bikes in the street. What they don't understand is that we didn't want our childhood to be perfect – we wanted it to be normal. We were spoilt and I don't think they taught us the value of working for things. I learned that when I left home and started to spend my own money! Silvio 21

1	Janey	likes	her	parents.	
---	-------	-------	-----	----------	--

- 2 She's got a brother. ___
- 3 Her parents listen to her ideas. ___
- 4 Her mother worries a lot about her daughters.
- 5 Her parents have lots of rules. ___
- 6 Her parents give her enough freedom. ___
- 7 Silvio's parents gave him enough freedom. ___
- 8 He's got brothers. ___
- 9 His parents had happy childhoods. ___
- 10 His childhood was always busy. ___
- 11 His parents spent a lot of money on their children. ___
- 12 His childhood was perfect.
- 13 His parents didn't teach him the value of things.

2 points for each correct answer

8 Imagine you are on holiday. Make notes in the table.

Where are you?	
What's the weather like?	
Where are you staying?	
What did you do yesterday?	
What are you going to do later today?	

Use your notes to write a postcard about your holiday. Use some of these adjectives: lovely, terrible, comfortable, small, old.

12 points divided between accuracy and content

12

9 Read 1–5. Match them with a comment and a reply.

- 1 I feel very nervous. 9 c
- 2 I think that fish was bad. ___ __
- 3 He's fed up with his job.
- 4 I'm very tired. ____
- 5 How are you feeling? ____

COMMENT

- 6 I'm working every evening because I've got an exam on Friday.
- 7 You look much better.
- 8 I don't feel very well.
- 9 I'm getting married tomorrow.
- 10 It's really boring.

REPLY

- a Poor you. Why don't you go to bed?
- b Why doesn't he look for a new one?
- c Congratulations! I'm sure you'll have a lovely day.
- d Yes, I am thanks. I stayed in bed for two days and it helped.
- e Good luck!

1 point for each correct answer

8

TOTAL



- 1 Circle the correct letter.
 - 1 a Do you like mineral water? **(b)** Would you like some mineral water? Yes, please. I'm very thirsty.
 - 2 **a** Which books would you like to read?
 - **b** What sort of books do you like? Romances and comedies.
 - 3 a Would you like to go out later?
 - **b** Where do you like going out? I'd love to but I'm too busy.
 - 4 a I'd like to live in the US one day.
 - **b** I like the US. Yes, I would too.

3

2 Circle the correct verb form.

- 1 They like to /(like) swimming.
- 2 We'd like / We like travelling.
- 3 I decided / decided to take the job.
- 4 He can't read / reading he's only a baby.
- 5 She's looking forward to see / seeing her grandchildren.
- 6 Do you wanting / want to have a party?
- 7 *I'd like / I like* to learn another language.
- 8 We *hope / hoping* to have a child next year.
- 9 Would you like *living / to live* in Spain?
- 10 He's thinking of to buy / buying a house.

	$\overline{}$	
1 point for each correct answer		9

3 Complete the words in the paragraph.

We (1) a <u>re</u> go <u>ing</u> t <u>o</u> Australia next January. We both (2) lo diving
so we plan to spend the first two weeks at the Barrier Reef. After that, $$
we (3) a fly to Sydney (4) t vi my cousins. We (5) ha
some old friends in Perth and we are going to see them too. We (6)
wa $_$ t $_$ tra $_$ by train from one side of the country to the other.
I (7) a go t lo on the Internet to (8) fi o how long
the journey takes.

2 points for each correct answer	14
2 points for each correct answer	14

4	Complete the sentences with the correct will or going to
	form of the verbs in brackets.

1	'I've got a lot of cleaning to do.' Don't worry, I (help) 'Il help you.'
2	'I must give Sally her present.' 'I (take)
	it, I (see) her later today.
3	She moved house because she (have) another baby.
4	'Is the supermarket open on Sunday?' 'I don't know. I (do) the shopping later so I (ask)'
5	'Are you free this weekend?' 'No, we (visit) Keith's parents.'
6	Jon went to work in Australia last month so I (not see) him for a long time.
7	Don't come and meet me – I (not get)lost.
8	'Henry got a new job yesterday.' 'That's good news – I (ring) and congratulate him.'
9	(telephone) you Paola after this lesson?
	1 point for each correct answer 10

5	Complete the conversation with the correct form of have, go,
	or come.

A We're (1) <u>having</u> a party at the end of term. Do you

	want to (2)?	
В	Yes, great. Are the students in other classes (3)	_ ?
A	No, they're not. I was (4) to invite them but they are (5) a meal together.	
В	That's unfortunate. I like (6) to parties with lots of people – I think you can (7) more fun. Who is (8) to bring the music?	
A	Gina. She's a DJ so she (9) all the equipment.	

r	
1 point for each correct answer	8

6 Complete the phrases with *have*, *go*, or *come*.

Ι.	Have	_ a party
2 .		_ far
3 .		on holiday
4 .		out shopping
5 .		to your English lesson
6		and see us

7 a sore throat	8 Imagine you are on holiday. Make notes in the table.		
8 no time			
9 here and speak to me	Where are you? What's the weather like?		
10 news for you	Where are you staying?		
11 dreams true	What did you do yesterday?		
1 point for each correct answer 10	What are you going to do later today?		
Read what Silvio and Janey write about their parents. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?	Use your notes to write a postcard about your holiday. Use <u>some</u> of these adjectives: <i>lovely, small, terrible, comfortable, old.</i>		
My parents were too careful – they worried about me and my two brothers all the time. Our parents both had terrible childhoods so they wanted ours to be perfect. Every minute of our lives was spent doing expensive things – we never got time to be kids just playing on	12 points divided between accuracy and content		
our bikes in the street. What they don't understand is that we didn't	9 Read 1–5. Match them with a comment and a reply.		
want our childhood to be perfect – we wanted it to be normal. We	1 I feel very nervous. <u>9</u> <u>c</u>		
were spoilt and I don't think they taught us the value of working for things. I learned that when I left home and started to spend my own	2 I think that fish was bad		
money!	3 He's fed up with his job		
Silvio 21	4 I'm very tired		
My parents are great. They are very fair and they always discuss	5 How are you feeling?		
things with us. Dad worries about his little girls but Mum likes to give	COMMENT		
us enough freedom to learn from our mistakes. The only rule is that I must tell them where I'm going and who I am with. I think my parents	6 You look much better.		
have got it right: they are interested in us but they don't want to	7 It's really boring.		
control us.	8 I don't feel very well.		
Janey 16	9 I'm getting married tomorrow.		
1 Silvio's parents gave him enough freedom.	10 I'm working every evening because I've got an exam on Friday.		
2 He's got brothers.	REPLY		
3 His parents had happy childhoods.4 His childhood was always busy.	a Yes, I am thanks. I stayed in bed for two days and it		
5 His parents spent a lot of money on their children	helped.		
6 His childhood was perfect.	b Good luck!		
7 His parents didn't teach him the value of things.	c Congratulations! I'm sure you'll have a lovely day.		
8 Janey likes her parents.	d Poor you. Why don't you go to bed?		
9 She's got a brother.	e Why doesn't he look for a new one?		
	1 point for each correct answer 8		
	TOTAL 100		
12 Her parents have lots of rules			
13 Her parents give her enough freedom.			
2 points for each correct answer 26			



1	Match the questions and answers.	8 It's 35°C in Milan and Athens. Milan is (hot)Athens.
	1 What are her paintings like? <u>e</u>	9 It's –15°C in Chicago and –20°C in Stockholm.
	2 Did you like the play?	Chicago is not (cold) Stockholm.
	3 What does your boyfriend like?	10 'How's your cold?' 'I'm (good) now,
	4 What was the play like?	thank you.'
	5 What's your boyfriend like?	11 His second wife is (bad) than the first!
	6 Does anyone like her paintings?	1 point for each correct answer 10
	a Yes, they are very popular.	,
	b It was OK but it was a bit sad.	4 Complete the verbs in the phrases.
	c No, I didn't. It was boring.	1 b <u>uy</u> stocks and shares
	d He's very kind and he's got a sense of humour.	2 m a will
	e The ones in the National Gallery are interesting.	3 in a lot of money from someone
	f Cars and motorbikes.	4 in money in stocks and shares
	1 point for each correct answer 5	5 ar a thief
	,	6 amp a leg
2	Write the questions. Use What like? / like.	7 li in poverty
	A (1) <u>Did</u> you <u>like</u> Amsterdam?	8 op a bank account
	B Yes, we liked it very much.	9 sp a child
	A (2)	10 we ragged clothes
	B It's smaller than London so it's easy to find places.	
	A (3) the food?	1 point for each correct answer 9
	B Yes, I did, but I like Spanish and Italian food more.	
	b 163, 1 did, but 1 like opanish and Italian 100d more.	Francisco I example to the contract of the con
	A (4) it?	5 Match the words in A with a synonym in B and an antonym in C
	A (4) it? B It's a bit like British and German food – meat,	5 Match the words in A with a synonym in B and an antonym in C .
	 A (4) it? B It's a bit like British and German food – meat, potatoes, and vegetables. And lots of cheese! 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	 A (4) it? B It's a bit like British and German food – meat, potatoes, and vegetables. And lots of cheese! A (5) the countryside ? 	in C.
	 A (4) it? B It's a bit like British and German food – meat, potatoes, and vegetables. And lots of cheese! A (5) the countryside ? B It's flat! It's the flattest place I've ever been to. 	in C . A B C 1 fed up rich horrible wonderful old
	A (4) it ? B It's a bit like British and German food – meat, potatoes, and vegetables. And lots of cheese! A (5) the countryside ? B It's flat! It's the flattest place I've ever been to. A Where did you stay? (6) your hotel ?	in C . A B C 1 fed up rich horrible wonderful old swealthy bored poor
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	A (4) it? B It's a bit like British and German food – meat, potatoes, and vegetables. And lots of cheese! A (5) the countryside ? B It's flat! It's the flattest place I've ever been to. A Where did you stay? (6) your hotel ? B It was quite small but nice and very central. I point for each correct answer 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjectives in brackets. 1 She is (heavy) heavier than her brother. 2 It's (beautiful) building in Paris.	in C. A B C 1 fed up rich horrible wonderful old swealthy bored poor tidy for messy interested 1 point for each correct answer 8
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	A (4) it? B It's a bit like British and German food – meat, potatoes, and vegetables. And lots of cheese! A (5) the countryside ? B It's flat! It's the flattest place I've ever been to. A Where did you stay? (6) your hotel ? B It was quite small but nice and very central. I point for each correct answer 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjectives in brackets. 1 She is (heavy) heavier than her brother. 2 It's (beautiful) building in Paris. 3 He's (good) student in the class. 4 This is (bad) meal I've ever had.	in C. A B C 1 fed up rich horrible 2 untidy wonderful old 3 wealthy bored poor 4 brilliant new tidy 5 modern messy interested 1 point for each correct answer 8 6 Correct the sentences. 1 She is more elever than her sister. eleverer 2 It's the most good city in the world. 3 Bologna is the older university in Europe. 4 A car is most expensive than a bicycle.
	A (4) it? B It's a bit like British and German food – meat, potatoes, and vegetables. And lots of cheese! A (5) the countryside ? B It's flat! It's the flattest place I've ever been to. A Where did you stay? (6) your hotel ? B It was quite small but nice and very central. I point for each correct answer 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjectives in brackets. 1 She is (heavy) heavier than her brother. 2 It's (beautiful) building in Paris. 3 He's (good) student in the class. 4 This is (bad) student in the class.	in C. A B C 1 fed up rich horrible 2 untidy wonderful old 3 wealthy bored poor 4 brilliant new tidy 5 modern messy interested 1 point for each correct answer 8 6 Correct the sentences. 1 She is more clever than her sister. cleverer 2 It's the most good city in the world. 3 Bologna is the older university in Europe
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	NAME:
7 Write polite replies.	9 Join the sentences with <i>who</i> , <i>that</i> , or <i>which</i> .
1 His wife is so boring! Yes, <i>she's not very interesting</i> .	1 I know a woman. She lives on a boat.
2 That cat's stupid. Yes,	I know a woman who lives on a boat.
3 Their house is dirty. Yes,	2 I stayed in a hotel. It was in the centre of the city.
4 They are very mean. Yes,	
5 It was a horrible present. Yes,	3 Ken is a teacher. He lives in Barcelona.
6 She's always rude. Yes,	4. I hought same shoes Thou were in a sale
1 point for each correct answer 5	4 I bought some shoes. They were in a sale.
	5 Katy knows my sister. My sister works in a bank.
8 Read the letter. Circle the correct answers.	
Lane House Netherbourne Road	1 point for each correct answer 4
Ambridge Dear All,	10 Make some notes about a town or village you know well. Answer these questions:
As you can see from the address, we are now in our new home! We got the keys last Thursday and moved in on Friday. It was the coldest day of the year, so we didn't	What's it called and where is it? What's it like? What's the countryside like? Where do people work? Are there any famous buildings?
enjoy it very much. The new house has got five bedrooms, so it's a lot	Write a paragraph about the town or village.
bigger than the old one. All our furniture looks very small and we keep losing the kids. We moved so the boys can	10 points divided between accuracy and content 10
have a bedroom each now they are getting older, and it's great having a spare room for visitors. Mike's parents	11 Complete the directions.
very generously gave us some money when we moved so l	Go (1) d <i>own</i> the road and walk (2) p the post
think they will be our first guests.	office. At the end of the road, go (3) o the bridge
One thing that is worse than the old place is the	and walk (4) ac the main road to the pub. Turn
garden – the new one is smaller and it is very untidy. However, there's a park across the road so the boys can	left (5) bet the pub and the bookshop, walk (6) th the station car park and you're there.
play football there. I can see the park from the front	(o) th the station can park and you're there.
windows so I won't worry about them.	2 points for each correct answer 10
We're having a house warming party	•
1. This is a(n) formal/informallotter	12 Translate the sentences.
1 This is a(n) formal / informal letter. 2 It is a letter to lets of people / one person	1 Go along this road. The greengrocer's is opposite the
2 It is a letter to lots of people / one person.3 The letter is about moving house / the children.	chemist's.
<u> </u>	2 'Where's the pond?' 'It's in the park behind the library.'
4 The writer is married with children / single with no family.	
5 The old house was <i>bigger smaller</i> .	3 The pub is between the baker's and the bank.
6 The old house had <i>more / fewer</i> bedrooms.	
7 Mike's parents are going to <i>visit / live with</i> them.	4 There's a bridge over the river.
8 The old garden was worse / better.	5 Go across the road, the station is on the corner.
9 She <i>will / won't</i> send the boys to the park alone.	Go across the road, the station is on the corner.
10 They had / are going to have a party.	
	2 points for each correct answer 10
2 points for each correct answer 20	TOTAL 100



1		omplete the sentences with the correct form of the	4	W	rite the
		ljectives in brackets.		A	(1)
		She is (heavy) <u>heavier than</u> her brother.		B	Yes, w
	2	It's 40°C in Seville and Rome. Seville is (hot) Rome.		A	(2)
	3	It's –15°C in Chicago and –20°C in Stockholm.		В	It's sn
	,	Chicago isn't (cold) Stockholm.		A	When
	4	'How's your mum?' 'She's (good)		B	It was
		now, thanks.'			(4)
		His second wife is (bad) than the first!			It's fla
	6	It's (beautiful) town in France.			(5)
	7	He's (bad) student in the class.			Yes, I
	8	This is (good) meal I've ever had!			(6)
	9	He was born in May and she was born in June 1988, so she isn't (old) him.		В	It's a potat
	10	Of course £100 is (expensive) \$100!			
	11	The girls are noisy but the boys are (noisy)			
		1 point for each correct answer 10	5	Ma in	atch th C .
2	Co	orrect the sentences.			A
		She is more clever than her sister cleverer		1	fed u
		The older university in Europe is Bologna.		2	untid
	_			3	wealt
	3	London is more wet than Rome		4	brillia
	4	It's the most good museum in the world.		5	mode
	5	A coffee is most expensive than a tea			
		1 point for each correct answer 4	6	Co	mplet
3	М	atch the questions and answers.		1	b <u>uy</u>
	1	What are her paintings like? <u>e</u>		2	in
	2	Did you like the play?		3	ar
	3	What does your boyfriend like?		4	m
	4	What was the play like?		5	in
	5	What's your boyfriend like?		6	amp_
	6	Does anyone like her paintings?		7	sp
	a	He's very kind and he's got a sense of humour.		8	we
		Cars and motorbikes.		9	li
	c d	It was OK but it was a bit miserable. No, I didn't. It was boring.		10	op
	e f	The ones in the National Gallery are interesting.			

1 point for each correct answer

W	Write the questions. Use What like? / like.					
A	(1) <u>Did</u> you <u>like</u> Amsterdam?					
В	Yes, we liked it very much.					
A	(2) Amsterdam ?					
В	It's smaller than London, so it's easy to find places.					
A	Where did you stay? (3) your hotel?					
В	It was quite small, but central.					
A	(4) the countryside ?					
В	It's flat! It's the flattest place I've ever been to.					
A	(5) the food?					
В	Yes, I did, but I like Spanish and Italian food more.					
A	(6) it?					
В	It's a bit like British and German food – meat, potatoes, and vegetables. And lots of cheese!					
	1 point for each correct answer 5					

ne words in **A** with a synonym in **B** and an antonym

A	В	С
1 fed up	rich	poor
2 untidy	new	tidy
3 wealthy	messy	horrible
4 brilliant	wonderful	old
5 modern	bored —	— interested

1 point for each correct answer

	8

te the verbs in the phrases.

1	b <u>uy</u> stocks and shares
2	in money in stocks and shares
3	ara thief
4	m a will
5	in a lot of money from someone
	amp a leg
6	·
6 7	ampa leg
6 7 8	amp a leg sp a child

1 point for each correct answer

	NAME:
7 Write polite replies.	9 Join the sentences with <i>who</i> , <i>that</i> , or <i>which</i> .
1 His wife is so boring! Yes, <u>she's not very interesting</u>	. 1 I know a woman. She lives on a boat.
2 That dog's stupid. Yes,	I know a woman who lives on a boat.
3 Their car is dirty. Yes,	2 Susi knows my sister. My sister lives in Barcelona.
4 He is very mean. Yes,	
5 It was a really horrible day. Yes,	3 I stayed in a hotel. It was out of the city.
6 They're always rude. Yes,	4 Ken is a doctor. He works in Barcelona.
1 point for each correct answer 5	5 I bought some shoes. They were in a sale.
8 Read the letter. Circle the correct answers.	1 point for each correct answer 4
Lane House Netherbourne Road Ambridge	10 Make some notes about a town or village you know well. Answer these questions.
Dear All, As you can see from the address, we are now in our new home! We	What's it called and where is it? What's it like? What's the countryside like? Where do people work? Are there any famous buildings?
got the keys last Thursday and moved in on Friday. It was the hottest day of the year, so we didn't enjoy it very much.	Write a paragraph about the town or village.
The new house has got five bedrooms, so it's a lot bigger than the old one. All our furniture looks very small and we keep losing the kids. We moved so the girls can have a bedroom each now they are getting older, and it's great having a spare room for visitors. Jack's brother very generously gave us some money when we moved so I	 10 points divided between accuracy and content 11 Translate the sentences. 1 Go along this road. The greengrocer's is opposite the chemist's.
think he will be our first guest. One thing that is worse than the old place is the garden – the new one is smaller and it is very untidy. However, there's a park across	2 The pub is between the baker's and the bank.
the road so the girls can play there on their bikes. I can see the park from the front windows so I won't worry about them.	3 'Where's the pond?' 'It's in the park behind the library.'
We're having a house warming party on the 22nd of next month	4 Go across the road, the station is on the corner.
1 This is a(n) formal / informal letter.	- m
2 It is a letter to lots of people / one person.	5 There's a bridge over the river.
3 The letter is about <i>moving house / the children</i> .	
4 The writer is married with children / single with no family.	2 points for each correct answer 10
5 The old house was <i>bigger / smaller</i> .	12 Complete the directions.
6 The old house had <i>more / fewer</i> bedrooms.	Go (1) <u>down</u> the road. Turn left (2) bet the pub and the
7 Jack's brother is going to <i>visit / live with</i> them.	bookshop and walk (3) p the post office. At the end of the
8 The old garden was worse / better.	road, go (4) o the bridge and walk (5) ac the main road
9 She <i>will / won't</i> send the girls to the park alone.	to the bank. Walk (6) t the station car park and you're there.
10 They had / are going to have a party.	2 points for each correct answer 10
2 points for each correct answer 2	_



1	Circle the correct verb forms.	3	Complete the idioms.
	1 I didn't live / haven't lived with my parents since 1992.		1 fi <i>sh</i> and ch <i>ips</i> 4 u and do
	2 <i>Did Have</i> you ever written a short story?		2 lad and gent 5 sa and pep
	3 It's the world's biggest selling record. Sixty million people <i>bought / have bought</i> it.		3 n and th 6 pea and qu
	4 Titanic only sailed / has sailed once.		1 point for each correct answer 5
	5 Have you <i>been go</i> to Peru?		
	6 'Did you meet / Have you met my wife?' 'No, I didn't.'	4	Complete the paragraph with the Present Perfect form of the verbs in the box.
	1 point for each correct answer 5		be (x2) not argue not hear live not put think want win work write
2	Complete the conversations with the Present Simple, Present Perfect, or Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets. Conversation 1		(1) <u>Have</u> you ever <u>thought</u> about the people behind songs we hear every day? Ned Harris has. He (2) a
			song writer for more than 30 years. In his career he (3)
	A (1 eat) <u>Have</u> you ever <u>eaten</u> Thai food? B Yes, I have.		more than 300 songs and he (4) with some of the world's most famous vocalists.
	A (2 like) <u>Did</u> you <u>like</u> it?		
	B Yes, I did. I (3 like) it a lot because it was spicy.		We asked Ned some questions.
	Conversation 2		Q 'People (5) your name. Why is that?' A 'I love writing songs, but I (6) never to
	A Where (4 live) you and your wife ?		be famous. That's the superstar's job.'
	B We have a flat near the station.		Q '(7) you any gold discs?' A 'Yes, I have. I've got twenty – but I (8) them on
	A How long (5 live) youthere?		my office wall.'
	B Since we (6 get) married in 2002. Before that,		Q 'How long (9) you married?'
	we both (7 live) at home with our parents.		A 'Suzie and I (10) together since the day we met in a recording studio twenty years ago. We got married
	Conversation 3		two weeks after we met – and we (11) in twenty
	A (8 read) you novels?		years.'
	B Yes, I do.		2 points for each correct answer 20
	A (9 read) you ever an American novel?		2 points for each correct answer
	B Yes, I (10 read) The Great Gatsby at school.	5	Complete the sentences with the adverbs in the box.
	Conversation 4	•	Complete the sentences with the adverbs in the box.
	A (climb) you ever a mountain?		carefully just of course only still together
	B No, I haven't. Have you?		1 Hold the baby <i>carefully</i> .
	A Yes, I have. I (12 climb) Ben Nevis last year.		2 They danced all night.
	Conversation 5		3 They are in love after forty years together.
	A (13 fly) you ever in a balloon?		4 They have celebrated their anniversary.
	B Yes, I have. I (14 fly) in one on my 21st birthday.		5 I have a job – I need the money.
	A What (15 be) it like?		6 He works for six months a year.
	B I loved it, but I (16 not do) it since.		
	1 point for each correct answer 14		1 point for each correct answer 5

NAME:			

6 Put the nouns in the correct columns.

athlete	aunt	bride	bridegroom	COL	ısin	mada	ım
model	nephew	niece	professor	sir	teer	nager	uncle

women	men	both
(1) <u>aunt</u>	(5)	(9)
(2)	(6)	(10)
(3)	(7)	(11)
(4)	(8)	(12)
		(13)

1 point for each correct answer

12

7 Read the review. Are the sentences true (*T*) or false (*F*)?

Our reporter asked Julia Jenkins about her favourite magazine, Hiya! What is Hiya! magazine about?

Julia Jenkins (JJ) The magazine has all the latest celebrity news. If you need to know who has married who, who has been on holiday, and who has made a new film, this is the magazine for you. It also has TV listings, a crossword, recipes, and competitions.

Who is the magazine for?

JJ It's for everyone! People from ten to one hundred years old can enjoy it.

What is the best part of the magazine?

JJ The pictures are great. There are lots of photographs taken inside famous people's homes – you can see what their furniture and curtains are like. The other thing I like is that there isn't too much to read – the articles are very short.

What is the worst part of the magazine?

JJ There are sometimes very boring articles about people from European royal families that I have never heard of! The recipes look very difficult and expensive so I've never cooked one of their recipes.

How much does the magazine cost?

JJ It costs £1.50 which is cheaper than most magazines – I think it is good value. I have bought it every week since it started five years ago and the price has gone up 10% in that time.

- 1 Hiya! isn't about serious political news. ___
- 2 Only people in their twenties and thirties can enjoy the magazine. ___
- 3 JJ enjoys looking at the pictures of stars' homes. ___
- 4 JJ prefers to read long articles. ___
- 5 JJ has read about European royal families in *Hiya!*
- 6 JJ has never read the recipes in *Hiya!*
- 7 JJ has bought *Hiya!* for a week. ___

2 points for each correct answer

8 Use these notes to write Constanza's biography.

	born	Glasgow, 5 June 1960, father an Italian ice-cream maker, mother factory worker
Z A	early career	left school at 16, moved to London and became a model and film actor
Z 4	private life	1976–1982 punk singer Eric Evil's girlfriend 1995 married MP, Sir Tristram D'Eath
s S	later career	1983–1985 studied Italian language and art in Florence
0 0	life now	1986–today has a shop and gallery in London's Bond Street married with three children, Coriander, Theo, and Hermione homes in London, Milan, and New York

Start:

Constanza ... was born in Glasgow on 5th June 1960.

10

	9	Comp	lete	the	short	answer	rs
--	---	------	------	-----	-------	--------	----

- 1 Have you been up the Eiffel Tower? No, I haven't.
- 2 Do you like reading novels? Yes, I ______.
- 3 Are you a good cook? No, I _____.
- 4 Can she ski? No, _____.
- 5 Is it sunny outside? No, ____
- 6 Is the dog in the garden? Yes, _____

1 point for ea	ach corre	rt answer

5

10 Read the questions. Write true answers and add a comment.

1 Do you like hip hop?

No, I don't. I prefer house music.

- 2 Are you going home after this test?
- 3 Have you ever lost something important?
- 4 Did you like your primary school?
- 5 Can you lend me £10? ____
- 6 Is the weather good today? _____

2 points for each correct answer (one for short answer, one for comment)

10

TOTAL



1	(Ci	rcle the correct verbs.
	1	I didn't live / haven't lived with my parents since 1992.
	2	It's the world's biggest selling CD. Sixty million people <i>have bought / bought</i> it.
	3	Titanic only has sailed / sailed once.
	4	Have you <i>been / go</i> to Peru?
	5	Did / Have you ever written a poem?
	6	Have you met / Did you meet George? No, I didn't.
		1 point for each correct answer 5
2		omplete the paragraph with the Present Perfect form of the rbs in the box.
		be (x2) not argue not hear live not put think not want win work write
	he wr	Have you ever _thought about the people behind songs we ar every day? Ned Harris is one of them. He (2) a song iter for more than 30 years. In his career he (3) more than 30 songs and he (4) with some of the world's most famous calists.
	We	e asked Ned some questions.
	Q	'(5) you any gold discs?'
	A	'Yes, I have. I've got twenty – but I (6) them on my office wall.'
	Q	'How long (7) you married?'
	Α	'Suzie and I (8) together since the day we met in a recording studio twenty years ago. We got married two weeks after we met – and we (9) in twenty years.'
	Q	'People (10)your name. Why is that?'
	Α	'I love writing songs but I (11) never to be famous. That's the superstar's job.'
		2 points for each correct answer 20
3		omplete the conversations with the Present Simple, Present rfect or Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.
	C	onversation 1
	A	(1 eat) <u>Have</u> you ever <u>eaten</u> Thai food?
	В	Yes, I have.
	A	(2 like) <u>Did</u> you <u>like</u> it?
	В	Yes, I did. I (3 like) it a lot because it was spicy.

Conversation 2
A (4 read) you novels?
B Yes, I do.
A (5 read) you ever anything by an
American?
B Yes, I (6 read) <i>The Great Gatsby</i> at school.
Conversation 3
A (7 climb) you ever a mountain?
B No, I haven't. Have you?
A Yes, I have. I (8 climb) Ben Nevis last year.
Conversation 4
A (9 fly) you ever in a balloon?
B Yes, I have. I (10 fly) in one on my 21st birthday.
A What (11 be) it like?
B I loved it but I (12 not do) it since.
Conversation 5
A Where (13 live) you and your wife?
B We have a flat near the station.
A How long (14 live)youthere?
B Since we (15 get) married in 2002. Before that, we both (16 live) at home with our parents.
1 point for each correct answer 14
Complete the sentences with the adverbs in the box.
carefully just of course only still together
1 Hold the baby <u>carefully</u> .
2 They have got divorced.
3 she has a job – she needs the money.
4 He visits when he wants something.

5 Put the nouns in the correct columns.

athlete	aunt	bride	bridegroom	
cousin	madam	mode	l nephew	niece
professo	r sir	teenage	er uncle	

5 We talked and laughed _____ all night. 6 We are _____ married after forty years.

1 point for each correct answer

NAME:

men	women	both
1	5 <u>aunt</u>	9
2	6	10
3	7	11
4	8	12
		13
	1 point for each	h correct answer

Z	~	. 1	al	idioms.
n	(Ami	NATA	the	Idioma
·	COILL	ノいしいし	uic	IUIUIII3

1 f	1 <i>sh</i> and ch <i>1ps</i>	4 n and th
2 p	pea and qu	5 sa and pep
3 ι	u and do	6 lad and gent
		-

1 point for each correct answer

7 Read the review. Are the sentences true (*T*) or false (*F*)?

Our reporter asked Julia Jenkins about her favourite magazine, Hiya! What is Hiya! magazine about?

Julia Jenkins (JJ) The magazine has all the latest celebrity news. If you need to know who has married who, who has been on holiday, and who has made a new film, this is the magazine for you. It also has TV listings, a crossword, recipes, and competitions.

Who is the magazine for?

JJ It's for everyone! People from ten to one hundred years old can enjoy it.

What is the best part of the magazine?

JJ The pictures are great. There are lots of photographs taken inside famous people's homes - you can see what their furniture and curtains are like. The other thing I like is that there isn't too much to read - the articles are very short.

What is the worst part of the magazine?

JJ There are sometimes very boring articles about people from European royal families that I have never heard of! The recipes look very difficult and expensive so I've never cooked one of their recipes.

How much does the magazine cost?

JJ It costs £1.50 which is cheaper than most magazines - I think it is good value. I have bought it every week since it started five years ago and the price has gone up 10% in that time.

1	Hiva!	isn't a	about seriou	ıs political	news.	
	III y vi.	1011 t t	ibout scriot	io poniticai	110 110.	

- 2 Only people in their twenties and thirties can enjoy the magazine. ___
- 3 JJ enjoys looking at the pictures of stars' homes. ___
- 4 JJ prefers to read long articles. ___
- 5 JJ has read about European royal families in *Hiya!* ___
- 6 JJ has never read the recipes. ___
- 7 JJ has bought *Hiya!* for a week. ___

2 points for each correct answer

8 Use these notes to write Constanza's biography.

C O N S	T A N Z A			
born Glasgow, 5 June 1960, father an Italian ice-cream maker, mother factory worker				
early career	left school at 16, moved to London and became a model and film actor			
private life	1976–1982 punk singer Eric Evil's girlfriend			
	1995 married MP, Sir Tristram D'Eath			
later career	1983–1985 studied Italian language and art in Florence			
life now	1986–today has a shop and gallery in London's Bond Street			
	married with three children, Coriander, Theo, and Hermione			
	homes in London, Milan and New York			

Start:

Constanza ... was born in Glasgow on 5th June 1960.

10

9	Read the	questions.	Write true	answers and	add a	comment
---	----------	------------	------------	-------------	-------	---------

- 1 Do you like hip hop? *No, I don't. I prefer house music.*
- 2 Are you going home after this test?
- 3 Have you ever lost something important?
- 4 Can you lend me £10? ____
- 5 Did you like your primary school?
- 6 Is the weather good today?

	2 points for each correct answer
(one fo	r short answer, one for comment)

10

10 Complete the short answers.

- 1 Have you been up the Eiffel Tower? No, I <u>haven't</u>.
- 2 Is the car in the garage? Yes,
- 3 Do you like reading magazines? Yes, I _____.
- 4 Is it warm inside? No, _____.
- 5 Are you a good skier? No, I .
- 6 Can he cook? No, ____

1 point for each correct answer

5



1	Complete the sentences with the correct form of (not)
	have to.

1	I <u>didn't have to</u> make My mum always did it.	my bed when I li	ived at home.
2	Bill's gone home becau	se he	_ get up early.
3	They w It arrived immediately.	ait for a long tim	e for the taxi.
4	You bri company will pay for e		ard. The
5	She stu	dy hard to becon	ne a doctor.
6	your children _	w	ear a uniform?
	you moved house?	find a new	dentist when
8	Soldiers	_ wear a uniform	
9	Bob	start work	before 7.00?
	1 p	oint for each correct	answer 8

2 (Circle) the correct modal verbs.

- 1 'I've got a temperature and I feel awful.' 'I think you *must /(should)*go to bed.'
- 2 When you fly to another country, you must / should take your passport.
- 3 You *mustn't | shouldn't* steal money.
- 4 Before you can go to university, you must / should get the right qualifications.
- 5 We don't think you *must / should* lie to your boss.
- 6 I have a dentist's appointment later today and I *must*/ should arrive on time.
- 7 Do you think I *must / should* see a doctor?
- 8 I don't think you *should / must* use your phone now.
- 9 'Must I do this test?' 'Yes, you must / do.'

1 point for each correct answer	8

3 Circle the correct letter.

- 1 Guests ... pay their bill before they leave the hotel. **a** don't have to **(b)** must **c** mustn't
- 2 Do you ... finish this homework today? a have to b must c should
- 3 You ... bring an alarm clock. There is one in every hotel room.
 - a mustn't b shouldn't c don't have to
- 4 I... forget to buy him a birthday card. a mustn't b must c should

- 5 He wants to keep fit so he ... drive everywhere. a doesn't have to **b** should **c** shouldn't
- 6 You ... try to read a map while you are driving. a must b mustn't c shouldn't
- 7 Do I have to work at the weekend? a No, you do. b Yes, you should. c Yes, you do.

1 point for each correct answer	6

4 Complete the sentences with the modal verbs in the box. Use each one once only.

	don't have to have to must mustn't should shouldn't
1	You <u>mustn't</u> forget to take your antibiotics.
2	My baby has an infection – I call the doctor.
3	She doesn't think her husband buy a new car.
4	If you want to be fit, you be overweight.
5	Do you work hard?
6	You wash up – we've got a dishwasher.
	1 point for each correct answer 5

5 Write true sentences.

1	At nome, I have to
2	At work/school, I don't have to
3	Next week, I must
4	I don't think people should
5	If you want to be happy, you should
6	I mustn't forget to

	— .
1 point for each correct answer	6

6 Match a noun from the box with 1–11 to make new words.

	lights quake clock post lighter coat	table	hour ring park case
1	.1 dod	7	
1	alarm <u>clock</u>	/	rain
2	book	8	rush
3	car	9	sign
4	cigarette	10	time
5	ear	11	traffic
6	earth		

					Г
1 poi	nt for	each	correc	t answer	

anslate these jobs. ambulance driver 6 lawyer	
•	
announance driver 0 lawyer	2 Which letter writer, Sue (S), Jim (I), Helen (H), Daphne (D), Norah (N), or Bill (B)
•	1 is a worried parent?
decorator 7 mechanic	2 likes being with their child?
detective 8 miner	3 suggests getting help immediately?
farmer 9 plumber	4 wants their child to leave home?
firefighter 10 soldier	5 doesn't know how to help their child?
1 point for each correct answer 10	-
	7 thinks Sue's son is normal?
ad the letters and advice. Answer the questions.	8 has a successful child?
tter A We're having terrible problems with our fifteen-year-old	2 points for each correct answer 16
n. He's stopped doing his school work, he won't talk to us, and he ys in his bedroom for hours listening to music. He doesn't have y friends and I think he's very unhappy. What's the best thing to?	9 You want some information about a one-week language course. Write a letter to The Principal, Bennett School of English, Thorpe Road, Norwich, NR2 3FH. Ask about:
	price
etter B My daughter finished university last year and came back to e at home. I thought she would find herself a flat after a few onths but she seems to be very happy living with me again. e has a good job and she gives me money each month. I love my ughter and I enjoy her company but I don't want her living in my use now. Any suggestions?	5 points for layout and salutations, 6 for body of the letter, 1 for opening/closing comments 12 10 Use the phrases in the box to complete the conversations between a doctor (D) and her patients (P).
aders' Advice	a temperature sit down bad cold poisoning swollen
You should be happy that your daughter wants to live with you. n't complain, you won't like it when she leaves you and you have live alone.	swallow seems to be the matter aches been really sick plenty of fluids stomach felt well have a look at you diarrhoea stay in bed aspirin
len	1 D Come in and (1) <i>sit down</i> . What (2)?
Get help for your son as quickly as possible. You must speak to his nool and take him to see your family doctor. You must try to talk him even if he is rude or doesn't answer.	P I haven't (3) for a few days. My whole body (4) and I've got (5)
phne	D Mmm let me (6) Your glands are
You should ask your daughter to leave. You have a good	(7) Does it hurt when you (8)?
ationship so you can say this kindly. You must give her enough ne to find a new home – and perhaps you can help her.	P Yes, it does.
rah	D You've got a (9) Take an (10) and drink (11)
Why are you worried? Your son is growing up and he has to make	2 D Ah, Mr Jones, what can I do for you?
own mistakes. Why shouldn't he stay in his bedroom? You should e your son the freedom to grow up.	P I went out for dinner last night, and I've (12) all night. I've got a terrible (13) ache and I've got (14)
Match the letters and the advice.	D I think you've got food (15) Drink lots of
tter A:	water and (16)
tter B:	1 point for each correct answer 15
	, <u> </u>



Test	B

1	Circle) the correct letter.	4 He doesn't think his wife buy a new car.
	1 Guests pay their bill before they leave the hotel.	5 You do the washing-up, come and sit down!
	a don't have to (b) must c mustn't	6 Do you work late?
	2 Do you finish this today?	1 point for each correct answer 5
	a should b have to c must	T point for each correct arbiter
	3 You bring a hairdryer. There is one in every hotel	4 (Circle) the correct modal verbs.
	room. a shouldn't b mustn't c don't have to	1 'I've got a temperature and I feel awful.' I think you must /should go to bed.'
	4 You forget to call me on my birthday.	2 When you go to another country, you should / must
	a mustn't b should c must	take your passport.
	5 He wants to keep fit so he walk not drive.	3 You <i>shouldn't / mustn't</i> steal money.
	a shouldn't b should c doesn't have to	4 Before you can go to university, you <i>should / must</i> get
	6 You try to read a map while you are driving.	the right qualifications.
	a shouldn't b must c mustn't	5 We don't think you <i>must / should</i> use your phone in the cinema.
	7 Do I have to work this evening?a Yes, you have. b Yes, you should.	6 I have a dentist's appointment later today and I <i>should</i>
	c No, you don't.	/ must arrive on time.
		7 Do you think he <i>must / should</i> see a specialist?
	1 point for each correct answer 6	8 I don't think you <i>must / should</i> lie to your mother.
2	Complete the conteness with the correct form of (not)	9 'Must I do this test?' 'Yes, you <i>must / do</i> .'
	Complete the sentences with the correct form of <i>(not)</i> have to.	1 point for each correct answer 8
	1 I <u>didn't have to</u> make my bed when I lived at home.	_
	My mum always did it.	5 Write true sentences.
	2 police wear a uniform?	1 At home, I have to
	3 you find a new dentist when	2 At work/school, I don't have to
	you moved house?	3 Next week, I must
	4 Many nurses work nights.	4 I don't think people should
	5 Laura's gone home early because she	5 If you want to be happy, you should
	get up early.	6 I mustn't forget to
	6 They wait for a long time for a taxi. One arrived immediately.	1 point for each correct answer 6
	7 She bring her credit card. The	, point to call correct alone
	company will pay for everything.	6 Translate these jobs.
	8 You study hard to become a doctor.	1 ambulance driver
	9 Mary stay late at work often?	2 decorator
	1 point for each correct answer 8	3 detective
	r point for each confect distret	4 lawyer
3	Complete the sentences with the modal verbs in the box. Use	5 mechanic
	each one once only.	6 farmer
	don't have to have to must mustn't should shouldn't	7 firefighter
	don't have to have to must mustine should shouldn't	8 miner
	1 You <u>mustn't</u> forget to take your antibiotics.	9 soldier
	2 If you want to be fit, you smoke.	10 plumber
	3 My baby has an infection – I call the doctor.	1 point for each correct answer 10
	. , ——	i point for each correct answer

NAME:

7 Match a noun from the box with 1–11 to make new words.

			coat quake			_	lights		
1	alarn	ı <u>clocl</u>	<u>k</u>		7	car_			
2	time_		_		8	ciga	rette		
3	rain_		_		9	ear_			
4	rush		_		10	eart	h		
5	sign_		_		11	bool	k		
6	traffi	c							
				1 po	int f	or eacl	h correct ansv	ver	10

8 Read the letters and advice. Answer the questions.

Letter A My daughter finished university last year and came back to live at home. I thought she would find herself a flat after a few months but she seems to be very happy living with me again. She has a good job and she gives me money each month. I love my daughter and I enjoy her company but I don't want her living in my house now. Any suggestions? Jim

Letter B We're having terrible problems with our fifteen-year-old son. He's stopped doing his school work, he won't talk to me or my husband, and he stays in his bedroom for hours listening to music. He doesn't have any friends and I think he's very unhappy. What's the best thing to do? Sue

Readers' Advice

- 1 Get help for your son as quickly as possible. You must speak to his school and take him to see your family doctor. You must try to talk to him even if he is rude or doesn't answer. Daphne
- 2 You should be happy that your daughter wants to live with you. Don't complain, you won't like it when she leaves you and you have to live alone. Helen
- 3 Why are you worried? Your son is growing up and he has to make his own mistakes. Why shouldn't he stay in his bedroom? You should give your son the freedom to grow up. Bill
- 4 You should ask your daughter to leave. You have a good relationship so you can say this kindly. You must give her enough time to find a new home - and perhaps you can help her. Norah
- 1 Match the letters and the advice.

Letter A:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	1 point for eac	h correct answ

Letter B:

- 2 Which letter writer, Jim (J), Sue (S), Daphne (D), Helen (H), Bill (B), or Norah (N)
 - 1 is a worried parent?
 - 2 wants their child to leave home?
 - 3 doesn't know how to help their child?
 - 4 likes being with their child?
 - 5 suggests getting help immediately?
 - 6 thinks Jim shouldn't complain about his daughter?
 - 7 thinks Sue's son is normal?
 - 8 has a successful child?

2 points for each correct answer

16

- **9** You want some information about a one-week language course. Write a letter to The Principal, Bennett School of English, Thorpe Road, Norwich, NR2 3FH. Ask about:
 - price class size accommodation

5 points for layout and salutations, 6 for body of the letter,
1 for opening/closing comments

12

10 Use the phrases in the box to complete the conversations between a doctor (D) and her patients (P).

> a temperature sit down bad cold poisoning swollen swallow seems to be the matter aches been really sick plenty of fluids stomach felt well have a look at you diarrhoea stay in bed aspirin

- 1 D Come in and (1) sit down . What (2)
 - **P** I went out for dinner last night, and I've
 - (3) _____ all night. I've got a terrible (4) _____ ache and I've got (5) _____.
 - **D** I think you've got food (6) ______. Drink lots of water and (7) _____.
- 2 D Ah, Mr Jones, what can I do for you?
 - P I haven't (8) _____ for a few days. My whole body (9) _____ and I've got (10) _____.
 - **D** Mmm let me (11) ______. Your glands are (12) ______. Does it hurt when you (13) _____?
 - P Yes, it does.
 - **D** You've got a (14) ______. Take an (15) _____ and drink (16) ___

1 point for each correct answer

15

TOTAL



		~								
		rcle) the correct conjunction of tin	ne and	write the correct		•		ith when or if.		
	1				1 I'll tell my cousin <u>when</u> I see her.					
	2	Let's not got out while / until the rain (stop)				 England win the World Cup, I'll be surprised. I get home, I'll ring you. He'll cook dinner his wife gets home. 				
		Feed the cat <i>as soon as / while</i> I (be) away.				5 She'll send me the book she can find it.6 I'll call I get back from my holiday.				
		6 After / While we (leave) here we're driving to L.A.				6 I II can I get back from my nonday.				
		2 points for ea		1 point for each correct answer 5						
2	He	a tha information to write first so	ndition	al contones	5 \	Write true ser	itences.			
_	US	Jse the information to write first conditional sentences.			1 When I get home, <u>I'll have a beer</u> .					
	If	you drive too fast, you he has enough money, he she doesn't pass her exams, she I don't visit my sister this weekend, I I find your keys, I our new dog bites the children, we it rains, I		have a gap year.	2	2 If I don't §	o out tonig	ht,	·	
ŀ				see her new baby. post them to you.	3	3		, I'll leave a	message.	
				keep it.		4, I'll ask my teacher.				
			wont	buy a flat.	5 I'll stay in a hotel 6 When I go on holiday, 1 point for each correct answer 5					
				walk. have an accident.						
	1	If you drive too fast, you'll have	an accio							
	2)								
6 Put the words and phrases in the corre							in the correct co	lumns to make		
3 verb phrases.4										
						k home care	e care a cold friends me a favour			
	6					on well with (somebody) a photograph a reservation some shopping up your mind				
	7									
	,									
		1 point for ea	ach corre	ct answer 6		take	get	make	do	
2	D. W. Stern and Co. Handra Co. Co. and Petersol] <u>care</u>	3	7	10	
)	Write questions. Use the first conditional.					2	4	8		
	1	I pass my exam/I work hard?					5	9		
		Will I pass my exam if I work hard?					6		_	
	2	you/come and visit/you/have to	L		0					
	3	what/she/say/they/not come?				7 Complete the sentences. Use the verb phrases from exercise 6 in the correct form. 1 I feel ill – I think I <u>am getting a cold</u> .				
	4									
	5									
	6	who/she/ask/she/have a problem?			2	2 You can't buy a VW <i>and</i> a Seat, so 3 I like my mother-in-law. I				
						4 Could you and carry these books?				
		1 point for ea	ct answer 5		•			•		
5 I'd like, double room for two nights.								, pie nights.	ast. I Walll a	

6 'Did anyone at the party?' 'Jan did. She has a new camera.' 1 point for each correct answer 5	10 Make notes about the advantages and disadvantages of travelling by bicycle. Use your notes and the words and phrases in the box to write a text giving your opinions.
8 Circle the correct word. 1 Can I have another single / pillow) please? 2 We drove along the highway / basement. 3 I am pessimism / optimistic about the future. 4 Shenzhen is a shocking / an environment place. 5 There are concrete / vision office blocks everywhere. 6 In the future, we will grow new kidneys / medicine. 7 China is a commute / communist country. 8 The new city has grown at an incredible / ugly speed. 9 There is a megalopolis / microchip in a mobile phone. 1 point for each correct answer	First of all Also for example However Firstly Secondly Despite the disadvantages 12 points divided between content and accurate use of linkers 12 13 Complete the conversation between a hotel receptionist (R) and a client (C). R Good (1) morning, madam. C Good morning. I'd like to (2) m a r R Certainly. (3) W is it for? C It's for one night, the tenth of this month. R A (4) s or a d?
A few years ago Shenzhen was a small fishing village in the middle of fields. Since then, it has become an enormous industrial city. Millions of Chinese people have moved from the countryside to work in the new factories. The factories in Shenzhen make clothes, toys, and electronic goods for Western countries. One in every three pairs of shoes in the world is made here. The workers in Shenzhen come from all over China and they work long hours for low pay, because life in the countryside is worse. The workers don't live with their families; their homes are dormitories where they live and sleep with the other factory workers. Under Chinese law, people mustn't work more than eight hours a day, they shouldn't do more than 40 hours extra work a week, and they must get more than \$66 a month. However, the international human rights charity, Amnesty International, says workers often have to work much longer hours, and they are not paid enough money. The charity also estimates that an average of 13 workers a day lose a finger or an arm in an industrial accident.	C A double, please. R Yes, that's OK. (5) C I h your n, please? C Cindy Turner. (6) C you t me h it is? R £105 including breakfast. Can I have a contact number? C 01865 5356 767. R And can I have your (7) c card number? C Yes, here you are. R That's fine. We (8) l f to s you on the tenth. C Thanks, I'll see you then.
1 Shenzhen used to be a small village 2 The city of Shenzhen has developed quickly 3 The workers come from the country near Shenzhen 4 People in other countries buy things made there 5 The factories only make shoes 6 Working in the countryside is better than working in the factories 7 The workers don't take their families to Shenzhen 8 Factory working conditions are good 9 Some factory owners break the law 10 Accidents in the factories are unusual 2 points for each correct answer 20	

NAME:





1	Use the information in the table to write seven first
	conditional sentences.

If	you drive too fast, you they have enough money, they she doesn't pass her exams, she I don't visit my sister this weekend, I she finds your keys, she our new dog bites the children, we it rains, I	'll won't	have a gap year. see her new baby. post them to you. keep it. buy a flat. walk. have an accident.
----	--	--------------	---

1	If you drive too fast, you'll have an accident.		
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			

1 point for each correct answer	6
point for each confect answer	

2 Write questions. Use the first conditional.

1	I/pass my exam/I/work hard?
	Will I pass my exam if I work hard?
2	you/ring me/they/be late?
3	Jack/come and visit/he/have time?
4	what/they/do/Mary/not come?
5	where/he/work/he/leave his job?
6	who/you/ask/you/have a problem?

1 point for each correct answer	5

3 (Circle) the correct conjunction of time and write the correct

fo	rm of the verb in brackets.
1	When/ Before they arrive, (bring) <u>bring</u> them to me.
2	While / After we (leave) San Francisco, we're driving to L.A.
3	While / As soon as I (arrive), I'll ring you.
4	Let's not got out while / until the rain (stop)
5	Water the plants as soon as / while I (be) away.
6	I'll cook dinner <i>until / before</i> I (go) out.
	2 points for each correct answer 10

4	Complete	the senten	ces with	when or	if.
---	----------	------------	----------	---------	-----

1 I'll	tell my cousin <u>when</u> I see her.	
2 He'	'll give me the photo he can find it.	
3	I get back from my holiday, I'll stop smok	ing.
4 I'll	be surprised England win the World C	Cup.
5 I'll	ring you I get home.	
6 He'	'll cook dinner his wife gets home.	
	1 point for each correct answer	5

5 Write true sentences.

1	When I get home, <u>I'll have a beer</u> .
2	If I stay at home tonight,
3	, I'll leave a message.
4	, I'll ask my teacher.
5	I'll stay in a hotel
6	When I go on holiday,
	1 point for each correct answer 5

6 (Circle) the correct word.

- 1 Can I have another *single /(pillow)*, please?
- 2 There is a *megalopolis / microchip* in a mobile phone.
- 3 The new city has grown at an ugly / incredible speed.
- 4 China is a *communist / commute* country.
- 5 In the future, we will grow new *medicine / kidneys*.
- 6 There are *vision / concrete* office blocks everywhere.
- 7 Shenzhen is *an environment / a shocking* place.
- 8 He's *optimistic / pessimism* about the future.
- 9 We drove along the *basement / highway*.

1 point for each correct answer

	NAME:
7 Put the words and phrases in the correct columns. angry back home care a cold friends me a favour	 Shenzhen used to be a small village The city of Shenzhen has developed quickly The workers are from the countryside near Shenzhen.
on well with (somebody) a photograph a reservation some shopping up your mind get do 1angry	 People in other countries buy things made in there The factories only make shoes Working in the countryside is better than working in the factories The workers don't take their families to Shenzhen
3 make 4 9 take 10 5 11 6	8 Factory working conditions are good 9 Some factory owners break the law 10 Accidents in the factories are unusual 2 points for each correct answer 20
1 point for each correct answer 10 8 Complete the sentences. Use the verb phrases from exercise 7 in the correct form.	10 Make notes about the advantages and disadvantages of travelling by bicycle. Use your notes and the words and phrases in the box to write a text giving your opinions.
 I feel ill – I think I am getting a cold You can't buy trousers and a jumper so They like their aunt. They Would you and let me use your phone? I'd like, please. I want a double room for two nights. 	First of all Also for example However Firstly Secondly Despite the disadvantages 12 points divided between content and accurate use of linkers 12 Complete the conversation between a hotel receptionist (R) and a client (C).
of the class?' 'Jan did with her new camera.' 1 point for each correct answer 5 9 Read the text. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?	R Good (1) m <u>orning</u> , madam. C Good morning. I'd like to (2) m a r R Certainly. A (3) s or a d? C A double, please. R (4) W is it for?
A few years ago Shenzhen was a small fishing village in the middle of fields. Since then, it has become an enormous industrial city. Millions of Chinese people have moved from the countryside to work in the new factories. The factories in Shenzhen make clothes, toys, and electronic goods for Western countries. One in every three pairs of shoes in the world is made here. The workers in Shenzhen come from all over China and they work long hours for low pay, because life in the countryside is worse. The workers don't live with their families; their homes are dormitories where they live and sleep with the other factory workers. Under Chinese law, people mustn't work more than eight hours a day, they shouldn't do more than 40 hours extra work a week and they must get more than \$66 a month. However, the international human rights charity, Amnesty International, says workers often have to work much longer hours and they are not paid enough money. The	C It's for one night, the tenth of this month. R Yes, that's OK. (5) C I h your n, please? C Clare King. (6) C you t me h it is? R £200 including breakfast. Can I have your (7) c card number? C Yes, here you are. R Can I have a contact number? C 01865 353678. R Thank you. That's fine. We (8) l f to s you on the tenth. C Thanks, I'll see you then.
charity also estimates that an average of 13 workers a day lose a finger or an arm in an industrial accident.	2 points for each correct answer 14

TOTAL



NAME:

NA 6		
1	Circle) the correct verb form in each sentence.	4 What activities did you do when you were a child?
•	1 I try walk / (to walk)/ walking to work every day.	Ifootball.
	2 Please let me <i>help / to help / helping</i> you.	I swimming.
	3 I need a song that's easy sing / to sing / singing.	5 What did you wear in summer when you were three?
	4 I go to sail / sail / sailing every weekend.	Ishorts.
	5 He's decided <i>buy to buy buying</i> a new car.	I a jumper and jeans.
	6 She's beginning <i>feel to feel feeling</i> nervous about her	6 What games did you play when you were a child?
	new job.	Ichess.
		I computer games.
	1 point for each correct answer 5	
2	Complete the sentences with the correct form of <i>swim</i> .	1 point for each correct answer 11
_	1 They go <u>swimming</u> every morning.	5 Write sentences to say <i>why</i> you go to these places.
	2 My baby learned before he could walk.	1 a library You go to a library to borrow books.
	3 I used every day when I was younger.	2 a bookshop
	4 My grandmother still enjoys	3 a petrol station
	5 I tried in the sea but the waves were too big.	4 a post office
	6 Their instructor made them for two hours.	-
	o Their instructor made them for two nours.	5 a sports centre 6 a newsagent's
	1 point for each correct answer 5	o a newsagents
2	With the second	1 point for each correct answer 5
)	Write sentences about the changes in Peter's life. Use <i>used</i> to/didn't use to.	6 White the section and the the infinite
		6 Write true sentences. Use the infinitive.
	1 He is married. (single) He used to be single.	1 It's difficult to put your foot on your head.
	2 He has got three children. (not any)	2 It's easy
	3 He drives a family car. (motorbike)	3 I'm surprised
		4 It's impossible
	4 He washes the car on Sunday. (stay in bed until 12.00)	5 I think it's important
		6 My friend thinks it's interesting
	5 His friends don't ring him now. (pub every evening)	1 point for each correct answer 5
	6. Hawarka in a bank (no iob)	-
	6 He works in a bank. (no job)	7 Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs.
	1 point for each correct answer 5	I (1 do) am doing a charity bike ride from London
		to Brighton next year so I need (2 get) fit. I decided (3 join) a gym and now I (4 go)
4	Write true answers. Use the correct form of <i>used to</i> .	every day. I don't like (5 get up)
	1 What food did you like when you were a child?	early but I manage (6 go)
	I <u>used to like/didn't use to like</u> chips.	at lunch time. I enjoy (7 swim) but I hate (8 use) the running machines.
	I vegetables.	_
	2 Where did you go on holiday when you were a child?	I haven't smoked for six months – I (9 smoke) 40 cigarettes a day. I have started (10 be)
	I camping.	careful about what I eat. Before I started
	I my grandparents.	training for the bike ride, I (11 eat) lots of
	3 What did you do after school when you were younger?	pizzas and chips but now I enjoy (12 eat) fish and salad.
	I in the park.	non and salad.
	I a friend's house.	1 point for each correct answer

	NAME:
Complete the adjustings	7 He was when he was rescued

10

8 Complete the adjectives.

1	The children thought Madame Tussaud's was
	ex <u>citing</u> but I was bo <u>red</u> .
2	Most of the film was in but the end was dis
3	Please stop wo, I'm sure you'll get the job.
4	I'm wo about my grandfather. He is getting very conf
5	The kidnap was a fr experience for Tom.
6	I was interested in some of the classes but a lot of them were bo
7	'I thought <i>The Matrix</i> was a conf film.' 'I'm not sur, it's a strange story.'
8	You must finish that book – the ending is sur!

1 point for each correct word

9 Read the text and circle) the correct letter.

Aron Ralston, 27, went out for a one-day walk in a US national park and was trapped when heavy rocks fell on him. An 800 lb (365kg) rock, or boulder, moved and fell on his right arm. He couldn't move his arm because it was trapped between the rock and the mountain. He stayed in this position for five days. He had very little food with him and only a few litres of water. After five days, he knew that to escape he had to cut off his arm. He thought about it carefully and then managed to amputate it with a small pocket knife. The operation took about an hour.

Mr Ralston then climbed down the mountain and walked 10 kilometres looking for help. Finally, he found some other walkers about three kilometres from a town. When he was rescued, he was very thirsty but calm.

After his ordeal, Mr Ralston said, 'I did what I had to do'. He also said that while he was trapped on the mountain, he sometimes felt at peace and at other times he felt depressed and very frightened.

Surprisingly, he wants to return to the wild when he has recovered.

- 1 Aron Ralston went for a walk ...
 - a on his own. b with friends. c to have an accident.
- 2 A heavy rock fell ...
 - a on the path. b on his arm. c on a boulder.
- 3 He ... move because his arm was trapped.
 - a didn't use to b wouldn't c couldn't
- 4 He didn't move ...
 - a because he had very little food.
 - **b** for several days. **c** because he was lost.
- 5 He ... to cut off his arm.
 - a asked someone b wanted c decided
- 6 He found help ...
 - a three kilometres away. b on a cliff.
 - c ten kilometres away.

- He was ... when he was rescued. a angry b very unhappy c quiet
- 8 A boulder (paragraph 1) is ...
 - a a mountain path. b a heavy tree. c a large rock
- 9 To amputate (paragraph 1) means to cut off ...
 - a your clothes. **b** part of your body.
 - **c** a piece of food.

2 points for each correct answer

18

10 Circle the odd-one-out.

- 1 frightened terrified (footpath) scared
- 2 witness handrail terrorist hunter
- 3 thin weak starve joke
- 4 bush crawl berries woods
- 5 confess kidnap witness amazing

1 point for each correct answer

4

11 You are going to write an informal thank-you letter to a friend. Make some notes first, then write your letter.

thank you for ... like/enjoy ... next time ...

1 point for salutations, 10 points divided between content and accuracy 11

12 Put words from the box in the correct place in each sentence.

so many so much such

1 Tom was/frightened.

- 2 I don't think this was a good idea.
- 3 Den and Linda are boring people.
- 4 There was food at the party.
- 5 People knew, I'm surprised no-one said anything.
- 6 The book was interesting, I read until 3 a.m.
- 7 She didn't go to work for a month because she was ill.
- 8 Hello! I haven't seen you for a long time!
- 9 That was a good meal.
- 10 You are annoying!
- 11 I can't pay €300 for a pair of shoes, it's money!

1 point for each correct answer

10

TOTAL



Test B

NAME:

	Write sentences about the changes in Peter's life. Use <i>used</i>	4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of <i>swim</i> .			
	He is married. (single) He used to be single.	1 They go <u>swimming</u> every morning.			
		2 Her grandmother still enjoys			
	2 He works in a bank. (no job)	3 My baby learned before he could walk.			
3	3 He cleans the house on Sunday. (go running)	4 She used every day when she was younger.			
4	He drives a family car. (motorbike)	5 My instructor made me a mile a day when I was training.			
5	: He's got true dogs (not any)	6 He tried in the sea but it was too cold.			
	He's got two dogs. (not any)	1 point for each correct answer 5			
Ċ	6 His friends don't ring him now. (go out every evening)				
	1 point for each correct answer 5	 Write true sentences. Use the infinitive. 1 It's difficult <u>to put your foot on your head</u>. 			
3 v	Write true answers. Use the correct form of <i>used to</i> .	2 It's impossible			
		3 I'm surprised			
1	What food did you like when you were a child?	4 It's easy			
	I <u>used to like/didn't use to like</u> chips. I vegetables.	5 I think it's interesting			
2	2 What did you do after school when you were younger?	6 My friend thinks it's important			
2	I in the park. I a friend's house.	1 point for each correct answer 5			
3	Where did you go on holiday when you were a child?	6 Write sentences to say why you go to these places.			
	I camping.	1 a library You go to a library to borrow books.			
	I my grandparents.	2 a bookshop			
4	What activities did you do when you were a child?	3 a newsagent's			
	Ifootball.	4 a sports centre			
_	Iswimming.	5 a post office			
5	What games did you play when you were a child? I chess.	6 a petrol station			
	I chess. I computer games.	o a petroi station			
6	6 What did you wear in summer when you were three?	1 point for each correct answer 5			
	Ishorts.				
	I a jumper and jeans.	7 Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs.			
	1 point for each correct answer 11	I (1 do) <u>am doing</u> a charity bike ride from London to Brighton next year so I need (2 get) fit. I decided (3 join)			
3 (Circle) the correct verb form in each sentence.	a gym and now I (4 go) every day. I			
`	I try walk /(to walk)/ walking to work every day.	don't like (5 get up) early but I manage (6 go) but I but I			
	2 I'm never going sail / sailing / to sail with you again.	hate (8 use) the running machines.			
	Please let me to help / help / helping you.	I haven't smoked for six months – I (9 smoke) 40			
	I need a poem that's easy learn / to learn / learning.	cigarettes a day. I have started (10 be) careful about			
	6 He's beginning <i>feel / to feel / feeling</i> happier about his new job.	what I eat. Before I started training for the bike ride, I (11 eat) lots of pizzas and chips but now I enjoy (12 eat)			
6	She's decided <i>buying / to buy / buy</i> a new car.	fish and salad.			
	1 point for each correct answer 5	1 point for each correct answer 11			

NAME:			

_		\			
X	Circ	e) the	~4d-	nna-	∩ut
v	CIICI	c/ tile	ouu	OHE '	out.

1 frightened terrified (footpath) scared 2 hunter handrail terrorist witness 3 weak thin ioke starve 4 bush berries crawl woods

5 confess witness amazing kidnap

1 point for each correct answer

10

9 Complete the adjectives.

1 The children thought Madame Tussaud's was exciting but I was bo red

2 Most of the book was in but the end was dis_

3 Stop wo_____, I'm sure you'll win.

4 She's wo_____ about her father. He is getting very conf

5 The accident was a fr experience for Tom.

6 I was interested in some of the classes but a lot of them were bo

7 'I thought *The Matrix* was a conf___ not sur_____, it's a strange story.'

8 You must watch that film – the ending is sur

1 point for each correct answer

10 Read the text and circle the correct letter.

Aron Ralston, 27, went out for a one-day walk in a US national park and was trapped when heavy rocks fell on him. An 800 lb (365kg) rock, or boulder, moved and fell on his right arm. He couldn't move his arm because it was trapped between the rock and the mountain. He stayed in this position for five days. He had very little food with him and only a few litres of water. After five days, he knew that to escape he had to cut off his arm. He thought about it carefully and then managed to amputate it with a small pocket knife. The operation took about an hour.

Mr Ralston then climbed down the mountain and walked 10 kilometres looking for help. Finally, he found some other walkers about three kilometres from a town. When he was rescued, he was very thirsty but calm.

After his ordeal, Mr Ralston said, 'I did what I had to do'. He also said that while he was trapped on the mountain, he sometimes felt at peace and at other times he felt depressed and very frightened.

Surprisingly, he wants to return to the wild when he has recovered.

- 1 Aron Ralston went for a walk ...
 - **a** on his own. **b** with friends.
 - c to have an accident.

- 2 A heavy rock fell ...
 - a on the path. b on his arm. c on a boulder.
- 3 He ... move because his arm was trapped.
 - a wouldn't b couldn't c didn't use to
- 4 He didn't move ...
 - a because he was lost.
 - **b** because he had very little food. **c** for several days.
- 5 He ... to cut off his arm.
 - a decided b asked someone c wanted
- 6 He found help ...
 - **a** three kilometres away. **b** ten kilometres away.
 - c on a cliff.
- 7 He was ... when he was rescued.
 - a angry b very unhappy c quiet
- 8 A boulder (paragraph 1) is ...
 - **a** a heavy tree. **b** a large rock. **c** a mountain path.
- 9 To amputate (paragraph 1) means to cut off ...
 - a a piece of food. b your clothes.
 - **c** part of your body.

2 points for each correct answer

18

11 You are going to write an informal thank-you letter to a friend. Make some notes first, then write your letter.

thank you for ... like/enjoy ... next time ...

1 point for salutations. 10 for content divided between content and accuracy

11

12 Put words from the box in the correct place in each sentence.

so so many so much such

so
1 Tom was ∕frightened.

- 2 I can't pay €200 for a pair of shoes, it's money!
- 3 Tom and Mary are interesting people.
- 4 This is a good idea.
- 5 You are beautiful!
- 6 I made a good meal.
- 7 Hello I haven't seen you for a long time!
- 8 She was ill she didn't go to work for a month.
- 9 The film was long, it didn't finish until 3 a.m.
- 10 There was food at the party.
- 11 I'm surprised no-one said anything, people knew the secret.

1 point for each correct answer

10
10

TOTAL



NAME:

1 6	ircle) the correct form of the verb.	11 Will she wash the children's clothes?
1	Gum (is chewed) be chewed all over the world.	the children's clothes ?
2	11	12 They don't make Nissans in Mexico.
3		Nissans
4	Has my camera repaired / been repaired?	1 point for each correct answer 11
5	Tobacco was come / came to Europe in the 16th century.	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
6	The children won't <i>be taught / teach</i> Chinese at school.	3 Complete the paragraph with the correct active or passive form of the verbs in brackets.
	Where are Nikon cameras <i>make made</i> ?	Jeans (1 make) <u>are made</u> from a material called denim.
8	8	The material (2 make) first in Europe,
9	English is spoken / is spoke by our workers.	and it (3 take) to the USA in the 18th century.
	How many BMWs will make / be made in Oxford?	The strong material (4 use) to make working
11	Coca-Cola <i>has been made is made</i> in Texas for more than a hundred years.	men's clothes, and in the 1870s Levi Strauss (5 make) the first pair of blue Levi jeans.
12	Was cotton grew / grown in Europe?	After the Second World War, the customers for jeans
13	Chewing gum <i>has been invented was invented</i> in Sweden.	(6 change) from working men to teenagers who (7 want) to wear them as leisure clothes. Since then, they (8 become) the symbol of a
14	Sugar was taken / is took to the West Indies by Columbus.	more relaxed society, and jeans (9 wear) by people of all ages and in all situations.
	1 point for each correct answer 13	2 points for each correct answer 16
) w	rite the sentences and questions in the passive.	4 Match the nouns and verbs. There are two extra nouns.
_ '	The the sentences and questions in the passive.	
	They make Seat cars in Spain.	advice a beard the change a gun information
	·	
1	They make Seat cars in Spain.	advice a beard the change a gun information
1	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars <u>are made in Spain.</u> .	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight
2	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars <u>are made in Spain.</u> Do they grow rice here?	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight grow tell carry give keep
2	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars are made in Spain. Do they grow rice here? rice ?	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight grow tell carry give keep 1 a beard 4 6 9 12
2	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars are made in Spain. Do they grow rice here?rice? He will make the film next year.	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight grow tell carry give keep
2	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars are made in Spain. Do they grow rice here? rice ? He will make the film next year. The film Have American Indians smoked tobacco for a long	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight grow tell carry give keep 1 a beard 4 6 9 12 2 10 13 3 1 1 14
1 2 3 4	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars are made in Spain. Do they grow rice here? rice ? He will make the film next year. The film Have American Indians smoked tobacco for a long time?	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight grow tell carry give keep 1 a beard 4 6 9 12 2 5 7 10 13
1 2 3 4	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars are made in Spain. Do they grow rice here? rice ? He will make the film next year. The film Have American Indians smoked tobacco for a long time? tobacco ? They took slaves to the West Indies.	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight grow tell carry give keep 1 a beard 4 6 9 12 2 5 7 10 13 3 1 1 14 1 point for each correct answer 13
1 2 3 4	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars are made in Spain. Do they grow rice here? rice	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight grow tell carry give keep 1 a beard 4 6 9 12 2 10 13 3 1 1 14
1 2 3 4	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars are made in Spain. Do they grow rice here? rice ? He will make the film next year. The film Have American Indians smoked tobacco for a long time? tobacco ? They took slaves to the West Indies. Slaves They won't sell the tobacco in the US.	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight grow tell carry give keep 1 a beard 4 6 9 12 2 10 13 3 8 11 14 1 point for each correct answer 13
1 2 3 4 4 5 6 6	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars are made in Spain. Do they grow rice here? rice	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight grow tell carry give keep 1 a beard 4 6 9 12 2 15 7 10 13 3 8 11 14 I point for each correct answer 13 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of lose, keep, or tell. 1 'Here's your drink, sir, and 50 pence change.' 'That's
1 2 3 4 4 5 6 6	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars are made in Spain. Do they grow rice here? rice	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight grow tell carry give keep 1 a beard 4 6 9 12 2 10 13 3 8 11 14 I point for each correct answer 13 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of lose, keep, or tell. 1 'Here's your drink, sir, and 50 pence change.' 'That's all right, keep the change.'
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1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8	They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars are made in Spain. Do they grow rice here? rice ? He will make the film next year. The film Have American Indians smoked tobacco for a long time? tobacco ? They took slaves to the West Indies. Slaves They won't sell the tobacco in the US. Their tobacco They didn't invite me to the conference. I Dr John Pemberton invented Coca-Cola in 1886. Coca-Cola	advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight grow tell carry give keep 1 a beard 4 6 9 12 2 15 7 10 13 3 8 11 14 I point for each correct answer 13 Complete the sentences with the correct form of lose, keep, or tell. 1 'Here's your drink, sir, and 50 pence change.' 'That's all right, keep the change.' 2 My football team a match for four months.
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NAME:			

6 Read the text and write short answers to the questions.

Fish has been eaten in Britain, an island, for thousands of years. In the 17th century potatoes were brought from Latin America. However, it wasn't until the 19th century that a Mr Marlin had the idea of putting fish and potatoes together and making fish and chips. When he opened his fish and chip shop in London in 1860 it quickly became popular with working people who needed quick, filling meals.

By the 1920s there were 31,000 fish and chip shops in Britain and although this number is now only 8,000, there are eight for every McDonald's. A recent study found that Britain's favourite fast food is still fish and chips. Second, third, and fourth positions went to pizza (Italian), duck (Chinese), and curry (Indian). Interestingly, the hamburger wasn't in the top ten.

The traditional way to eat fish and chips is to buy them wrapped in paper and to eat them with salt and vinegar. They used to be wrapped in newspaper but most are sold in white paper now. People eat their fish and chips in the street or take them home – and some people admit that they eat them in bed!

1	Was fish eaten in Britain two thousand years ago?
	Yes. it was.

- 2 Were chips eaten in Britain in the 14th century?
- 3 Who opened the first fish and chip shop?
- 4 When was the first fish and chip shop opened?
- 5 How many fish and chip shops are there in Britain?
- 6 How many McDonald's are there in Britain?
- 7 Are fish and chips usually eaten from a plate?
- 8 Are they usually wrapped in newspaper now?
- 9 Find words in the text that mean:
 - a (Paragraph 1: adj.) enough (food) to stop you feeling hungry_
 - b (Paragraph 2: vb) to decide to tell the truth_

1 point for correct answer, 1 point for correct structure

|--|

7 Write a review of a play, film, or book. Use your own ideas or the notes about Young Frankenstein to help you.

title play, book, or film? characters events	Young Frankenstein comedy film Dr Frankenstein's grandson, Frederick The grandson is a doctor in the USA, he goes to his grandfather's castle and repeats his experiment
opinion	funny, clever

12 points divided between content and accuracy

12

8 Match the signs 1–8 with the places in the box.

	airport shop car park public car park toilet door bus pub shop door door		
1	Vacant <u>toilet door</u>		
2	Parking for customers only		
3	This car park is locked from 9.30 p.m. to 6.30 a.m.		
4	Exact fare only. No change given		
5	Emergency access. Do not block		
6	6 Children are not allowed in the bar unless with an adult		
7	Back in 10 minutes.		
8	Do not leave your luggage unattended.		

1 point for each correct answer

7	

9 Translate the signs.

- 1 Spanish is spoken here.
- 2 Please take your rubbish home with you.
- 3 Part-time waiter wanted.
- 4 We are looking for a qualified hairdresser.
- 5 We do not accept credit cards.

1 point for each correct answer

5

TOTAL



NAME:

1 (Circle) the correct form of the verb.	3 They haven't bought the flowers.
1 Gum is chewed / be chewed all over the world.	The flowers 4 Will she clean the windows?
2 Tobacco isn't grown / don't grow in Britain.	the windows ?
3 English is spoken / is spoke by our workers.	5 Have American Indians smoked tobacco for a long
4 How many BMWs will make / be made in Oxford?	time?
5 J K Rowling wrote / is written the 'Harry Potter' books.	tobacco ?
6 Cotton was picked / picked by slaves.	6 Do they grow tea here?
7 Have my shoes repaired / been repaired?	tea ? 7 He will make the film next year.
8 Coca-Cola <i>is made / has been made</i> in Texas for more than a hundred years.	The film
9 Was cotton <i>grew / grown</i> in Europe?	8 They won't sell their tobacco in the US. Their tobacco
10 Chewing gum was invented / has been invented in Sweden.	9 They took slaves to the West Indies. Slaves
11 Sugar <i>is took / was taken</i> to the West Indies by Columbus.	10 I didn't invite them to the party. They
12 Tobacco <i>was come / came</i> to Europe in the 16th century.	11 Dr John Pemberton invented Coca-Cola in 1886. Coca-Cola
13 Chinese won't <i>be taught / teach</i> at my children's school.14 Where are Nikon cameras <i>make / made</i>?	12 They don't make Nissans in Mexico. Nissans
1 point for each correct answer 13	1 point for each correct answer 11
2 Complete the paragraph with the active or passive form of the verbs in brackets. Jeans (1 make) <u>are made</u> from a material called denim. The material (2 make) first in Europe and it (3 take) to the USA in the 18th century. The strong material (4 use) to make working men's clothes and in the 1870s Levi Strauss (5 make) the first pair of blue Levi jeans. After the Second World War, the customers for jeans (6 change) from working men to teenagers who (7 want) to wear them as leisure clothes. Since then, they (8 become) the symbol of a more relaxed society and jeans (9 wear) by people of all ages and in all situations. 2 points for each correct answer 16 Write the sentences and questions in the passive.	 4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of <i>lose</i>, <i>keep</i>, or <i>tell</i>. 1 'Here's your drink, sir, and 50 pence change.' 'That's all right, <i>keep</i> the change.' 2 Put your money somewhere safe or you will it. 3 Ulrike can't a secret so don't tell her. 4 When I was at school, I always weight before exams. 5 He knows when I a lie – so I don't do it. 6 My team a game for four months. 1 point for each correct answer 5 5 Match the nouns and verbs. There are two extra nouns. advice a beard the change a gun information the match a party passengers the peace a promise a story a suitcase tobacco the truth two centimetres weight
1 They make Seat cars in Spain. Seat cars _are made in Spain	
2 Vegetarians don't eat hamburgers. Hamburgers	grow carry tell 1 a beard 4 7 2 5 8 3 6

		NAME:
keep 9	give 12	7 Write a review of a play, film, or book. Use your own ideas or the notes about <i>Young Frankenstein</i> to help you.

9	12	
10	13	
11	14	
	1 point for each correct answer	13

6 Read the text and write short answers to the questions.

Fish has been eaten in Britain, an island, for thousands of years. In the 17th century potatoes were brought from Latin America. However, it wasn't until the 19th century that a Mr Marlin had the idea of putting fish and potatoes together and making fish and chips. When he opened his fish and chip shop in London in 1860 it quickly became popular with working people who needed quick, filling meals.

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- 9 Find words in the text that mean:
 - a (Paragraph 1: adj.) enough (food) to stop you feeling hungry
 - b (Paragraph 2: *vb*.) to decide to tell the truth __

title	Young Frankenstein
play, book, or film?	comedy film
characters	Dr Frankenstein's grandson, Frederick
events	The grandson is a doctor in the USA, he
	goes to his grandfather's castle and
	repeats his experiment
opinion	funny, clever

12 points divided between content and accuracy

12

8 Translate the signs.

- 1 Spanish is spoken here.
- 2 Please take your rubbish home with you.
- 3 Part-time waiter wanted.
- 4 We are looking for a qualified hairdresser.
- 5 We do not accept credit cards.

1	point fo	or each	correct	answer
•	ponition	n caci	COLLECT	ansyven

5

9 Match the signs 1–8 with the places in the box.

airport	bus	door	pub	public car park
shop car	park	shop d	oor	toilet-door

- 1 Vacant toilet door
- 2 Emergency access. Do not block.
- 3 Children are not allowed in the bar unless with an adult.
- 4 Back in 10 minutes. ___
- 5 Do not leave your luggage unattended.
- 6 Exact fare only. No change given.
- 7 This car park is locked from 9.30 p.m. to 6.30 a.m.
- 8 Parking for customers only

1 point for each correct answer

TOTAL

1 (Circle) the correct letter.

- 1 If I had more money, I ... a new car. (a) would buy b will buy c bought
- 2 I wouldn't live in a flat if I ... a princess.
 - a am b were c would be
- 3 Would she help if we asked her?
 - a Yes, she helps. b Yes, she will. c Yes, she would.
- 4 If had a ghost in my house, I ... get rid of it.
 - a won't b wouldn't c didn't
- 5 The meeting would ... early if he stopped talking.
 - a finished b be finished c finish
- 6 Where would you go if you ... a three-month holiday? a have b has c had
- 7 Would you have a servant?
 - a Yes, I will. b No, I would. c No, I wouldn't.
- 8 What ... if you met a famous person?
 - a will you say b did you say c would you say
- 9 ... I'd telephone the police.
 - **a** When I am you, **b** If I were you,
 - c If you were me,

1 point for each correct answer	
---------------------------------	--

8

2 Complete the second conditional sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1	If she (work) _	worked h	arder, she (earn)
		more money.	
2	(tidy) bedroom if I (you pay)	your you?
3	If he (eat) (be)		is birthday cake, he
4		more	unhealthy if they e.
5	•	catch the bus.	earlier, they (can)
6		som_ _ fewer taxis.	ne money if you (take)
7	If I (hit)	a park _ ·	ted car, I (not stop)
	(marry)	her?	ı,you
9			ı if you vourite film star?
	If Idoctor.	(be) you, I	(see) a

2 points for each correct verb	
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19

•				
•	Write true answers.	lica tha car	and conditional	1
•	Wille tiue allowers.	Ose the set	LONG CONGILIONAL	ı.

What would you ... 1 do if you found an expensive watch? If I found an expensive watch, I'd take it to the police. 2 say if your boss asked you to work seven days a week? 3 take if your house was on fire? 4 buy if you won a lot of money? 5 wear if you went to a princess's wedding?

8

4 (Circle) the correct form of the verbs.

1 We *(might come)*/ are coming to the party. We're not sure.

2 points for each correct answer (one per clause)

- 2 Sophia *might see / sees* them tomorrow.
- 3 England will win / might win but I would be surprised.
- 4 I've got a new job and I am starting / might start today.
- 5 We might go / are going on holiday. We have bought our tickets and packed our bags.
- 6 It isn't raining / might not rain next weekend.

1 point for each correct answer	5

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the phrasal verbs in the box.

ask out break down fall out with give up get on with grow up put on take off try on

- 1 I like it when the plane <u>takes off</u>.
- 2 Phil _____ me ____ to the cinema yesterday.
- 3 My mum her job when we were born.
- _____each other ten years ago.
- 5 Their children have all and left home.
- 6 My daughter never _____ warm clothes.
- 7 Can you come and get me? My car has _____ on the motorway.
- 8 I don't my father. We haven't spoken for ten
- 9 I like those shoes. Can I them , please?

1 point for each correct answer (.5 correct verb,	
.5 for correct form)	

NAME:			

6 Read the text and answer the questions.

Bill Murray, Dan Ackroyd, and Harold Ramis starred in the 1984 film, Ghostbusters. This comedy film tells the story of three men who open a ghostbuster office. They are paid to go into haunted homes and offices to get rid of unwanted spirits and ghosts. The film won prizes for the title song and the special effects.

When the 1972 film *The Exorcist* was shown it caused a lot of arguments between people who thought it was entertainment and others who said it was dangerous. The film tells the story of a young girl who has a bad spirit living inside her. Her mother asked a vicar to help her cure the girl. This frightening horror film won lots of awards including best picture, best actress, best sound, and best screenplay from a book.

A more recent film with a supernatural story is Bruce Willis's 1999 film, The Sixth Sense. In this film, Bruce Willis plays the part of a doctor who looks after a young boy with behavioural problems. The boy 'sees' terrible things and in the end he tells his doctor, Willis, about his supernatural secret: he is visited by ghosts. A thrilling and frightening film, it was nominated for six awards but won nothing.

				_	_	_		
1	Circle	the c	orrect	letter.	The	three	films	

- **a** are comedies. **b** are about spirits.
- **c** have won awards.

2	Which film Ghostbusters (G), The Exorcist (E), or The Sixth
	Sense (S)

1	1	won	the	moet	awards?	
		won	me	HIOSU	awarus:	

- 2 is funny? ___
- 3 is about someone with a spirit inside them? ___
- 4 is about someone who is visited by spirits? ___
- 5 is about men who look for spirits?
- 6 didn't win anything? ___
- 7 is the oldest?
- 8 made people discuss it? ___

7 Put the adverbs in the correct place.

- 1 I went to use the bathroom. (upstairs)
- 2 I'd like to go out but it's raining. (unfortunately)
- 3 She didn't work but she passed all her exams. (hard)
- 4 There was a very loud noise. (suddenly)
- 5 We waited to speak to the manager. (in the shop)
- 6 We're in Spain and my parents are here. (too)
- 7 I remembered his name after twenty minutes. (finally)
- 8 They finished their drinks. (quickly)

1 point for each correct answer	

8 Write a paragraph about a burglary. Use your own ideas or these notes to help you, and five of these adverbs: fortunately, quickly, quietly, then, too, or very.

when/happen? what happened?	last year two women took a Van Gogh painting from an American art gallery
in the end	the paintings were found in a hotel in Oklahoma

7 points divided between content and accuracy + 1 point for each adverb 12

9 Complete the social expressions in the conversations.

Conversation 1

- A (1) E xcuse me, can I buy my ticket first? My train leaves in two minutes.
- **B** (2) P ?
- A Can I buy my ticket first?
- **B** I'm (3) s_____, no. I'm late too. I'm catching the same train.

Conversation 2

- A Hello. I (4) h_____ you have got a new job.
- **B** (5) T______. I start next week.
- **A** (6) C_____!

Conversation 3

- A Do you know who the third US president was?
- **B** I (7) h_____ a c____ Why do you want to know?
- **A** I need the answer for my homework.
- **B** (8) J a m I'll look on the Internet.

10

10 Translate the social expressions.

- 1 What a pity. 2 Never mind.
- 3 Just a minute.
- 4 Same to you. _____ 5 Good luck.

1 1	point for each correct answer	



NAME:

5

		Test B			
1	(Ci	rcle the correct form of the verbs.			
	1	We <i>(might come)</i> / are coming to the party. We're not sure.			
	2 I've got a new job and I <i>am starting / might start</i> it today.				
	3	Wales <i>will / might</i> win but I would be surprised.			
	4	Sophia sees / might see them tomorrow.			
	5	It <i>isn't / might not be</i> sunny next weekend.			
	6	We <i>might go / are going</i> on holiday. We leave at 9 o'clock tonight.			
		1 point for each correct answer 5			
2	(Ci	rcle) the correct letter.			
	1	If I had more money, I a new car. (a) would buy b will buy c bought			
	2 I wouldn't drive a Skoda if I a princess. a am b were c would be				
	3 If we asked her, would she help? a Yes, she helps. b Yes, she would. c Yes, she will.				
	4 If had a ghost in my house, I get rid of it. a wouldn't b didn't c won't				
	5 If he stopped talking, the meeting would early. a finished b be finished c finish				
	6 If you a three month holiday, where would you go? a had b have c has				
	7 Would you have a servant?a No, I would. b No, I wouldn't. c Yes, I will.				
	8 What if you met a famous person? a would you say b did you say c will you say				
	9	I'd telephone the police			
		a if you were me b when I am you c if I were you			
		1 point for each correct answer 8			
3		omplete the second conditional sentences with the correct rm of the verbs in brackets.			
	1	If she (work) worked harder, she (earn) more money.			
	2	If they (leave) earlier they (can)			

rue answe would you found an e rif you wo e if your bo	you you you nd an expensive yent to you a lot	(man_you 2 point the see water a pri c of n	doctor neet) you you rry) n? ts for each econd consive w ch, l'd ta ncess's noney?	our favo	urite fi h answer hal.	lm st _? er if	tar,
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)55 aske	ed yo	u to wo	ork sevei	n days	a wee	ek?
2 points	s for each	h corre	ect answe	er (one per	clause)		8
-4- 4b	-4		46	at fa	£4b		
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out break up put o				give up	get o	n wit	h
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eir childre	n have	all_			and lef	t hon	ne.
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parked car.

_____ catch the bus.

_____some money.

5 If I (pay) _____ you, (tidy) _ you _____ your bedroom?

_ ill.

3 If you (take) ______ fewer taxis, you (save)

4 I (not stop) _____ if I (hit) ____ a

6 If he (eat) _____ all his birthday cake he (be)

NAME:			

6 Put the adverbs in the correct place.

upstairs

- 1 I went to use the bathroom. (upstairs)
- 2 There was a very loud noise. (suddenly)
- 3 I'd like to come but I don't feel well. (unfortunately)
- 4 She worked but she didn't pass all her exams. (hard)
- 5 After twenty minutes I remembered his name. (finally)
- 6 They finished their conversation. (quickly)
- 7 We waited to speak to the manager. (in the shop)
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1 point for each correct answer

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7 Read the text and answer the questions.

Bill Murray, Dan Ackroyd, and Harold Ramis starred in the 1984 film, Ghostbusters. This comedy film tells the story of three men who open a ghostbuster office. They are paid to go into haunted homes and offices to get rid of unwanted spirits and ghosts. The film won prizes for the title song and the special effects.

When the 1972 film The Exorcist was shown it caused a lot of arguments between people who thought it was entertainment and others who said it was dangerous. The film tells the story of a young girl who has a bad spirit living inside her. Her mother asked a vicar to help her cure the girl. This frightening horror film won lots of awards including best picture, best actress, best sound, and best screenplay from a book.

A more recent film with a supernatural story is Bruce Willis's 1999 film, The Sixth Sense. In this film, Bruce Willis plays the part of a doctor who looks after a young boy with behavioural problems. The boy 'sees' terrible things and in the end he tells his doctor, Willis, about his supernatural secret: he is visited by ghosts. A thrilling and frightening film, it was nominated for six awards but won nothing.

1 (Circle) the correct letter. The three films . . .

- a are comedies.
- **b** are about spirits.
- **c** have won awards.

2 Which film Ghostbusters (G), The Exorcist (E), or The Sixth *Sense* (*S*) . . .

	• •	
1	won the most awards?	
2	is funny?	
3	is about someone with a spirit inside them?	
4	is about someone who is visited by spirits?	
5	is about men who look for spirits?	
6	didn't win anything?	
7	is the oldest?	
8	made people discuss it?	

8 Write a paragraph about a burglary. Use these notes to help you, and five of these adverbs: fortunately, quickly, quietly, then, too, very.

when/happen?	last year
what happened?	two women took a Van Gogh painting from an American art gallery
in the end	the paintings were found in a hotel in Oklahoma

7 points divided between content and accuracy, + 1 point for each adverb

Λ		4.1		
y	Iranslat	e the sc	ocial exi	oressions

1	What a pity
2	Never mind.
3	Just a minute.
4	Same to you.
	Good luck.

1 point for each correct answer

5

12

10 Complete the social expressions in the conversations.

Conversation 1

A	(1) E <u>xcuse</u>	m <u>e</u>	, can I buy my ticket first?	Му
	train leaves	in two	minutes.	

A Can I buy my ticket first?

B I'm (3) s	, no. I'm	late too
--------------------	-----------	----------

Conversation 2

A Do you know who the third US President was?

_	- / \ 1		
ĸ	I (4) h	ас	. Whv
I)	1 (4/11	at	

A I need the answer for my homework.

B (5) J_____ a m____ – I'll look on the Internet.

Conversation 3

A Hello. I (6) h_____ you have got a new job.

B (7) T______'s r_____. I start next week.

A (8) C !

1 point for each correct answer	
i point for each confect answer	

TOTAL



Test A

Ν	٨	1	Е
1.7	А	IVI	г

	Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.	Britain and since then thousands of homeless people (7) a living selling it.
	1 He (live) <u>has been living</u> here for six months.	There (8) now an international
	2 Hannah (work) in a bank since May.	organization for similar magazines all over the world.
	3 How long (come) you to these lessons?	2 points for each correct answer (1 point for verb + 1 for correct form)
	4 I'm very relaxed, I (not work) today. 5 He (not eat) well since he left home.	4 Complete the columns.
	6 He looks hot. (cook) he ?	Noun Verb Noun Adjective
	7 They (work) in the snow so they are	1 waste waste 6 death
	cold and hungry.	2 belief 7 honesty
	1 point for each correct answer 6	3 promise 8 various 4 advise 9 madness
	Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect Simple or Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.	5 description 10 beauty 9
	1 I (do) <u>have been doing</u> this work all morning.	I point for each correct answer
	2 How long (drive) this car?	5 Complete the sentences with adjectives, nouns, and verbs
	3 She (find) a new boyfriend yet.	from the box. Use the correct form of the verbs. There are
	4 We (love) sailing since the first time we tried it.	two extra words.
	5 How much money (spend) you today?	wealthy wealth successful success peaceful peace invention invent die dead
	6 I (dance) all night and my feet hurt.	invention invent die dead
	7 I don't know their names. They (not live) here for very long.	1 The cat <u>died</u> yesterday.
	8 You can't speak to Mel. She (go)home.	2 The conference was very3 I don't think there will ever be everywhere
	9 She has got bad teeth so she (see) her dentist twice a week for the last six months.	in the world. 4 'Are they?' 'No, they are poor.'
1	10 Please throw away the plant, it (die)	5 What was the best of the 20th century?
1	11 Can we order our meal, please? We (wait)	6 Do you think rich people should share their?
	for 45 minutes.	7 For in your exams you must work hard.
	1 point for each correct answer 10	8 Who the telephone?
	Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs in the box.	1 point for each correct answer 7
	the box.	6 (Circle) the correct adverb.
	be bring buy come help make see sell	1 We eat out a lot – <i>nearly / mainly</i> in Indian restaurants.
	People (1) <u>buy</u> The Big Issue magazine because it contains good articles – and the money (2) homeless people. Homeless people in	2 Think about this <i>really / seriously</i> – it's an important decision.
	Britain (3) The Big Issue since 1991. The	3 I know <i>mainly / exactly</i> what you are going to say.
	idea (4) from the US magazine, Street	4 Do you speak Spanish really / fluently?
	News, which Gordon Roddick (5) on a visit to New York. He (6) the idea back to	5 'Will you buy a new car?' 'I am thinking about it carefully / possibly.'

NAME:		

- 6 'What's the time?' 'It's mainly / exactly 10.00.'
- 7 'Are you seeing him tomorrow?' 'Possibly / Nearly we haven't arranged a meeting yet.'
- 8 I possibly / mainly read books by Latin American writers.
- 9 She knows *exactly / nearly* how much everything costs.
- 10 We're nearly / really happy about the news.

1 point for each correct answer

7 Read the text. Are the sentences true (*T*), false (*F*), or don't you know (?)

Lizzy Procter buys and sells art in south east Asia.

How did you get the job?

I have been living in Thailand since my husband's job brought him here five years ago. At first, I didn't have a job and I started thinking about what I really wanted to do. I have always loved art but I can't draw or paint so I decided that the next best thing was to work with local artists. I went to meet them and they were all men. That's when I decided to concentrate on selling paintings by women.

At first, I worked with only two women artists. I arranged an exhibition at a hotel in Bangkok. I was very nervous but lots of people came to look at the pictures and we sold all of them. The following year, I arranged a second exhibition and that time there was work by five artists. Since then, I have arranged an exhibition every year and it has grown from a small beginning into quite a important occasion for local artists.

Since 2001 I have been organizing a yearly exhibition in Hong Kong. Moving all the paintings is difficult but I enjoy the challenge. I've been working alone for five years now and I love it – I don't think I could work regular hours for a boss again.

- 1 Lizzie has been living in Thailand with her husband for five years. ___
- 2 Her husband is a teacher. ___
- 3 She has been learning to paint. ___
- 4 She has been working with local artists. ___
- 5 She only works with two women artists.
- 6 The paintings are sold in her shop. ___
- 7 She has an exhibition in Hong Kong every year. ___
- 8 She moves paintings to Hong Kong on a cargo ship. ___
- 9 She hasn't enjoyed working alone.

2 points for each correct answer

18

8 Write two informal letters. First, make some notes in the table.

	thank-you letter	invitation
guest's name? what event? when? where? other information from	visit to a friend's house	21st birthday party

5 points for each invitation

9 Put the conversations in order.

_	. •	-
Conv	versation	

☐ Good afternoon. Kensington English Language
Bookshop.
Yes, of course.
Yes, of course.
☐ Hold on, I'll connect you I'm sorry she isn't in her

011100
Hello. Can I speak to Janet Nelson, please?

Could you take a mes	_
Could you take a mag	Samos
Louid you take a files	ssage:

Could you tell her that Yolanda Carlisle phoned and
I'll try again later?

8 Thank you, goodbye.

Conversation 2

1	Hello.
---	--------

Цï	ic	Davina	thoras

In	about	half	an	hour.

No, I'm sorry but she's out. Do you want to leave a
message?

No, it's OK thanks. I'll try again later. Do you know	V
when she'll be back?	

6 Thanks. Goodbye.

10

10 Translate the telephone English.

1	Who's speaking?
	Hold on.
	I'll connect you.
	Speaking.
	Can I take a message?
6	I'm sorry, he's out.
	Can I speak to Julie, please?

1 point for each correct answer



TOTAL



Test B

NAME:

Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect Simple or Continuous form of verbs in brackets.	(6) the idea back to Britain and since then thousands of homeless people (7) a living selling it.
1 I (do) <i>have been doing</i> this work all morning.	There (8) now an international organization for similar
2 We (love) sailing since the first time we tried it.	magazines all over the world.
3 How much money (spend) you today?	2 points for each correct answer (1 point for verb + 1 for correct form)
4 My feet hurt. I (dance) all night.	A Complete the contenses with adiactives mayne and your
5 I don't know their names. They (not live) here for very long.	4 Complete the sentences with adjectives, nouns, and verbs from the box. Use the correct form of the verbs. There are two extra words.
6 Please throw away the plant, it (die)	
7 Can we order our meal, please? We (wait) for 45 minutes.	dead die invent invention peace peaceful success successful wealth wealthy
8 She has got bad teeth so she (see) her dentist twice a week for the last six months.	1 The cat <u>died</u> yesterday.
9 You can't speak to Mel. She (go) home.	2 What was the best of the 20th century?
10 How long (drive) you this car?	3 Do you think rich people should share their?
11 She (find) a new flat yet.	4 For in your exams you must work hard.
1 point for each correct answer 10	5 Who the telephone?
	6 They aren't, they're poor!
2 Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.	7 I don't think there will ever be everywhere in the world.
1 He (live) _has been living _ here for six months.	8 The conference was very
2 He looks hot. (cook) he	1 point for each correct answer 7
They (work) in the snow so they are	5 (Circle) the correct adverb.
cold and hungry.	1 We eat out a lot – <i>(mainly)/ nearly</i> in fast food
4 Hannah (not work) since May.	restaurants.
5 How long (come) you to these lessons?	2 This is an important decision – so think about it <i>seriously / really</i> .
6 I'm very tired, I (work) hard today.	3 I know mainly / exactly what you are going to say.
7 She (not eat) well since she left home.	4 They know <i>nearly / exactly</i> how much everything costs.
1 point for each correct answer 6	5 We're nearly / really happy for you.
_	6 Does Joe speak Italian really / fluently?
Complete the paragraph with the correct form of the verbs in the box.	7 'Will you sell your car?' 'I am thinking about it carefully / possibly.'
be bring buy come help make see sell	8 I <i>mainly / possibly</i> read books by Latin American writers.
People (1) <u>buy</u> The Big Issue magazine because it contains good	9 'What's the time?' 'It's exactly / mainly 10.00.'
articles – and the money (2) homeless people. Homeless people in Britain (3) <i>The Big Issue</i> since 1991.	10 'Are you going for the interview?' 'Possibly / Nearly – I haven't decided yet.'
The idea (4) from the US magazine, <i>Street News</i> , which Gordon Roddick (5) on a visit to New York. He	1 point for each correct answer 9

NAME:			

6 Complete the columns.

Noun	Verb	Noun	Adjective
1 waste	waste	6 death	
2 belief		7 honesty	
3	promise	8	various
4	advise	9 madness	
5 description		10 beauty	

1 point for each correct answer

9

7 Read the text. Are the sentences true (*T*), false (*F*), or don't you know (?).

Lizzy Procter buys and sells art in south east Asia.

How did you get the job?

I have been living in Thailand since my husband's job brought him here five years ago. At first, I didn't have a job and I started thinking about what I really wanted to do. I have always loved art but I can't draw or paint so I decided that the next best thing was to work with local artists. I went to meet them and they were all men. That's when I decided to concentrate on selling paintings by women.

At first, I worked with only two women artists. I arranged an exhibition at a hotel in Bangkok. I was very nervous but lots of people came to look at the pictures and we sold all of them. The following year, I arranged a second exhibition and that time there was work by five artists. Since then, I have arranged an exhibition every year and it has grown from a small beginning into quite a important occasion for local artists.

Since 2001 I have been organizing a yearly exhibition in Hong Kong. Moving all the paintings is difficult but I enjoy the challenge. I've been working alone for five years now and I love it - I don't think I could work regular hours for a boss again.

1	Lizzie has been living in Thailand with her husband for five years.	
2	Her husband is a teacher.	
3	She has been learning to paint.	
4	She has been working with local artists.	
5	She only works with two women artists.	
6	The paintings are sold in her shop.	
7	She has an exhibition in Hong Kong every year.	
8	She moves the paintings to Hong Kong on a cargo ship.	
9	She hasn't enjoyed working alone.	_
	2 points for each correct answer	18

8 Write two informal letters. First, make some notes in the chart.

	thank-you letter	invitation
guest's name? what event? when? where? other information from	visit to a friend's house	21st birthday party

5 points for each invitation

10

9	Translate	the t	elephone	English.

1	wno s speaking?	
2	Hold on.	
3	I'll connect you.	
4	Speaking.	
5	Can I take a message?	
	I'm sorry, he's out.	

1 point for each correct answer

10 Put the conversations in order.

7 Can I speak to Julie, please?

Conversation 1

1 Good afternoon.	Kensington	English	Language
Bookshop.			

Vac	of course
Yes.	or course

3.7	c
Yes	of course

Hello.	Can I	speak to	Janet Ne	lson, p	lease

Hold on, I'll connect you.	I'm sorry she isn't in her
office.	·

Could	l you tell her that Yolanda Carlisle phoned and
I'll try	y again later?

- __Could you take a message?
- <u>8</u> Thank you, goodbye.

Conversation 2

1 Hello.

- __No, I'm sorry but she's out. Do you want to leave a message?
- __ No, it's OK thanks. I'll try again later. Do you know when she'll be back?
- __ Hi, is Davina there?
- In about half an hour.
- 6 Thanks. Goodbye.

1 point for each correct answer

10

100 **TOTAL**

1	Circle the	correct	answers

- 1 The lesson started although some students ... **a** aren't arriving yet. (**b**) hadn't arrived. c hasn't arrived.
- 2 I couldn't go skiing because ... my leg. a I'd broke b I've broken c I'd broken
- 3 I ... angry because she'd forgotten my birthday. a am b was c will be
- 4 When I ... into the kitchen I found the dog had eaten all the meat.
 - a go b went c had been
- 5 My eyes hurt because I ... my glasses all weekend. a hadn't wore b hadn't worn c hadn't wear
- 6 They ... me that they had seen me earlier that day. a didn't tell b hadn't tell c haven't told
- 7 Had Judith taken her driving test before? ... **a** Yes, she has. **b** Yes, she taken. **c** Yes, she had.

	1	point for	each	correct	answer
--	---	-----------	------	---------	--------

2 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple and Past Perfect.

1	He (sell) <u>sold</u>	_ his house because his wife (leave)
	had lefthin	n.
2	He (go) him	home early so I (not see)
3		at the station ten minutes re)
4	. ,	the answer fifteen xam (finish)
5		his son to the zoo because it when he was young.
		1 point for each correct verb form 8

3 Use the verbs in the box to complete the questions and short answers. Use the Past Perfect. There is one extra verb.

	meet	put	rain	see	study	want
1	Had	_ she	seel	<u>1</u> tł	ne film	before? No, she <u>hadn't</u> .
2		_ you	ı	tl	hem be	fore? Yes, I
3						before he became an
	accou	ntant	? Yes,			·
4		_ the	ey	t	he chil	dren to bed early? No,
5		it	·	in t	he nigh	nt? No,
				2 μ	ooints for	each correct answer 8

4	Change	the	direct	speech	to re	ported	speech
---	--------	-----	--------	--------	-------	--------	--------

1	'I want an ice-cream.' She said <u>she wanted an ice-cream</u>
2	'We'll help you to paint the house.' They said
3	'I can't play the piano.' He said
4	'We saw them in January.' They told
5	'I'm going to work at 7.00.' She said
6	'I think I know the answer.' He said
7	'I've eaten snake meat in China.' She told
8	'We didn't watch the film.' They said
9	'We don't live in a flat.' They said
10	'We can speak Spanish.' They told
11	'I haven't seen my sister for a week.' He said

5 (Circle) the correct words.

- 1 My uncle is a *boyfriend* / (bachelor). He is unmarried.
- 2 That is good news! I'm desperate / delighted to hear it!
- 3 Let's *throw / toss* a coin to decide the winner.
- 4 To find north, look at your shadow / silhouette at 12.00.
- 5 I asked a *solicitor / character* for legal advice.
- 6 They had a violent *quarrel* / *revenge* outside the bar.
- 7 The joke wasn't funny it was *furious / cruel*.
- 8 After we quarrelled, we soon made up / in.

1 point for each correct answer

1 point for each correct answer

10

6 Match the pairs of words with the pairs of sentences. Write the correct word in the correct sentence.

	hear/listen game/play rob/steal journey/travel lend/borrow cook/cooker last/latest
	Terial borrow Cook Cooker tast/ tatest
1	I always take a book on a <i>journey</i> .
	She won't <u>travel</u> by plane.
2	She always likes to see the films.
	He made his film in 1987.
3	I books from the library.

I can _____ you a dictionary.

Did you to my new CD? Did you that noisy party last night? Did you a glass from the bar? I think he's going to a post office.	 8 Use these prompts to write a short story. • who? • what happened? • he told her • she thought • they decided to • one year later
6 Let's cards. Shall we have a of cards?	14 points divided between accuracy and content 14
7 Clean the He's a terrible	9 Match the sentences with the situations.
1 point for each correct answer 12 Read the article. Are the sentences true (7), false (F), or don't	 Bye! See you tomorrow! <u>f</u> Goodbye. Good luck in your exams Thanks for having us. You must come to us next year
George Franklin married his wartime girlfriend, Betsy Kennedy, last Friday – fifty-five years after they had first met at a dance. The couple's romance started after George, an American, had been sent to an army base near Betsy's home in England. The couple, who were both seventeen at the time, were separated when George was sent to the Pacific. They wrote to each other every day for two years but at the end of the war George returned to the US. George and Betsy both married other people but they never forgot about each other. In 2002, four years after his wife had died, George decided to search for Betsy through the Internet. It took him six months and at the end of that time he was amazed to get an email from Betsy's daughter inviting him to visit Britain. Betsy, who had divorced her husband in the 1980s, said, 'I was so excited when I heard from George. I had never forgotten him. When we met him at the airport, I was delighted – he looked exactly the same, he hadn't changed in all those years.' George told our reporter, 'I hadn't seen her for more than half a century but I knew immediately that I wanted to marry her. My only	4 Thank you for coming to talk to us. We'll contact you before the end of the week 5 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening 6 Bye! Have a great weekend. See you Monday At the end of a a holiday. b an interview. c a language course. d a dinner party. e the week. f the day. 1 point for each correct answer5 1 to a friend getting on a train
regret is that I hadn't looked for her sooner. We have both kept all those letters we wrote in the war.'	2 to a friend after a visit to the cinema
 George and Betsy got married fifty-five years ago The couple met when they were teenagers Betsy was a soldier 	3 to your grandparents after a meal with them
They didn't write letters after he had left Britain George went home after the war	4 to your teacher at the end of term
6 They hadn't forgotten about each other7 Betsy looked for George after her husband had died	5 to a boy/girlfriend before they go away for a month
8 George has a daughter	

NAME:

1	(Circle) the	correct	answers
	\		

- 1 The lesson started although some students ... **a** aren't arriving yet. (**b**) hadn't arrived. c hasn't arrived.
- 2 She couldn't go skiing because ... her leg. a she's broken b she'd broken c she'd broke
- 3 I... angry because she'd forgotten my birthday. a will be b am c was
- 4 When he ... into the kitchen he found the cat had eaten the chicken.
 - a had been b went c go
- 5 I was cold because I ... my coat.
 - **a** hadn't wear **b** hadn't wore **c** hadn't worn
- 6 I... her that I had seen her earlier that day. a haven't told b didn't tell c hadn't tell
- 7 Had Elizabeth taken the test before? ...
 - **a** Yes, she has. **b** Yes, she taken. **c** Yes, she had.

1 point for each correct answer

2 Use the verbs in the box to complete the questions and short answers. Use the Past Perfect. There is one extra verb.

	meet put rain see study want
1	<u>Had</u> she <u>seen</u> the film before? No, she <u>hadn't</u> .
2	it in the night? No,
3	they the children to bed early? No,
4	he medicine before he became an accountant? Yes,
5	you her before? Yes, I
	2 points for each correct answer 8

3 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple and Past Perfect.

1	He (sell) sold (leave) had left	_ his house because his wife _ him.
2	She (take)she (enjoy)	her son ice skating because it when she was young.
3	Jack (go) him.	home early so I (not see)
4	They (arrive)bus (leave)	at the bus-stop after the
5	Fifteen minutes after t I (remember)	
	2 p	points for each correct answer 8

4	Change	the	direct	speech	to re	ported	speech.
---	--------	-----	--------	--------	-------	--------	---------

1	I want an ice-cream.
	She said <u>she wanted an ice-cream</u>
2	'I think I know the answer.'
_	He said
3	'I've eaten snake meat in China.' She told
4	'We didn't watch TV on holiday.' They said
5	'I don't live in a house.' He said
6	'We can speak Italian.' They told
7	'I haven't seen my family for three years.' He said
8	'I'll help you to paint the house.' She said
9	'They can't play any instruments.' He said
10	'We saw her in January.' They told
11	'I'm going to work at 7.00.' She said

- **5** (Circle) the correct words.
 - 1 My uncle is a boyfriend / bachelop. He is unmarried.
 - 2 Look at your *silhouette / shadow* at 12.00 to find north.
 - 3 The tree *swayed* / *behaved* in the wind.
 - 4 I asked a *character / solicitor* for legal advice.
 - 5 That's good news! I'm *delighted / desperate* to hear it!
 - 6 Let's toss / throw a coin to decide the winner.
 - 7 The joke wasn't funny it was *cruel / furious*.
 - 8 We had a violent *quarrel / revenge* on holiday.

1 point for each correct answer

1 point for each correct answer

7

6 Match the pairs of words with the pairs of sentences. Write the correct word in the correct sentence.

hear/listen	game/play	rob/steal	journey/travel
lend/borrow	cook/cook	er last/la	test

- 1 I always take a book on a journey . She won't *travel* by plane.
- 2 I think he's going to _____ a post office. Did you _____ a glass from the bar?

Calcan be She's a terrible She's a terrible		3 I books from the library.	8 Use the prompts to write a short story.
12 10 12 12 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15		4 Clean the She's a terrible 5 He always likes to see the films. She made her film in 1987. 6 Shall we cards? Let's have a of cards. 7 Can we to my new CD?	who? what happened? what had happened? he told her she thought they decided to
2 to your teacher at the end of term	7	1 point for each correct answer 12 Read the article. Are the sentences true (T), false (F), or don't	9 Write a goodbye sentence
Coorge decided to search for Betsy through the Internet. It took him six months and at the end of that time he was amazed to get an email from Betsy's daughter inviting him to visit Britain. Betsy, who had divorced her husband in the 1980s, said, 'I was so excited when I heard from George. I had never forgotten him. When we met him at the airport, I was delighted – he looked exactly the same, he hadn't changed in all those years.' George told our reporter, 'I hadn't seen her for more than half a century but I knew immediately that I wanted to marry her. My only regret is that I hadn't looked for her sooner. We have both kept all those letters we wrote in the war. 1 George and Betsy got married fifty-five years ago. 2 The couple met when they were teenagers. 3 Betsy was a soldier. 4 They didn't write letters after he had left Britain. 5 George wand Betsy hadn't forgotten about each other. 7 Betsy looked for George after her husband had died. 8 George has a daughter. 9 Betsy recognized George at the airport. 10 George wasn't sure about getting married again. 2 points for each correct answer [10] 10 Match the goodbye sentences with the situations. 1 Bye! See you tomorrow! 2 Thanks for having us. You must come to us next year. 3 Goodbye. Good luck in your exams. 4 Bye! Have a great weekend. See you Monday. 5 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening. 6 Thank you for coming to talk to us. We'll contact you before the end of the week. At the end of a a language course. b a dinner party. c a holiday. d an interview. e the week. f the day.		George Franklin married his wartime girlfriend, Betsy Kennedy, last Friday – fifty-five years after they had first met at a dance. The couple's romance started after George, an American, had been sent to an army base near Betsy's home in England. The couple, who were both seventeen at the time, were separated when George was sent to the Pacific. They wrote to each other every day for two years but at the end of the war George returned to the US. George and Betsy both married other people but they never	2 to your teacher at the end of term 3 to your grandparents after a meal with them 4 to a friend after a visit to the cinema
1 George and Betsy got married fifty-five years ago 2 The couple met when they were teenagers 3 Betsy was a soldier 4 They didn't write letters after he had left Britain 5 George went home after the war 6 George and Betsy hadn't forgotten about each other 7 Betsy looked for George after her husband had died 8 George has a daughter 9 Betsy recognized George at the airport 10 George wasn't sure about getting married again 2 points for each correct answer 2 points for each correct answer 2 points for each correct answer 5 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening 6 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening 6 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening 6 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening 6 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening 6 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening 6 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening 6 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening 6 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening 6 Thank you for coming to talk to us. We'll contact you before the end of the week. At the end of a a language course. b a dinner party. c a holiday. d an interview. e the week. f the day.		George decided to search for Betsy through the Internet. It took him six months and at the end of that time he was amazed to get an email from Betsy's daughter inviting him to visit Britain. Betsy, who had divorced her husband in the 1980s, said, 'I was so excited when I heard from George. I had never forgotten him. When we met him at the airport, I was delighted – he looked exactly the same, he hadn't changed in all those years.' George told our reporter, 'I hadn't seen her for more than half a century but I knew immediately that I wanted to marry her. My only regret is that I hadn't looked for her sooner. We have both kept all	10 Match the goodbye sentences with the situations. 1 Bye! See you tomorrow! 2 Thanks for having us. You must come to us next year. 3 Goodbye. Good luck in your exams.
2 points for each correct answer 20		 2 The couple met when they were teenagers 3 Betsy was a soldier 4 They didn't write letters after he had left Britain 5 George went home after the war 6 George and Betsy hadn't forgotten about each other 7 Betsy looked for George after her husband had died 8 George has a daughter 9 Betsy recognized George at the airport 	 5 Thank you for a delicious meal and a lovely evening 6 Thank you for coming to talk to us. We'll contact you before the end of the week At the end of a a language course. b a dinner party. c a holiday. d an interview. e the week.
TOTAL LANGE			1 point for each correct answer 5 TOTAL 100

NAME:



Review Test (Units 1–7)

1	Circle) the correct letter.	2 Complete the short conversations with the correct form of
	1 My friends in Latin America this month.	verbs in brackets.
	a travel b travelling c are travelling	1 A (1 live) <u>Do</u> you <u>live</u> near here?
	2 You look terrible you some bad news?	B Yes, I do. I (2 have)a flat in the centre of town.
	a Have heard b Do hear c Are hearing3 she in your office?	2 A (3 eat) you lunch yet?
	a Does working b Who working	B Yes, I have. I (4 have) a sandwich an hour ago.
	c Does work	3 A What (5 wear) you this evening?
	4 Can I help? I your suitcase for you.	B I'm not sure. I think I (6 wear) jeans.
	a am carrying b carry c will carry	4 A What do you want (7 be) when you grow up?
	5 We the train last night. a didn't catch b didn't caught c catched	B I (8 going to + be) a scientist.
	6 The weather in Britain warm in July.	5 A My dinner guests (9 arrive) two hours early!
	a are b is c be	B What (10 do) you?
	7 What is the test like?	A I (11 wash) my hair.
	a Easy. b Easily. c Easiest.	1 point for each correct answer 10
	8 When the teacher the students were making a noise. a was arriving b arrived c arrives	3 Write the questions words and true answers.
	9 The car through the red light.	1 _ <i>What</i> 's your name?
	a went b didn't went c go	2 do you live?
	10 There are bottles of beer in the fridge.	3 do you do?
	a a few b a little c any	4 of music do you like?
	11 you me the secret? a Will tell b Are telling c Do tell	5 brothers and sisters have you got?
	12 The <i>Titanic</i> sank in Atlantic Ocean. a an b a c the	6book are you using? <u>Headway</u> .
	13 an engineer. I enjoy it.	1 point for each question word +
	a I like being b I would like to be c I want to be	one for each correct answer
	14 a drink. I'm very thirsty.a I like b I wouldn't like c I would like	4 Complete the words.
	15 He a shower before he goes to bed.	1 She loves music. She's a music <u>ian</u> .
	a has got b does c has	2 He doesn't like science but he's a scien
	16 Can I have cake, please?	3 Picasso was an art who changed the world of art.
	a any b some c a few	4 She speaks four languages. She's a UN interpret
	17 What is your mother like? a Sailing and swimming.	5 I enjoy reading about politics and politic
	b Impatient and unfriendly. c Helping people.	6 There's an electrical fault so we need an electric
	18 We talked while we dinner.	1 point for each correct answer 5
	a eating b eat c were eating	5 Match the verbs in the box with the nouns.
	19 That's the joke in the world. a funnier b funniest c more funny	With the verbs in the box with the flours.
	20 He her tonight – he is too busy.	pack pay order make wear cash
	a isn't seeing b doesn't see c not seeing	1 order a most 4
	21 I here since 2001.	1 <u>order</u> a meal 4 a suitcase
	a worked b am working c have worked	2 a suit 5 a cheque 3 a phone call 6 a bill
		a priorie catt 0 a vitt

20

1 point for each correct answer

1 point for each correct answer

5

10

NAME:			

6 Write the noun or adjective.

Noun	Adjective	Noun	Adjective
1 noise	noisy	7 medicine	
2 difference		8 fortune	
3 health		9 wind	
4 mess		10 romance	
5	generous	11 success	
6	polluted		

0.5	point	for	each	correct	answer
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7 Read the article about Angus and Harriet. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Angus Turner and Harriet Parker are one of Britain's most famous young couples. He wrote his first book when he was fifteen and since then he has written five more. She became famous two years ago when her first album, Care, was number one for three months.

Angus: We've been together for four years. When we met, I was working in a bar and Harriet was in her last year at college. She came into the bar with some friends and it was love at first sight.

Harriet: I adore him – I haven't looked at another man since that day. I'm pleased we met then – before we became famous. We have a normal life together because we met when we had nothing. We've got money now and we're famous but we haven't changed.

Angus: We got married and moved to this flat two months after we met. We can afford something bigger now but we haven't got enough time to find another one. Also, we've spent a lot of time on this place: I've painted the walls and built the bookcases. Harriet's has made a beautiful little garden on the balcony.

Harriet: Some things have changed since we both became famous - we are both very busy but we spend as much time together as possible. When I'm touring, Angus comes with me and writes his books in the hotel bedroom.

Angus: I trust Harriet one hundred per cent but I hate being away from her so I'm happy to fly all over the world with my laptop.

- 1 Angus is a singer and Harriet is a writer. ___
- 2 They met while Harriet was studying. ___
- 3 They were both famous when they met. ___
- 4 They are different people now they are famous. ___
- 5 They moved into their flat a month after they met. ___
- 6 They are going to buy a bigger flat. ___
- 7 Harriet made the balcony into a small garden. ___
- 8 When Harriet goes on tour, Angus goes with her. ___
- 9 Angus writes his books in hotel rooms. ___
- 10 He'd prefer to stay at home than fly all over the world.

		20
--	--	----

8	You are away from home. \	Write an e	email or a	a postcard t	o i
	friend. Tell them:				

- where you are
- what you are going to do
- what you are doing
- · what you have and haven't enjoyed

what yo	u have done
---------	-------------

8 points divided between accuracy and content,	ĺ
2 for layout and appropriate opening/closing	Į

9	Trans	ate	these	cente	nces
7	Halls	ıale	uiese	sente	nces

1	Where's the car	park?	
---	-----------------	-------	--

- 2 That's very kind of you.
- 3 Make yourself at home.
- 4 It's opposite the station. ___
- 5 I'm fed up with this test.
- 6 How much do I owe you? _____
- 7 How are you finding your new job? _____
- 8 Cheers! __
- 9 Can I help you? _____

10	Are you good at ches	002
10	Are you good at ches	55:

point for each correct answer	10

10 Put the words in order to make short conversations.

1	Δ	VO11	rock'n	rol12	like	Dο
1	Α	vou	TOCK II	TOIL	пке	טע

P don't No I Ligger profes

|--|

D	don t No, 1. 1 jazz. prefer

2 A you born? know Do time you exactly what were

В	the I at four born o'clock in morning. was	

3 A parents Were strict? your

B were. Yes, they gave they me freedom. But enough

1 point for each correct answer

10

$T \cap T \Delta I$
IOIAL



1

Exit Test (Units 1-14)

Circle the correct letter.		2 Write the sentences in reported speech.
1 If she wants to pass the a might b will c	should	1 'I live at number 22.' <u>He said he lived at number 22.</u>2 'I've swum in the Pacific Ocean.'
	es have c Is have	She told 3 'We'll meet you at the station.'
3 When I arrived at 8.00 a have gone b had v	vent c had gone	They said 4 'We can't speak Chinese.'
4 I don't think it rain a must b could c	will	They told 5 'I'm going to see Anna later.'
5 Please water the plants a as soon as b until	c while	She said 6 'I sold my car.' He told
C	Yes, he has. c Yes, has.	1 point for each correct answer 5
	vas smoking c use to smoke	Complete the questions and write true answers.1 What are you going to do when you get home?
8 Mercedes cars in a Be make b Are c Are made		I'm going to have dinner, then watch a DVD.
9 Can we have coffee? a some b any c a		2 you have to work long hours?
10 If we lived in Spain, we a do b 'll c 'd		3 did your teacher say before this test?
11 After the meal we all w a dance. b dancing.		4 you learn to walk before you were a year old?
12 I go to the party – I' a can't b won't c	'll decide later.	5long have you been learning English?
13 If they arrive early,a dinner won't be readc dinner isn't ready.		6 would you do if you won a lot of money?
14 He in Paris since 19 a lives b has lived		7 your shoes made in China?
15 You go home before a might b should	e it gets dark.	8 did you use to go on holiday when you were five
16 How long have you a known b knew		1 point for each question word, 1 for each answer 14
17 Tomatoes in snow! a grows b aren't gro	own c didn't grew	4 Match 1–11 with the words in the box to make phrases. There is one extra word.
18 I a shower when the a am in b have c	•	angry away a coin a coat a favour a job a living a photo rice room a secret store a telephone
19 He's learning English b money.		1 take <u>a photo</u> 7 do me
a earning b earns20 What do the children lia Watching TV. b St	ike doing?	2 go 8 double 3 give up 9 department 4 keep 10 put on
1 p	point for each correct answer 19	5 get 11 grow 6 toss 12 earn
		1 point for each correct answer

This plane carried car go , not passengers. You always sleep late – you should buy an al cl	
	5 points for contact + 5 for layout, register, and salutations
Did you like that book? Was it inter?	8 Translate these sentences.
The children were bor It was a long journey.	1 Thank you for a lovely evening.
Debbie has been exercising and eating lots of fruit and	
vegetables so she has lost we	2 If I were you.
Please lo af the baby while I'm shopping.	3 Just a minute.
I saw an adver for English classes.	4 What a pity
The plane to o two hours late.	5 Please keep off the grass
Don't tell him – he can't keep a sec	6 What seems to be the matter?
What does he look like? Can you descr him?	7 How can I help you?
what does he look like. Can you descrinin.	8 See you later.
1 point for each correct answer 9	1 point for each correct answer
ead the three texts about films and answer the questions.	9 Put the words in order to make short conversations.
Groundhog Day Comedian Bill Murray plays the part of a TV	1 A phone you know Do my is? where
eatherman who is sent to report on Groundhog Day in a small,	Do you know where my phone is?
oring town. He doesn't like the town but bad weather traps him here. When he wakes up the next day he finds that it is Groundhog ay – again. Time doesn't move forward and the reporter has to live	B a I clue. haven't got won't I've need You got it, mine.
prough Groundhog Day again and again and again. Peggy Sue Got Married Peggy Sue is a 43-year-old housewife	2 A Hello. that Jenny? Is
ho goes to see her old school friends at a party. At the party, she Ils down and when she wakes up it is 1960 again. Peggy Sue has a eventeen-year-old body but the ideas of a forty-three-year-old. The	B she's moment. out at afraid I'm the
m asks the Big Question: if you lived your life again, would you do differently?	3 A you. have me a look at Let
The Time Machine This is another film of HG Wells' 19th century tience-fiction novel. A scientist builds a machine to prove that time	you a sore got throat? Have
avel is possible. He wants to go back in time to change the past but s machine takes him 800,000 years into the future. He discovers hat the human race is divided into two groups of people: one that	B Yes, have, actually. I
ves above the ground and the other that lives under the ground.	4 A so could eat a I'm I horse! hungry!
which film A, B, or C	B sandwich? horse, you I haven't a a but got would like
does time stand still?	
does the character want to travel through time? does time go backwards?	5 A please. reservation, like make I'd to a
does the character travel the wrong way through time?	B Certainly. double a want a you or single? Do
can't the character escape from the town?	A double? much is a How
has been made before?	A double: much is a flow
does time go forwards?	

NAME:



Neighbours Unit 1

Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Alex:

- 1 moved to his new flat a month ago. ___
- 2 drives to work. ___
- 3 says hello to his neighbours.
- 4 likes the woman in Flat 3. ___
- 5 says Poppy lives with her mother. ___
- 6 says Poppy has got a boyfriend. ___

Poppy:

- 7 moved to her new flat a month ago._
- 8 was married. ___
- 9 likes most of her neighbours. ___
- 10 doesn't like the new man in the building. __

2 points for each correct answer

20

Unit 3 A news story

Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 The police got the thief. ___
- 2 The robbery was successful. ___
- 3 Mrs Elliot was counting money when the thief went in. ___
- 4 She heard the man.
- 5 She gave him the money. ___
- 6 The thief shouted at her. ___
- 7 She telephoned the police. ___
- 8 She only knew it was a robbery when the police arrived. ___
- 9 She was frightened.
- 10 When she told the thief to wait, he left. ___

2 points for each correct answer



Unit 5 My favourite thing

Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Minnie ...

- 1 loves music. __
- 2 can't sing. ___
- 3 is in three choirs (singing groups).
- 4 sang in a school concert a week ago._
- 5 is going to Vienna in Austria this year. _
- 6 doesn't want to go to Vienna. ___
- 7 loves playing the piano. ___
- 8 wants her parents to buy a piano.
- 9 is spoilt. ___
- 10 will ask for piano lessons later. ___

2 points for each correct answer

20

Unit 2 You drive me mad!

Listen. Circle the correct word or phrase.

- 1 Her husband's name is / isn't Bill.
- 2 He is / isn't a great husband.
- 3 When he reads the newspaper, he can / can't hear the children.
- 4 He listens / doesn't listen when she speaks.
- 5 She *doesn't mind / gets angry* when he doesn't listen.
- 6 He says his wife *is / isn't* wonderful.
- 7 She talks too much / asks too many questions.
- 8 He *does / doesn't* take her seriously.
- 9 It drives him mad / doesn't drive him mad when she talks during a football match.
- 10 She doesn't *mind | like* him talking when she's watching TV.

Unit 4 The weekend shop

T 4 Listen to the telephone conversation. Circle) the correct word or phrase.

- 1 He is *outside* / *inside* the supermarket.
- 2 He *has got / forgot* the shopping list.
- 3 They need a kilo / half a kilo of tomatoes.
- 4 He is going to buy lots of / a few apples.
- 5 they need some *oranges* / *orange*
- 6 They need a litre of beer / milk.
- 7 He is / isn't going to buy any chocolate.
- 8 He is / isn't going to buy any crisps.
- 9 The supermarket is *busy / empty*.
- 10 He'll be home in an hour / half an hour.

2	points	for	each	correct	answer
-	p 0c				a

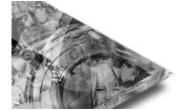
Unit 6 What's Hong Kong like?

T 6 Listen. (Circle) the correct answers.

- 1 People *always / never* ask, 'Is it very crowded?'
- 2 It *is / isn't* a busy city.
- 3 The countryside is wonderful/ terrible.
- 4 The city *is / isn't* very exciting.
- 5 She works / doesn't work harder than in London.
- 6 Her journey to work is *nicer than* / not as nice as her journey in Britain.
- 7 The sea water *is / isn't* polluted.
- 8 Traffic pollution is better / worse than it was.
- 9 Rent is the *biggest / smallest* expense for people in Hong Kong.
- 10 Her rent is more expensive / cheaper than in London.

2	? points	for	each	correct	answer





Unit 7 My grandparents

Listen. (Circle) the correct answers.

- 1 His grandparents are / aren't retired.
- 2 They travel to Spain / anywhere warm.
- 3 They have bought / want to buy a camper van.
- 4 They sometimes / never stay in hotels.
- 5 They are / aren't in England now.
- 6 They have been *sightseeing | living* in Granada.
- 7 They have / haven't sent any emails.
- 8 The camper van *has / has never* broken down.
- 9 Their grandfather *can | can't* repair the van.
- 10 Their grandmother has learned / has always spoken French and Spanish.

2 p	ooints	for	each	correct	answer
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Unit 9 The future of our world

Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 This is part of a radio programme. ___
- 2 The guests are there to talk about optimists. ___
- The presenter wants listeners to telephone the programme. ___
- 4 Silvana thinks the world will be worse in the future. ___
- She thinks big companies will help people in poor countries. ___
- 6 Lewis agrees with Silvana. ___
- 7 Lewis thinks there won't be a world government. ___
- 8 Silvana thinks there won't be a world government. ___
- 9 Silvana thinks there will be wars all the time. ___
- 10 Harriet is in the studio.

2 points for each correct answer

20

Unit 8 My job

T 8 Listen. Write short answers.

- 1 Is Bella a supply teacher? __
- 2 Do the head teachers always call her a week before she teaches?
- 3 Does she work regular hours? ___
- 4 Does she see the same class every day?
- 5 Does she do special things with the classes?
- 6 Has she always been a supply teacher?
- 7 When did she stop full-time teaching? ___
- 8 Does she have to do a lot of preparation?
- 9 Does she teach every day? _
- 10 Why does she prefer her job now? _

2 points for each correct answer

20

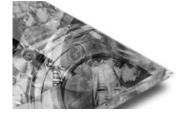
Unit 10 My life now and then

T 10 Listen. (Circle) the correct answers.

The speaker ...

- 1 likes / doesn't like her life now.
- 2 has had her job for three / two years.
- 3 enjoys doing *simple* / *expensive* things.
- 4 was / is a student.
- 5 used to be *rich / poor*.
- 6 used to / didn't use to be a medical student.
- 7 *used to | didn't use to* have a full-time job.
- 8 found it easy / difficult to study and work.
- 9 was a medical student four years ago / for four years.
- 10 gave up / finished her medical training.

2 points for each correct answer



Unit 11 The history of tea in Britain

Listen. Circle) the correct answers.

- 1 Harry Perkins ... tea.
 - a likes drinking
 - **b** knows a lot about
 - c wants some
- 2 Tea has been drunk in Britain for ...
 - a 200,000,000
 - **b** 350
 - **c** 4,000
- 3 Tea was first drunk in ...
 - a Britain.
 - **b** Europe.
 - c China.
- 4 The first cup of tea was ...
 - **a** an accident.
 - **b** a good idea.
 - c a cold drink.
- 5 Tea ... brought to Europe by the Portuguese.
 - a didn't use to be
 - **b** wasn't
 - c may have been
- 6 Tea ... drunk in Britain in the 17th century.
 - a wasn't
 - **b** was
 - c may have been
- 7 Tea took about ... to ship to Europe from Asia.
 - a a month
 - **b** a year
 - c 6 weeks
- 8 ... drank tea in 18th-century Britain.
 - a Nobody
 - **b** Everybody
 - **c** Some people
- 9 Why was tea locked in silver boxes?
 - a Because rich people might drink it.
 - **b** Because servants might steal it.
 - c Because sailors might sell it.
- 10 In the 21st century, tea is ...
 - a cheaper.
 - **b** nicer.
 - c more expensive.

Unit 12 Who knows?

Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 Stuart hasn't left school yet. ___
- 2 He might go on holiday with his parents._
- 3 He has plans for the rest of the summer. __
- 4 He will get a summer job. ___
- 5 He doesn't want a summer job.
- 6 He's not going to leave home when he goes to college. ___
- 7 He thinks he is going to pass his exams.
- 8 He hasn't a plan for his future if he fails his exams.
- He wouldn't take his exams again.
- 10 He knows his parents won't let him get a job if he fails. ___

,	2 points for each correct answer
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20

Unit 13 A business trip

T 13 Listen. Circle the correct answer.

- 1 Thomas / Ilona is away from home.
- 2 They have / haven't got children.
- 3 He has / hasn't been going to lots of meetings.
- 4 He has / hasn't seen places in Warsaw.
- The manager has taken / wants to take him to a Polish restaurant.
- 6 They've been starting work at 7.30 a.m. / after breakfast.
- 7 They have been finishing work early / late.
- 8 The hotel is / isn't clean and comfortable.
- Ilona has / hasn't been doing lots of things while he is away.
- 10 She has been going swimming after work / at lunch time.

2 points for each correct answer



Unit 14 The novelist

T 14 Listen. Circle) the correct answer.

- 1 Daniel Gregory has finished / has nearly finished his latest book.
- 2 There are *five / six* more Inspector Prentice novels.
- 3 He has / hasn't always been a novelist.
- 4 He used to /didn't use to live in hotels.
- 5 He had / hadn't written stories before he gave up his job.
- 6 His books sell in Britain / all over the world.
- 7 He married his second wife. Veronica, a long time ago / less than a
- 8 Veronica is a little / a lot younger than her husband.
- He's known / He hasn't known Veronica's father for a long time.
- 10 He can / can't remember if Veronica was his children's baby-sitter.

2 points for each correct answer		2
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Review test My family

T 15 Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 Maria's mother and father were born in the same place. ___
- 2 Maria's father has two jobs. ___
- 3 Her mother doesn't work. ___
- 4 She has got five aunts. ___
- 5 All her aunts have lived in the USA.
- 6 Two of her aunts live in the USA.
- 7 Her Uncle Sean is studying in England. _
- 8 Uncle Sean has got a home in Dublin. ___
- 9 Uncle Sean often visits the village.
- 10 Uncle Sean's wife doesn't enjoy visiting the family. ___

20

Exit test An interview with Sir Harry

T 16 Listen. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 The guest, Sir Harry Wirral, is an actor.__
- 2 He doesn't have to do a lot in the play. _
- 3 He goes home to bed as soon as the play finishes. ___
- 4 He used to have much bigger parts in plays. __
- 5 He was a serious actor when he was sixteen. ___
- 6 He had worked in musical comedy before he acted in Shakespeare plays. __
- 7 He acts in Hollywood films to earn money. ___
- 8 He thinks acting in Hollywood films is serious acting. ___
- 9 Now he only sings and dances in his free time. ___
- 10 He wants to retire but he hasn't got enough money. ___

2 points for each correct answer

Answer Key

UNIT 1 TEST A

1	2 come3 swim4 aren't seeing	5 moved in6 's going to marry7 'm enjoying	8 does9 talking
2	2 studies3 went4 comes	5 are studying6 bought7 Did buy	8 was 9 did meet 10 come
3	2 come 3 am	4 'm studying5 'm living	6 'm not enjoying 7 'm going
4	2 Who f3 Whose a4 Where h	5 When b 6 How c	7 Which d 8 What e
5	Where do youWhere do youWhen did you	5 What do you6 Are you	7 What's her8 What does
6	2 verb 3 adjective	4 adverb 5 preposit	tion 6 noun
7	2 ring 3 train 4	ring 5 flat 6 mean	7 train 8 mean
8	1 Some2 meeting people3 Some	4 can5 kindly to patients6 student doctors	7 sick 8 can
9	Students' own answer	rs	

5 Same to you!

6 See you tomorrow!

UNIT 1 TEST B

Students' own answers

2 Excuse me.

3 Can I help you?

4 I'm fine, thanks.

10

11

1	2 What e 3 When b 4 How c	5 Where h 6 Which d	7 Whose a 8 Who f
2	2 swim3 aren't seeing4 moved in	5 come6 's going to marry7 'm enjoying	8 talking9 does
3	2 come3 'm living	4 am 5 'm studying	6 'm not enjoying 7 'm going
4	2 are studying3 bought4 Did buy	5 studies 6 went 7 comes	8 did meet 9 come 10 was
5	Where do youWhere do youWhen did you	5 What do you6 Are you	7 What's his8 What does
6	2 train 3 ring 4	mean 5 mean 6 ris	ng 7 flat 8 train
7	2 noun 3 adverb	4 adjective 5 verb	6 preposition
8	1 Some2 meeting people3 Some	4 can5 kindly to patients6 student doctors	7 sick 8 can
9	Students' own answe	ers	
10	2 Same to you!3 See you tomorrow4 Excuse me.	5 Can I help 6 I'm fine, th	

UNIT 2 TEST A

1	2 a 3 b 4 a 5 c 6 a 7 c 8 b 9 b 10 c 11 b
2	2 wears 3 's driving 4 're wearing 5 're having 6 have
3	2 they do 3 she doesn't 4 he is 5 am 6 they aren't
4	2 have 3 have 4 never have 5 don't have
5	2 are 5 spending/to spend 8 swim 3 is 6 enjoy 9 watch 4 don't go 7 go
6	2 the washing-up 5 coffee 8 on the sofa 3 to the toilet 6 make-up 9 to my friends 4 a shower 7 a magazine 10 my hair
7	1 F 2 T 3 F 4 F 5 F 6 F 7 T 8 F
8	 2 She telephoned me, so I 3 I went shopping because we 4 He is moving to the USA because 5 We can ski, but/however we don't 6 I am sociable, but/however my brother

- Students' own answers
- 10 2 11 c 3 12 a 4 7 d 5 8 e 6 10 b
- Students' own answers

LINIT 2 TEST B

U	NII Z TEST B
1	have have never have don't have
2	2 b 3 a 4 a 5 a 6 a 7 c 8 a 9 c 10 c 11 a
3	2 're having 3 have 4 's driving 5 's wearing 6 wears
4	2 are 5 is 8 watch 3 spending / to spend 6 don't go 9 swim 4 enjoy 7 go
5	2 she isn't 3 they do 4 am 5 they don't 6 he is
6	1 F 2 F 3 T 4 F 5 T 6 F 7 F 8 F
7	2to the toilet5make-up8a magazine3the washing-up6coffee9a shower4to my friends7on the sofa10my hair
8	 I didn't go shopping because there was He telephoned me, so I They can swim, but/however they My brother is sociable, but/however I She is moving house because she
9	Students' own answers
10	Students' own answers
11	2 11 c 3 12 a 4 8 e 5 10 b 6 7 d
	NIT 3 TEST A

UNIT 3 TEST A

1	3 4	Did have ate was didn't wash up	7	forgot Did see saw	10	didn't watch spoke was
2		were watching wasn't eating; was rea	dir		Was d	ancing

11

Students' own answers

3	 2 made; arrived 3 was having; rang 4 wasn't living; met 5 was raining; didn't want 6 was waiting; got
4	2 left 5 brought 8 were 10 drove 3 bought 6 started 9 heard 11 told 4 invited 7 rang
5	2 communicate 6 illegal 9 speciality 3 untidy 7 impossible 10 unfair 4 ambitious 8 dangerous 11 industrial 5 dislike
6	2 development 5 improve 7 organization 3 discuss 6 improvement 8 organize 4 discussion
7	 1 C 4 Because of the bad weather. 2 B 5 No, they weren't. 9 Yes, he was. 3 A 6 Yes, they were. 10 No, they didn't. 7 He was watching TV. 11 No, he couldn't.
8	2 while 3 for 4 for 5 during 6 While
9	Students' own answers
10	2 the eleventh of August, two thousand and two August the eleventh, two thousand and two
	3 the twelfth of October, nineteen eighty-eight October the twelfth, nineteen eighty-eight
	4 the sixth of February, two thousand
	February the sixth, two thousand 5 the ninth of July, two thousand and three

July the ninth, two thousand and three

2 on 3 X 4 on 5 X 6 in 7 on

UNIT 3 TEST B

Students' own answers

11

12

1	2 3 4	bought 6 started		8 were 9 heard		drove told
2		weren't living Was dancing		4 wasn	i't reading	; was eating
3		wasn't living; met didn't want; was rain made; arrived	ing		waiting; go having; raı	
4		forgot ate	7 I	lidn't wash Did see lidn't see	10	watched spoke was
5	2 3 4	dis cuss		organi za tio or ganize		im prove im prove ment
6	2 3 4 5	impossible dangerous	7 c	ınfair communica ıntidy		
7	1 2 3	A 5 No, they wer	en't	t .	9 No, 10 Yes,	they didn't. he couldn't. they were. was watching TV.
8	2	while 3 for 4 for	5	during	6 While	
9	St	tudents' own answers				

10	Students' own answers					
11	2 on 3 X 4 X 5 in 6 on					
12	 2 the second of June, two thousand and three June the second, two thousand and three 3 the seventh of September, two thousand September the seventh, two thousand 4 the eighth of November, two thousand and two November the eighth, two thousand and two 5 the tenth of December, nineteen eighty-eight December the tenth, nineteen eighty-eight 					
U	NIT 4 TEST A					
1	2 some 4 some 6 many 8 milk is 3 a little 5 something 7 nothing 9 any					
2	2 any 4 some 6 much 8 much 3 any 5 many 7 many 9 a little					
3	2 anyone 5 everyone 8 anything 10 3 No one 6 somewhere 9 everywhere 17					

1				some something				8 mil 9 any			a few any
2	2		4 5	some 6 many 7						10 a 11 a	lot of few
3	2 3 4	anyone No one nothing		,	here			thing ywhere			ryone ning
4		a lot of anything		4 some 5 any			othi ny		8 sc 9 ev	ometl veryo	-
5	3	My aunt	t h	r house. The as a shop a't buy you le				5 I'd li 6 I'm c			
6	2 3 4	shampo soap tissues		5 carrot 6 dough				presso ess	9	, ,	er
7		glasses cities keys		5 fish6 people7 sandwic		8 9		es atoes		teeth wom	
8		CS OS			CN CS	A , OS		CM CM	9	CM	1
9	St	udents' o	w	n answers							

,	Students Own answers	
10	In a clothes shop	In a chemist's
	1 Hello, can I help you?	1 I wonder if

1 I wonder if ... 5 Here you are. 3 Thank you. And I need ... 3 What size are you? 2 Of course. You should take ... 6 That's great. Can I try... 4 Sure. Do you need ... 2 Yes. I'm looking for ... 5 No, nothing else, thanks.

4 Small.

7 Of course. The changing ...

UNIT 4 TEST B

1	2 milk is 4 a few 6 many 8 some 10 some 3 any 5 any 7 nowhere 9 a little 11 something
2	2 a lot of 4 some 6 nothing 8 something 3 anything 5 any 7 any 9 everyone
3	2 any 4 some 6 a lot of 8 many 10 much 3 any 5 a few 7 a little 9 many 11 much
4	 2 everyone 3 nothing 4 No one 5 anyone 8 somewhere 9 No one 10 anything 11 everywhere 11 everywhere
5	2 Money can't buy you love. 3 My mum has a house 6 I'd like a loaf 7 I'd like a loaf

4 That's their house. **The** one ...

6	3	keys fish glasses	6	citi san peo	dwich	ies	8 9		otatoes zes		women teeth
7	3	café clothes sh café	op	6	cloth chem chem	nist's	1	9	chemist's clothes s chemist's	hop	
8			} (OS CM		OS CM			CS, OS CM	9	CM
9	St	udents' ow	n a	ınsw	ers						
10		In a cloth	es s	shop	,]	In a chem	ist's	
	1	Hello, can	Ιŀ	nelp	you?			1]	I wonder i	f	
	4 Small.						4 :	Sure. Do y	ou 1	need	
	2 Yes. I'm looking for									ı can take	
	6 That's great. Can I try						3 ′	Thank you	ı. Ar	nd I need	
		What size			,						se, thanks.
	5	Here you	are								
	_	_ ′									

UNIT 5 TEST A

7 Of course. The changing ...

1	2 decided3 we like4 to seein		7 to learn 9 buying 8 hope 10 read
2	2 a 3 b	4 a	
3		'm going to see ng to do; 'll ask	6 'll ring7 're going to visit8 won't see9 Are going to telephone
4	2 love3 are flyi4 to visit		7 am going to look to travel 8 find out
5	2 have 3 go	4 go 6 go 5 come 7 hav	
6	2 come3 going4 has	5 coming/g6 going7 having	oing to come 8 going 9 have
7	1 T 2 F 3 T	4 F 7 F 5 F 8 T 6 T 9 F	10 T 12 F 11 T 13 T
8	Sample ar	iswer	

I'm in Prague with Felix. The weather's terrible, but Prague is lovely. There are some beautiful old buildings. We're staying in a nice hotel – it's small, but the rooms are comfortable. The weather was terrible yesterday, but it's a bit better today. See you soon,

Andrea

Hi Peter!

28a **3**10b **4**6e **5**7d

UNIT 5 TEST B

1	2 b 3 a 4 a			
2	We likedecided toread	5 seeing6 want	7 I'd like 8 hope	9 to live 10 buying
3	2 love3 are flying4 to visit	5 have 6 want to		am going to look find out

4	 2 'll take; 'm going to see 3 's going to have 4 'm going to do; 'll ask 5 're going to visit 	6 won't see7 won't get8 'll ring9 Are you going to telephone
5	2 come3 coming/going to come4 going	5 having 8 going 6 going 9 has 7 have
6	2 go 4 go 6 come 3 go 5 go 7 have	8 have 10 have 9 come 11 come
7	1 F 4 T 7 T 2 T 5 T 8 T 3 F 6 F 9 F	10 T 12 F 11 F 13 T
8 9	See test A exercise 8 <i>key</i> for a 2 8 d 3 7 e 4 10 b 5 6 a	•

UNIT 6 TEST A

1	2 c 3 f 4 b 5 d 6 a
2	 What's like What's like What was like What was like
3	2 the most beautiful 7 noisier 3 the best 8 as hot as 4 the worst 9 as cold as 5 older than 10 better 6 more expensive than 11 worse
4	2 make 5 arrest 7 live 9 spoil 3 inherit 6 amputate 8 open 10 wear 4 invest
5	 2 messy, tidy 3 rich, poor 4 wonderful, horrible 5 new, old
6	 2 It's the best city 3 is the oldest university 4 is more expensive than 5 is wetter than
7	 2 it's not very clever 3 it's not very clean 4 they aren't very generous 5 it wasn't very nice 6 she's not very polite
8	1 informal 5 smaller 8 better 2 lots of people 6 fewer 9 will 3 moving house 7 visit 10 are going to have 4 married with children
9	 I stayed in a hotel which/that was in Ken is a teacher who lives I bought some shoes which/that Katy knows my sister, who works
10	Students' own answers
11	2 past 3 over 4 across 5 between 6 through
12	Students' own answers

UNIT 6 TEST B

	_		_	
- 1	2	as hot as	/	the worst
	3	as cold as	8	the best
	4	better	9	older than
	5	worse	10	more expensive than
	6	the most beautiful	11	noisier
2	2	The oldest university	4	the best museum
		is wetter than	5	is more expensive than

- 3 2 d 3 b 4 c 5 a 6 f
- 4 What's... like 2 What's ... like 6 What's ... like
 - 3 What was ... like 5 Did you like
- 4 wonderful, horrible 2 messy, tidy
 - 3 rich, poor 5 new, old
- 2 invest 5 inherit 7 spoil 9 live 10 open 3 arrest 6 amputate 8 wear
 - 4 make
- 7 2 it's not very clever 5 it wasn't very nice
 - 3 it's not very clean 6 they aren't usually very polite
 - 4 he's not very generous
- 1 informal 5 smaller 8 better
 - 2 lots of people 6 fewer 9 will
 - 10 are going to have 3 moving house 7 visit
 - 4 married with children
- 9 2 Susi knows my sister, who lives in Barcelona.
 - I stayed in a hotel which/that was out of the city.
 - Ken, who is a doctor, works in Barcelona. / Ken is a doctor who works in Barcelona.
 - 5 I bought some shoes which/that were in a sale.
- 10 Students' own answers
- 11 Students' own answers
- 12 2 between 3 past 4 over 5 across 6 through

UNIT 7 TEST A

- 2 Have 3 have bought 4 sailed 5 been 6 Did you meet
- 13 Have ... flown 3 liked 8 Do ... read
- 4 do ... live 9 Have... read 14 flew 5 have ... lived 15 was 10 read
 - 11 Have ... climbed 16 haven't done got
 - 7 lived 12 climbed
- 2 ladies and gentlemen 5 salt and pepper 3 now and then 6 peace and quiet
 - 4 up and down
- 2 has been 6 have never wanted 9 have you been 10 have been living 3 has written 7 Have you won
 - 4 has worked 11 haven't argued 8 haven't put
 - 5 haven't heard
- 2 together 3 still 4 just 5 Of course 6 only
- 2 bride 5 bridegroom 8 uncle 11 model
 - 9 athlete **6** nephew 3 madam 12 professor
 - 4 niece 7 sir 10 cousin 13 teenager
- 7 1 T 2 F 3 T 4 F 5 T 6 F 7 F
- 8 Sample answer

Constanza was born in Glasgow on 5 June 1960. Her father was an Italian ice-cream maker, and her mother was a factory worker. She left school when she was 16 and moved to London, and became a model and film actor. She was the girlfriend of punk singer Eric Evil for six years, and then in 1983 she went to Florence and studied Italian language and art for two years. She returned to London in 1986 and now she has a shop and gallery in Bond Street. In 1995 she married an MP, Sir Tristram D'Eath, and they have three children and homes in London, Milan, and New York.

- 2 do 3 'm not 4 she can't 5 it isn't 6 it is
- 10 Students' own answers

UNIT 7 TEST B

- 2 have bought 3 sailed 4 been 5 Have 6 Did you meet
- 2 2 has been 6 haven't put 9 haven't argued
- 3 has written 10 haven't heard have ... been
 - has worked 8 have lived 11 have ... wanted
 - 5 Have ... won
- 3 3 liked 8 climbed 13 do ... live
 - Do ... read 9 Have ... flown 14 have ... lived 10 flew 15 got
 - 5 Have ... read 11 was 16 lived 6 read
 - 7 Have ... climbed 12 haven't done
- 4 only 2 just 3 Of course 5 together 6 still
- 5 1 bridegroom 8 bride 11 model 5 aunt
- 9 athlete 12 professor 2 nephew 6 madam 3 sir 7 niece 10 cousin 13 teenager
 - 4 uncle
- 2 peace and quiet 5 salt and pepper
 - 3 ups and downs 6 ladies and gentlemen
 - 4 now and then
- 1 T 2 F 3 T 4 F 5 T 6 F 7 F
- 8 See test A exercise 8 key for a sample answer
- Students' own answers
- 10 2 it is 3 do 4 it isn't 5 'm not 6 he can't

UNIT 8 TEST A

- 2 has to 5 'll have to/had to 8 have to 9 Does ... have to
 - 3 didn't have to 6 Do/Did ... have to 4 don't have to 7 Did ... have to

 - 2 must 6 must 8 should must 3 mustn't 5 should 7 should 9 must
- 2 a 3 c 4 a 5 c 6 c 7 c
- 2 must 3 should 4 shouldn't 5 have to 6 don't have to
- 5 Students' own answers
- 6 2 book case 6 earthquake 9 signpost 3 car park 7 raincoat 10 timetable
 - 4 cigarette lighter 8 rush hour 11 traffic lights
 - 5 earring
- Students' own answers
- 1 Letter A: 2, 4 Letter B: 1, 3
 - 2 1 S 2 J 3 D 4 J 5 S 6 H 7 B 8 J
- Sample answer
- [Address]

The Principal

Bennett School of English

Thorpe Road

Norwich

NR2 3FH

[Date]

Dear Sir or Madam

I am interested in doing a language course at your school. Could you give me some information about the price of a one-week course? I would also like to know what the class sizes are, and what the arrangements are for accommodation – do you have rooms for students there, or do students have to book a hotel? I look forward to hearing from you.

Yours faithfully,

[Name]

10 2 seems to be the matter 10 aspirin plenty of fluids 3 felt well 11 4 aches been really sick 5 a temperature 13 stomach 6 have a look at you 14 diarrhoea swollen 15 poisoning 8 swallow 16 stay in bed

UNIT 8 TEST B

9 bad cold

2 b 3 c 4 a 5 b 6 a 7 c

2 Do ... have to 6 didn't have to

> 3 Did ... have to doesn't have to/won't have to

4 have to 8 have to/will have to 9 Does ... have to 5 has to

2 shouldn't 3 must 4 should 5 don't have to 6 have to

4 must 2 must 6 must 8 should 3 mustn't 5 should 7 should 9 must

Students' own answers

Students' own answers

2 timetable 6 traffic lights 9 earring 10 earthquake 3 raincoat 7 car park 4 rush hour 8 cigarette lighter 11 book case

5 signpost

1 Letter A: 2, 4 Letter B: 1, 3

2 1 S 2 J 3 S 4 J 5 D 6 H 7 B 8 J

See test A exercise 9 key for a sample answer

2 seems to be the matter 10 a temperature 3 been really sick 11 have a look at you 12 swollen 4 stomach

5 diarrhoea 13 swallow 6 poisoning 14 bad cold stay in bed 15 aspirin 8 felt well 16 plenty of fluids

9 aches

UNIT 9 TEST A

2 until; stops 4 before; go 6 After; leave 3 As soon as; arrive 5 while; am

2 If he has enough money, he'll buy a flat.

3 If she doesn't pass her exams, she won't have a gap year.

4 If I don't visit my sister this weekend, I won't see her new baby.

5 If I find your keys, I'll post them to you.

6 If our new dog bites the children, we won't keep it.

7 If it rains, I won't walk.

2 Will you come and visit if you have time?

3 Will you ring me if they are late?

What will she say if they don't come?

5 Where will he work if he stops studying?

6 Who will she ask if she has a problem?

2 If 3 When 4 when 5 if 6 when

Students' own answers

2 a photograph 6 on well with 10 me a favour friends 11 some shopping 3 angry

4 back home 8 a reservation 5 a cold 9 up your mind 2 make up your mind 5 to make a reservation 3 get on well with her **6** take a photograph

4 do me a favour

4 shocking 2 highway **6** kidneys 8 incredible 3 optimistic 5 concrete 9 microchip 7 communist

1 T 2 T 3 T 4 T 5 F 6 F 7 T 8 F 9 T 10 F

10 Sample answer

> Travelling by bicycle is a very good way to see the countryside. First of all it's cheap, and secondly it's clean. Also, you don't have to worry about parking your car or waiting a long time for a bus. It's healthy too!

> However, in the city there are lots of disadvantages. There's a lot of traffic, which is dangerous and dirty, and also there aren't enough special places on the road for bicycles to use. If you cycle to work in the rain, you will be very wet when you arrive. This might be a problem if you have to look smart at work.

Despite the disadvantages, thousands of people travel by bicycle every day. Try it for a week – you might like it!

2 make a reservation 6 Can you tell me how much

3 When credit

4 single; double

8 look forward to seeing

5 Can I have your name

UNIT 9 TEST B

2 If they have enough money, they'll buy a flat.

3 If she doesn't pass her exams, she won't have a gap year.

4 If I don't visit my sister this weekend, I won't see her new baby.

5 If she finds your keys, she'll post them to you.

6 If our new dog bites the children, we won't keep it.

7 If it rains, I won't walk.

2 Will you ring me if they are late?

Will Jack come and visit if he has time?

4 What will they do if Mary doesn't come?

Where will he work if he leaves his job?

6 Who will you ask if you have a problem?

2 After; leave 5 while; am 3 As soon as; arrive 6 before; go

4 until; stops

2 if 3 When 4 if 5 when 6 when

Students' own answers

2 microchip 4 communist **6** concrete 8 optimistic 3 incredible 5 kidneys 7 a shocking 9 highway

2 back home 10 a reservation 6 a photograph 3 a cold me a favour 11 up your mind

4 on well with 8 some shopping

9 5 care friends

2 make up your mind 5 to make a reservation 3 get on well with her 6 took a photograph

4 do me a favour

1 T 2 T 3 T 4 T 5 F 6 F 7 T 8 F 9 T 10 F

10 See test A exercise 11 key for a sample answer

11 2 make a reservation 6 Can you tell me how much

3 single; double credit

4 When 8 look forward to seeing

5 Can I have your name

UNIT 10 TEST A

- 2 help 3 to sing 4 sailing 5 to buy 6 to feel
- 7 2 to swim 3 to swim 4 swimming 5 to swim 6 swim
- 2 He didn't use to have any children.
 - 3 He used to ride a motorbike.
 - 4 He used to stay in bed until 12.00 on Sunday.
 - 5 He used to go to the pub every evening.
 - **6** He didn't use to have a job.
- Sample answers
 - 1 I didn't use to like vegetables.
 - 2 I used to go camping.
 - I didn't use to stay with my grandparents.
 - 3 I didn't use to play in the park. I used to go to a friend's house.
 - 4 I used to play football.
 - I didn't use to go swimming.
 - 5 I used to wear shorts.
 - I didn't use to wear a jumper and jeans.
 - **6** I used to play chess. I didn't use to play computer games.
- Sample answers
 - 2 You go to a bookshop to buy books.
 - 3 You go to a petrol station to buy petrol.
 - 4 You go to a post office to buy stamps/post a letter.
 - 5 You go to a sports centre to keep fit/do exercise.
 - **6** You go to a newsagent's to buy a magazine/newspaper.
- Students' own answers
- 7 2 to get 5 getting up 8 using 11 ate/used to eat
 - 3 to join 6 to go 9 used to smoke 12 eating
 - 7 swimming 10 to be/being
- 2 interesting; disappointing **6** boring
 - 3 worrying 7 confusing; surprised
 - 8 surprising 4 worried; confused
 - 5 frightening
- 9 1 a 2 b 3 c 4 b 5 c 6 c 7 c 8 c 9 b
- 10 2 handrail 3 joke 4 crawl 5 amazing
- 11 Sample answer

[Address] [Date]

Dear [name]

I'm just writing to say thank you for the lovely weekend we spent with you. David and I enjoyed it very much. We especially enjoyed our walk in the mountains on Sunday – it was very different from our usual Sundays in London!

Did I leave my mobile phone at your house? I think it might be on the chair in the bedroom, because I can't find it anywhere! You must come and stay with us here in London soon. We'll take you to see all the exciting places!

Write soon!

[name]

- 2 such a good idea 7 so ill
 - 3 such boring people 8 such a long time 4 so much food 9 such a good meal
 - **6** so interesting

5 So many

10 so annoying 11 so much money

UNIT 10 TEST B

- 2 He didn't use to have a job.
 - 3 He used to go running on Sunday.
 - He used to ride a motorbike.
 - 5 He didn't use to have any dogs.
 - 6 He used to go out every evening.
- 2 Sample answers
 - 1 I didn't use to like vegetables.
 - 2 I didn't use to play in the park.
 - I used to go to a friend's house.
 - 3 I used to go camping.
 - I didn't use to stay with my grandparents.
 - 4 I used to play football.
 - I didn't use to go swimming.
 - 5 I used to play chess.
 - I didn't use to play computer games.
 - **6** I used to wear shorts.
 - I didn't use to wear a jumper and jeans.
- 3 2 sailing 3 help 4 to learn 5 to feel 6 to buy
- 2 swimming 3 to swim 4 to swim 5 swim 6 to swim
- Students' own answers
- Sample answers
 - 2 You go to a bookshop to buy books.
 - 3 You go to a newsagent's to buy a magazine/newspaper.
 - 4 You go to a sports centre to keep fit/do exercise.
 - 5 You go to a post office to buy stamps/post a letter.
 - 6 You go to a petrol station to buy petrol.
- 2 to get 5 getting up 8 using 11 used to eat/ate
 - 3 to join 6 to go 9 used to smoke 12 eating
 - 7 swimming 10 being/to be
- 2 handrail 3 joke 4 crawl 5 amazing
- 2 interesting; disappointing **6** boring
 - 3 worrying 7 confusing; surprised
 - 8 surprising
 - 4 worried; confused
 - 5 frightening
- 10 1 a 2 b 3 b 4 c 5 a 6 b 7 c 8 b 9 c
- 11 See test A exercise 11 key for a sample answer
- 12 2 so much money 7 such a long time
 - 3 such interesting people
- 8 so ill
- 4 such a good idea
- 9 so long
- 5 so beautiful
- 10 so much
- 6 such a good meal
- 11 so many people

UNIT 11 TEST A

- 2 wrote 7 made 11 has been made 8 isn't grown 3 was picked 12 grown 13 was invented 4 been repaired is spoken 5 came 10 be made 14 was taken
 - 6 be taught
- 2 Is rice grown here?
 - The film will be made next year.
 - Has tobacco been smoked for a long time?
 - 5 Slaves were taken to the West Indies.
 - Their tobacco won't be sold in the US.
 - I wasn't invited to the conference.
 - Coca-Cola was invented in 1886.

- 10 The flowers haven't been brought.
- 11 Will the children's clothes be washed?
- 12 Nissans aren't made in Mexico.
- 8 have become 2 was ... made 5 made 9 are worn 3 was taken 6 changed
 - 4 was used wanted
- 2 tobacco passengers 11 a party 12 the change 3 two centimetres 8 a suitcase advice 13 the peace 4 a story
 - 5 the truth 6 a gun
- 2 hasn't lost 3 is telling/tells 4 lost/used to lose 5 keep 6 lose
- 2 No, they weren't. 5 8,000. 8 No, they aren't. 3 Mr Marlin. **6** 1,000. 9 a filling 4 1860. 7 No, they aren't. b admit

10 information

14 a promise

7 Sample answer

> Young Frankenstein is a comedy film. It is about Dr Frankenstein's grandson, Frederick, who is a doctor in the USA. Frederick goes to his grandfather's castle and repeats the experiment which his grandfather did. I thought that the film was clever and very funny. Go and see it!

- 2 shop car park 4 bus 6 pub 8 airport 3 public car park 5 door 7 shop door
- Students' own answers

UNIT 11 TEST B

- 2 isn't grown 7 been repaired 11 was taken 3 is spoken 8 has been made 12 came 4 be made grown 13 be taught 5 wrote 10 was invented 14 made
 - 6 was picked
- 2 was ... made 5 made 8 have become 3 was taken 6 changed are worn 7 wanted 4 was used
- 3 2 Hamburgers aren't eaten by vegetarians.
 - 3 The flowers haven't been bought.
 - 4 Will the windows be cleaned?
 - 5 Has tobacco been smoked for a long time?
 - 6 Is tea grown here?
 - The film will be made next year.
 - 8 Their tobacco won't be sold in the US.
 - Slaves were taken to the West Indies.
 - 10 They weren't invited to the party.
 - Coca-Cola was invented in 1886.
 - 12 Nissans aren't made in Mexico.
- 2 lose 3 keep 4 lost/used to lose 5 'm telling 6 hasn't lost
- 2 two centimetres 7 a story 11 a promise 8 the truth 12 advice 3 tobacco the change 13 information 4 a gun 10 the peace 14 a party passengers 6 a suitcase
- 2 No, they weren't. 5 8,000. No, they aren't. a filling 3 Mr Marlin. 6 1,000. 4 1860. 7 No, they aren't. **b** admit
 - See test A exercise 7 key for a sample answer
- Students' own answers

2 door 4 shop door 6 bus 8 shop car park 3 pub 5 airport 7 public car park

UNIT 12 TEST A

- 2 b 3 c 4 b 5 c 6 c 7 c 8 c 9 b
- 1 would earn 6 would save; took 2 would ... tidy; paid hit; wouldn't stop 3 ate; would be 8 asked; would ... marry 4 wouldn't be; exercised 9 would ... say; met 10 were; would see 5 left; could
- Sample answers
 - 2 If my boss asked ... I would look for a new job.
 - 3 If my house was on fire, I would take my photographs.
 - If I won ... I would buy a house.
 - 5 If I went ... I would wear an expensive dress/suit.
- 2 might see 4 am starting 6 might not rain 3 might win 5 are going
- 5 grown up 2 asked ... out 8 get on with 3 gave up puts on 9 try ... on 6 4 fell out with 7 broken down
- 1 b
 - 2 1 E 2 G 3 E 4 S 5 G 6 S 7 E 8 E
- 7 2 I'd like to go out, but unfortunately ...
 - 3 She didn't work hard, but ...
 - 4 Suddenly there was ...
 - 5 We waited in the shop ...
 - ... and my parents are here **too**.
 - 7 I finally remembered ...
 - 8 They finished their drinks quickly. / They quickly finished ...
- Sample answer

In December last year, a Van Gogh painting was stolen from an art gallery in New York. Two women were seen walking quickly out of the gallery with a very large suitcase, then witnesses said they got away in a black BMW. Police tried to stop the car, but it was travelling too fast. Fortunately, the paintings were later found in a hotel in Oklahoma.

- 2 Pardon 5 That's right 7 haven't a clue 3 sorry 6 Congratulations 8 Just a minute 4 hear
 - Students' own answers

UNIT 12 TEST B

- 2 am starting 4 might see 6 are going 3 might 5 might not be
- 2 b 3 b 4 a 5 c 6 a 7 b 8 a 9 c
- 1 would earn 6 ate; would be 2 left; could catch exercised; wouldn't be
 - 8 would; were 3 took; would save 4 wouldn't stop; hit 9 met; would ... say
 - 5 paid; would ... tidy Sample answers
 - 2 If I went ... I would wear an expensive dress/suit.
 - 3 If I won ... I would buy a house.
 - 4 If my house was on fire, I would take my photographs.
 - 5 If my boss asked ... I would look for a new job.

10 would ... marry; asked

- 5 5 asked ... out 8 get on with 2 grown up 3 puts on 6 gave up 9 try ... on
 - 4 broken down 7 fell out with
- 2 **Suddenly**, there was ...
 - 3 ... but **unfortunately** I don't feel well.
 - 4 She worked hard, but ...
 - ... I finally remembered his name.
 - They **quickly** finished / ... their conversation **quickly**.
 - 7 We waited in the shop ...
 - 8 ... her parents are there too.
- 7
 - 2 1 E 2 G 3 E 4 S 5 G 6 S 7 E 8 E
- See test A exercise 8 key for a sample answer
- 9 Students' own answers
- 10 2 Pardon 7 That's right 5 Just a minute 8 Congratulations 3 sorry 6 hear
 - 4 haven't a clue

UNIT 13 TEST A

- 2 has been working 5 hasn't been eating 3 have ... been coming 6 Has ... been cooking
 - 4 haven't been working 7 have been working
 - 2 have you been driving haven't lived/haven't been living 3 hasn't found has gone
 - 9 has been seeing 4 have loved
 - 5 have ... spent 10 has died 6 have been dancing 11 have been waiting
- 2 helps 6 brought
 - 3 have been selling 7 have made/have been making
 - **8** is 4 came
 - 5 saw
- 2 believe 5 describe 7 honest 9 mad 3 promise 6 deadly 8 variety 10 beautiful
 - 4 advice
- 2 successful 4 wealthy 6 wealth 8 invented 5 invention 3 peace 7 success
 - 2 seriously 5 carefully Possibly exactly **6** exactly 8 mainly 10 really
 - 3 exactly 4 fluently
- 7 1 T 2 ? 3 F 4 T 5 F 6 ? 7 T 8 ? 9 F
- Sample answers

Thank-you letter

Dear Natalia,

Just a quick note to say thank you for the wonderful weekend. It was lovely to see you and your family again after so long. I had a wonderful time. Please come and stay with me one weekend soon, with the family, of course.

Love from

Sandy

Invitation

Dear Ian and Jenny,

I'm having a party for my 21st birthday on Saturday 3 October, from 7.30 till late, at the Community Centre in Alcott. I hope vou can come!

Looking forward to seeing you!

David

Conversation 1

- Good afternoon ...
- Yes, of course.
- Yes, of course.
- 3 Hold on, I'll connect ...
- Hello. Can I speak ...
- Could you take ...
- Could you tell her ...
- 8 Thank you ...
- 10 Students' own answers

Conversation 2

- Hello.
- Hi, is Davina there?
- 5 In about half an hour.
- 3 No, I'm sorry but ...
- 4 No, it's OK thanks ...
- 6 Thanks. Goodbye.

UNIT 13 TEST B

- 2 have loved
- 3 have ... spent
- 4 have been dancing
- 5 haven't lived/haven't been living
 - 6 has died

2

- 7 have been waiting
 - has been seeing
- 9 has gone
- 10 have ... been driving
- 11 hasn't found
- 2 Has ... been cooking 5 have ... been coming 3 have been working
- **6** have been working 4 hasn't been working 7 hasn't been eating
 - 6 brought
- 2 helps 3 have been selling 7 have made/have been making
- **8** is 4 came
- 5 saw
- 2 invention 4 success 6 wealthy 8 successful
 - 3 wealth 5 invented 7 peace
- 2 seriously 5 really 7 carefully 9 exactly 3 exactly 6 fluently 8 mainly 10 Possibly
 - 4 exactly
- 5 describe 2 believe 7 honest 9 mad
 - 3 promise 6 deadly 10 beautiful 8 variety
 - 4 advice
- 1 T 2 ? 3 F 4 T 5 F 6 ? 7 T 8 ? 9 F
- See test A exercise 8 key for sample answers
- Students' own answers

10 Conversation 1

- 1 Good afternoon ...
- 5 Yes, of course.
- Yes, of course. Hello. Can I speak ...
- 3 Hold on, I'll connect ... Could you tell her ...
- 4 Could you take ...
- 8 Thank you ...

UNIT 14 TEST A

- 2 c 3 b 4 b 5 b 6 a 7 c
- 2 2 went; didn't see 3 arrived; had left
- 4 remembered; had finished 5 took; had enjoyed
- 3 2 Had ... met; had 3 Had ... studied; he had
- 4 Had ... put; they hadn't 5 Had ... rained; it hadn't

Conversation 2

3 No, I'm sorry but ...

No, it's OK thanks ... 2 Hi, is Davina there?

5 In about half an hour.

6 Thanks. Goodbye.

1 Hello.

- They said (that) they'd help me to paint the house.
 - 3 He said (that) he couldn't play the piano.
 - They told me (that) they'd seen them in January.
 - 5 She said (that) she was going to work at 7.00.
 - **6** He said (that) he thought he knew the answer.

- 7 She told me (that) she'd eaten snake meat in China.
- They said (that) they hadn't watched the film.
- They said (that) they didn't live in a flat.
- 10 They told me (that) they could speak Spanish.
- 11 He said (that) he hadn't seen his sister for a week.
- 2 delighted 4 shadow **6** quarrel 7 cruel 3 toss 5 solicitor
- 2 latest; last 4 listen; hear 6 play; game 3 borrow; lend 5 steal: rob 7 cooker; cook
- 1 F 2 T 3 ? 4 F 5 T 6 T 7 F 8 ? 9 T 10 F
- Sample answer

Sally met her brother Richard last weekend – for the first time! Sally was born when her mother was very young, and had been brought up in a different family. She always thought she would like to meet her real mother, and so last year she decided to try and find her. It was very difficult and it took a long time, but a year later, Sally was given a name and address in Manchester, and she finally found her mother. But that wasn't the end – she found Richard too!

- 2 c 3 a 4 b 5 d 6 e
- Sample answers
 - 1 Take care! Have a safe journey.
 - 2 Bye. See you at work tomorrow.
 - 3 Thanks for dinner, Gran. I'll give you a ring next week.
 - 4 Thanks for everything you've done for us. I hope you have a good class next year!
 - 5 Don't forget to write to me. And text me every day!

UNIT 14 TEST B

- 2 b 3 c 4 b 5 c 6 b 7 c
- 2 Had ... rained; it hadn't 4 Had ... studied; he had
 - 3 Had ... put; they hadn't 5 Had ... met; had
- 2 took; had enjoyed 4 arrived; had left
 - 3 had gone; didn't see 5 had finished; remembered
- 2 He said (that) he thought he knew the answer.
 - 3 She told me (that) she had eaten snake meat in China.
 - 4 They said (that) they hadn't watched TV on holiday.
 - He said (that) he didn't live in a house.
 - They told me (that) they could speak Italian.
 - 7 He said (that) he hadn't seen his family for three years.
 - **8** She said (that) she would help me to paint the house.
 - He said (that) they couldn't play any instruments.
 - They told me (that) they had seen her in January.
 - 11 She said (that) she was going to work at 7.00.
- 2 shadow 4 solicitor 6 toss 8 quarrel 3 swayed 5 delighted 7 cruel
- 2 rob; steal 4 cooker; cook 6 play; game 3 borrow; lend 5 latest; last 7 listen; hear
- 7 1 F 2 T 3 ? 4 F 5 T 6 T 7 F 8 ? 9 T 10 F
- See test A exercise 8 key for sample answers

Sally met her brother Richard last weekend – for the first time! Sally was born when her mother was very young, and had been brought up in a different family. She always thought she would like to meet her real mother, and so last year she decided to try and find her. It was very difficult and it took a long time, but a year later, Sally was given a name and address in Manchester, and she finally found her mother. But that wasn't the end – she found Richard too!

- Sample answers
 - 1 Take care! Have a safe journey.
 - 2 Thanks for everything you've done for us. I hope you have a good class next year!
 - Thanks for dinner, Gran. I'll give you a ring next week.
 - Bye. See you at work tomorrow.
 - 5 Don't forget to write to me. And text me every day!
- 2 c 3 a 4 e 5 b 6 d

REVIEW TEST (UNITS 1–7)

- 2 a 3 c 4 c 5 a 6 b 7 a 8 b 9 a 10 a 11 a 12 c 13 a 14 c 15 c 16 b 17 b 18 c 19 b 20 a 21 c
- 2 have 6 'll wear 9 arrived 3 have ... eaten 7 to be 10 were ... doing 4 had 11 was washing 8 'm going to be
 - 5 are ... wearing
- 3 2 Where 3 What 4 What kind 5 How many 6 Which
- 2 scientist 3 artist 4 interpreter 5 politicians 6 electrician
- 5 2 wear 3 pay 4 make 5 pack 6 cash
- 2 different 5 generosity 8 fortunate 10 romantic 3 healthy **6** pollution 9 windy 11 successful
 - 4 messy 7 medical
- 1 F 2 T 3 F 4 F 5 F 6 F 7 T 8 T 9 T 10 F
- 8 Students' own answers
- 9 Students' own answers
- 10 1 No, I don't. I prefer jazz.
 - 2 Do you know exactly what time you were born? I was born at four o'clock in the morning.
 - 3 Were your parents strict? Yes, they were. But they gave me enough freedom.

EXIT TEST (UNITS 1–14)

- 2 b 3 c 4 c 5 c 6 b 7 a 8 c 9 a 10 c 11 b 12 c 13 a 14 b 15 b 16 a 17 b 18 c 19 c 20 a
- 2 She told me (that) she'd swum in the Pacific Ocean.
 - They said (that) they'd meet me at the station.
 - They told me (that) they couldn't speak Chinese.
 - 5 She said (that) she was going to see Anna later.
 - 6 He told me (that) he'd sold his car.
- Do; Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
 - What; students' own answers 3
 - 4 Did; Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.
 - 5 How; for [2] years/since [2002]
 - 6 What; students' own answers
 - Were; Yes, they were. / No, they weren't.

 - 8 Did; Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.
- 2 away 5 angry 8 room 11 rice 9 store 3 a job 6 a coin 12 a living
 - 4 a secret 7 a favour 10 a coat
- 5 weight 2 alarm clock 8 took off 9 secret 3 interesting 6 look after 7 advertisement/advert 4 bored 10 describe

1 A 2 C 3 B 4 C 5 A 6 C 7 C

Sample answer

Dear Lucy,

Thank you for a lovely weekend by the sea! It was really fun, and we were so lucky with the weather. I especially enjoyed meeting your brother Ben, and going for that long walk on Sunday. Would you like to come and stay with me next month? We could visit some galleries and see a film. How about the 24th? And bring Ben with you ...!

8 Students' own answers

- 1 I haven't got a clue. You won't need it, I've got mine.
 - 2 Hello. Is that Jenny?

I'm afraid she's out at the moment.

- 3 Let me have a look at you. Have you got a sore throat? Yes, I have, actually.
- 4 I'm so hungry! I could eat a horse!

I haven't got a horse, but would you like a sandwich?

5 I'd like to make a reservation, please. Certainly. Do you want a double or a single? How much is a double?

UNIT 1 LISTENING

1 T 2 F 3 T 4 T 5 F 6 F 7 F 8 T 9 T 10 T

UNIT 2 LISTENING

1 is 8 doesn't 5 gets angry 2 is 6 is 9 drives him mad

3 can't 7 talks too much 10 like

4 doesn't listen

UNIT 3 LISTENING

1 T 2 F 3 T 4 F 5 F 6 T 7 F 8 T 9 F 10 F

UNIT 4 LISTENING

9 empty 1 inside 4 lots of 7 isn't 2 forgot 5 orange juice 8 isn't 10 half an hour 3 half a kilo 6 milk

UNIT 5 LISTENING

1 T 2 F 3 F 4 F 5 T 6 F 7 F 8 T 9 T 10 T

UNIT 6 LISTENING

4 is 7 is 9 biggest 1 always 2 is 5 works 8 better 10 more expensive

3 wonderful 6 nicer than

UNIT 7 LISTENING

5 aren't 8 has 2 anywhere warm 6 sightseeing 9 can

3 have bought 7 haven't 10 has always spoken

4 sometimes

UNIT 8 LISTENING

1 Yes, she is. 6 No, she hasn't. 2 No, they don't. 7 Two years ago. 3 No, she doesn't. 8 No, she doesn't. 4 No, she doesn't. 9 No, she doesn't.

5 No, she doesn't. 10 Because she can work when she wants.

UNIT 9 LISTENING

1 T 2 F 3 T 4 T 5 F 6 F 7 F 8 T 9 F 10 F

UNIT 10 LISTENING

1 likes 4 was 7 didn't use to 9 for four years 2 two 5 poor 8 difficult 10 gave up

3 simple **6** used to

UNIT 11 LISTENING

1 b 2 b 3 c 4 a 5 c 6 b 7 b 8 c 9 b 10 a

UNIT 12 LISTENING

1 T 2 F 3 F 4 F 5 T 6 T 7 T 8 T 9 F 10 F

UNIT 13 LISTENING

1 Thomas 4 has 7 late 9 hasn't 2 have 5 has taken 8 is 10 at lunch time

3 has 6 7.30 a.m.

UNIT 14 LISTENING

1 has nearly finished 5 had 8 a lot 6 all over the world 9 He's known 2 five

3 hasn't 7 less than a year ago 10 can't

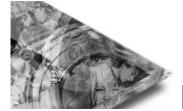
4 used to

REVIEW TEST LISTENING

1 T 2 T 3 F 4 T 5 F 6 F 7 F 8 T 9 T 10 F

EXIT TEST LISTENING

1 T 2 T 3 F 4 T 5 F 6 T 7 T 8 F 9 T 10 F



Tapescripts

Meighbours

I moved into my new flat about a month ago. It's near my office so I can walk to work. There are three other flats in the building. I introduced myself to my new neighbours when I first moved in. Now I say 'hello' if I see them in the hall.

There's a woman in flat 3 that I like – her name is Poppy. I think she is single because she lives alone with a cat and she hasn't got a boyfriend. I'm going to invite her for a drink next time I see her.

Poppy

I've lived in my flat for two years now. I moved here when I got divorced. The flats are OK – the people are friendly but we don't go into each others' flats for drinks or anything. A new man moved in to flat 4 recently, I don't like him – he's too friendly and he always opens his front door when I go past.

You drive me mad!

E = Erin, B = Bill

- E What drives me mad about my husband, Bill? Well, he's a great husband but the one thing that annoys me is that he can switch off and concentrate on one thing. For example, when he reads the newspaper he doesn't hear the children fighting. Also, I hate it when I speak to him and he says 'Yes, dear ... ahah ... mmm' and I know he isn't listening. I get really annoyed with him.
- **B** Is it my turn to speak now? Erin is a wonderful woman but she talks too much. I don't listen most of the time.
- E I hate it when he does that he never takes me seriously. I get really annoyed because I'm trying to talk about something important and he doesn't listen or changes the subject.
- **B** But you always want to talk to me when I'm doing something else. If I'm watching football she has this annoying habit of trying to talk to me. It drives me mad. But if I speak when she's watching TV she goes 'Shhh, be quiet, I'll speak to you later ...'
- E At least I answer!

A news story

Newsreader

A man is in police cells after an unsuccessful robbery attempt at Kenston post office. The burglar went into the post office as the manager, Mrs Elsie Elliot, was counting the day's money. Because Mrs Elliot can't hear very well, she didn't hear the armed man ask her for the money so she politely asked him to wait. The surprised burglar repeated his demand more loudly but Mrs Elliot still failed to react. Finally he shouted 'Give me the

money or I will shoot you' and Mrs Elliot's husband, who was in the back room, heard him and telephoned the police.

Mrs Elliot didn't know she was the victim of a robbery until the police arrived.

After the man was arrested she said, 'I wasn't frightened – I thought he was a customer. I didn't hear what he said and I didn't see the gun. I asked him to wait - and he did, which is surprising.

T 4 The weekend shop

P = Paul, M = Mary

- P Hi, it's me. I'm in the supermarket. I forgot the shopping list. Can you read it to me?
- M Yes, it's here on the fridge door. Let me see: some carrots, potatoes and tomatoes.
- Carrots, potatoes, tomatoes. Shall I get a kilo of each?
- M No, a kilo is too much, just get half a kilo.
- **P** OK. Do we need anything else?
- M Yes, lots of things. Can you see if they've got any nice apples? I want some for the children's lunches.
- P Apples. How many?
- M Get lots enough for the whole week. Back to the list: orange juice – get two cartons, a litre of milk and some beer.
- Orange juice ... beer ... milk.
- M Someone wrote chocolate on the list but don't buy any. The boys eat too much chocolate. And don't get any crisps.
- So you don't want any chocolate or crisps?
- M No. I think that's enough. I'll go shopping tomorrow.
- Great. I'll be quick because there's no one here. See you in about half an hour.
- M See you. Bye.

My favourite thing

Minnie

My big passion is music. I love singing – I belong to two choirs - you know, singing groups - and next month I am singing in our school concert. Later in the year, we're going to sing at a Mozart festival in Vienna - that's in Austria, you know. It'll be fantastic - I'm really excited about it.

Musical instruments ... I can play the guitar and I would love to learn to play the piano. We haven't got a piano at home but I ask my parents to buy one all the time. I know that one day they will say, 'Oh, all right. We'll get a piano – just stop asking every five minutes.' I always get what I want in the end. I'll need piano lessons but I'll worry about those when I've got the piano.

T6 What's Hong Kong like?

W = Woman, I = Interviewer

- W When I say I live in Hong Kong the first questions is always: 'Is it very crowded? Are there loads of people everywhere?
- I Is that true? What is it like?
- W Yes, it's true that there are lots of people living in a small space so it is a very busy city – it's the busiest place I've ever been to - but there is also a lot of fantastic countryside.
- I Really? I'm surprised. I thought it was all tall office buildings, shops and blocks of
- W Yes, all those things are there and but it is also very green and mountainous. I quite like the crowds – it's such an exciting city because it never stops, the people work very hard and there is always something happening. I work longer hours than I did in London.
 - I get the ferry to work every day it really is a much nicer journey than catching the underground in Britain. It's beautiful going across the harbour twice a day.
- Is it very polluted?
- W Yes, to be honest the sea isn't very clean. The pollution is a problem because there is a lot of industry in the area. The traffic pollution is better then it was – you can only buy unleaded petrol. And the public transport is so good and cheap that you don't need a car.
- Is it an expensive place to live?
- W The biggest expense for most people is their rent. It's a small place and there isn't very much space so flats are quite difficult to find and they are expensive. My rent is three times higher than it was in London.

My grandparents

G = Grandson, F = Friend

- **G** Now our grandparents are retired they go away for four months in the winter.
- That sounds like a good idea. Where do they go?
- **G** Southern Europe and North Africa anywhere that is warm and sunny. They've bought a camper van – you know those big things like a home on wheels: bed, kitchen, table ... everything.
- Do they live in the van for four months?
- That's always the plan but they have stayed in hotels when the weather is bad or they want a change.
- Are they away now?
- **G** Yes, they are. They've been away for about three weeks. We got a postcard from Granada the other day – they've been there for a week and they've been to most of the famous sights.
- Is that how they keep in touch? Sending postcards?

- **G** Usually. I've tried to ring them a few times but they never have their mobile phone switched on. I also showed them how to use email in an Internet café but I haven't received a message yet.
- **F** Have they ever had any problems on the road?
- **G** Not really. The van's broken down a couple of times but my grandfather used to be an engineer so he can mend it. My grandmother is the one with the languages - her parents were refugees and she has spoken French and Spanish all her
- F Have you ever thought about going with them?
- **G** No, I haven't. I don't think the van is big enough for all of us.

T 8 My job

I = Interviewer, B = Bella

- I Tell me about your job, Bella.
- **B** Well, I'm a supply teacher. That means I work when other teachers are sick or are away studying.
- I So what do you have to do?
- B I teach other people's classes. If I'm lucky, I get some warning. I get a telephone call from the head teacher a week or so before they need me but sometimes - in an emergency – they ring me in the morning and I have to go to the school immediately.
- And what do you have to do when you get there?
- **B** I take over the class for a half a day, a day, or a week, or however long the real teacher is away for. I teach them and do all the things their normal teacher does.
- Don't you find it difficult you know without any warning?
- No, not really. I've got lots of experience I was a full-time teacher until two years ago - so I don't have to do hours of work before a lesson.
- Oh, so you are a trained teacher?
- **B** Yes, you have to have a qualification to teach. I trained about twenty years ago.
- I How many days week do you work?
- **B** It varies. Sometimes I go in every day, other weeks I don't do anything ... I definitely prefer my work now because if I don't want to go to work one day, or if I want to take a holiday one week, I can! (fade)

T 9 The future of our world

P = Presenter, S = Silvana, L = Lewis

P Today in the studio my guests are Silvana Veiga and Lewis Sewell and we'll be discussing the future of our world. I'm sure lots of you listeners will want to telephone and give your views ... our number is 0800 234 2345. ... But we'll start here in the studio: Silvana, are you an optimist or a pessimist about the future?

- **S** I'm afraid I'm a pessimist. I think things will get worse, not better. I think the difference between rich and poor countries will become even bigger. Big international companies will control the supply of things like medicine so people in poorer countries won't be able to get the best health care.
- P Lewis, do you share Silvana's ideas about the future?
- In fact, I don't. I'm very optimistic I think the future will be better. For the world's population to survive, we will need to work together. For example, I think there will be a world government.
- I disagree, I don't think there'll be one world government. I think there will be two or three enormous governments that will rule different parts of the world. They won't work together – they will want to control the world's resources so they will be at war most of the time.
- Let's go to our first caller, Harriet. Hello Harriet (fade)

T 10 My life then and now

Speaker 1 = S1, Speaker 2 = S2

- S1 Well, nowadays my life is quite good fun. I've had my job for two years and it's going well, I earn enough money to pay for my flat and to go out and do the things I enjoy doing.
- S2 For example?
- **S1** Nothing fancy, just simple things. I like going out for meals with friends, going for walks, watching TV, things like that.
- **S2** So what was the problem before?
- S1 I was a student! It wasn't a 'problem' but I didn't have any money. I used to get some money from my parents but it was difficult because I was living in London where everything is so expensive.
- **S2** Oh, I see. So you were short of money, that was the problem?
- S1 Yes, and I was doing medicine so I had to spend such a lot of time studying. I did have a part time job in a pub so I used to finish lectures, quickly have something to eat and then go to work in the pub from 8 to 11. Then I used to go home and do my essays. It was exhausting but I managed to do a job and study all the time I was a student.
- S2 But you're not a doctor now? Why not?
- **S1** I gave it up. I did four years at medical school and realized that it wasn't for me. I got fed up with being exhausted and poor so I decided to leave and get a job with reasonable hours.
- **S2** That must have been a big decision?
- \$1 Yes, it was but I'm glad I made it.

The history of tea in Britain

P = Presenter, HP = Harry Perkins

Good morning. Today on Worldly Wise my guest is Harry Perkins, a tea expert.

- Two hundred million cups are drunk every day in Britain – that's a lot of gallons of tea, isn't it?
- **HP** Yes it is. British people are world-famous for drinking tea but it's only been here for about 350 years. In other countries, in Asia, it's been drunk for 4000 years.
- **P** Where did it come from originally?
- **HP** China. The story is that more than 4000 years ago, a Chinese servant was boiling some water and some leaves fell in it. His boss drank the new drink, liked it and tea was born.
- P So that was 4000 years ago. How did it get to Europe?
- **HP** We're not sure some people say that it was the Arabs and others think it was brought here by the Dutch or the Portuguese in the 16th century. We know that it was drunk in Britain in the 17th century.
- P Was it immediately popular?
- **HP** People liked it but it was very expensive. Only very rich people could buy it: it took about a year to ship a cargo of tea from Asia to Europe, there was a very high tax on it - more than 100%. In the early 18th century, a half kilo of tea cost about three weeks' wages for an ordinary person.
- Three weeks wages for some tea! That's a lot of money!
- **HP** Yes, it is. The rich people who could afford to buy tea kept it locked in special silver or wood boxes so the servants couldn't steal it.
- P And now we can all buy it.
- HP Yes, 70% of people in Britain drink tea regularly – and the average is three cups a day.

Who knows?

I = Interviewer, S = Stuart

- Stuart, tell me about your plans for when you finish school.
- Well, I finish my exams in June and after that I'm going on holiday with Mum and Dad. We're away for two weeks – after that I'm not sure what I'll do.
- I What are the possibilities?
- S I may get a summer job ... I should get a job because I want to save some money. I'm going to college in October to study law and I'll need some savings. I'd prefer not to work - if I got a summer job, I wouldn't be able to go to the beach with my friends ... things like that.
- Will you live at home with your parents while you study law?
- **S** Yes, I'll have to for the first couple of years at least - but then I may get a part-time job and move out – it's just very expensive to do that at the moment.
- What will you do if you don't pass your exams? You know, after the summer and you get your results ... what will you do if you don't pass?

- S That's a difficult question I think I'll pass but if I don't ... I don't know what I'll do. I haven't got another plan.
- I Would you take the exams again?
- S Yes, I would. I wouldn't want to miss the opportunity of going to college so yes, I'd take them again.
- I You wouldn't look for a job?
- S I don't think my parents would let me. I think they'd want me to take my exams again.
- I Well, hopefully it's a decision you won't have to make.

T 13 A business trip

I = Ilona, T = Thomas

- I Hi Thomas? It's me, Ilona. How are you?
- T I'm fine thanks. What about you? How are the kids?
- I We're all fine but I'll be glad when you get home. What have you been doing?
- T I've been in meetings most of the time but I have been able to see a bit of Warsaw.
- I Have you been eating out in the local restaurants?
- T Yes, the Polish manager has taken me to her favourite places. We went to a traditional restaurant last night – the food was delicious.
- I But you've been working hard too?
- T Yes, definitely. We've been starting at 7.30 each morning with breakfast meetings and not finishing until 8 or 9 in the evening.
- I What's the hotel like?
- T It's OK nothing special really but it's clean and comfortable oh and the owners are very nice. What about you? Have you been doing lots?
- I Not much. I've been swimming at lunch time a couple of times but it's difficult to do anything after work because of the children. When you get back I'm planning to (fade)

T 14 The novelist

I = Interviewer, D = Daniel Gregory

- I Tell me, Mr Gregory, what are you working on at the moment?
- **D** I'm just finishing another of my Inspector Prentice novels.
- I So how many have you written now?
- **D** This will be the sixth.
- I Have you always written novels about the police?
- D No, I haven't. Before I started writing fiction, I was a BBC journalist. After 20 years of living in hotels I had had enough and decided to make a living out of fiction writing. I'd written one or two short stories so I decided to start writing full-time. I've been very lucky my books are popular in countries everywhere: Canada, Australia, France, Argentina ...
- I May I ask about your private life? You've recently remarried?

- D Yes, I have. My first marriage ended in divorce a year ago and I recently married Veronica. We've been married for six months now and we're very happy together.
- I Veronica is a lot younger than you she was your children's babysitter, wasn't she?
- D Yes, she is thirty years younger than me but that isn't important ... her father was one of my best friends so I've known her since she was a baby. I think she might have looked after the children when she was at school I don't know because my first wife used to make all the arrangements for the children.
- I I see. Returning to your writing: Do you have any ideas for your next book?
- D Indeed. It will be the story of a charming older man whose second wife is murdered by his jealous first wife.

Review test My family

Maria

Both sides of my family – my mum's and my dad's – are from a very small town south of Dublin. My father is the postman and he also runs the local garage. My mum has a small shop at the garage where she sells things like newspapers, milk, bread – you know, everyday things.

My dad's sisters – he's got five – all live in the village. Two of them went away to the States when they were in their twenties but they came back a few years ago. They were both nurses and they worked in Boston for about fifteen years. I went to see them a couple of times when I was a student. Anyway, they've both been back in Ireland since 1998. Uncle Sean - that's my mum's only brother went to university in England where he studied business and economics. Now he lives and works in Dublin for an international company but he has bought a small house near my mum and dad and he takes his family there every weekend. I think his wife likes our big family – it means she's got lots of people to help her with their children.

Exit test An interview with Sir Harry

P = Presenter, SHW = Sir Harry Wirral

- P My guest in the studio today is Sir Harry Wirral 86 years old this week and still performing on the London stage. Harry, perhaps we can start by talking about the play you are in at the moment?
- SHW Yes, it's a Shakespeare play. I've got quite a small part I'm only on stage for ten minutes so I didn't have to learn many lines. Also, I'm on at the end so I can stay behind for a drink with all the other actors who have done all the hard work before I get there.
- P But it hasn't always been like that, has it? You have acted all the big Shakespeare

- parts in your time. Can you tell me about your early career in the theatre?
- SHW My first serious acting job was when I was 20. Before that I had been in some musical comedies singing and dancing things like that but then I was given the part of Hamlet and since then my first love has been serious theatre.
- P But you do occasionally appear in Hollywood films?
- SHW Of course, I've got to make a living, haven't I? You don't earn much doing Shakespeare. Yes, I do serious things in the theatre in the evenings and I do films during the day to make some money.
- P And do you still sing and dance?
- SHW Only in my own home! I haven't sung in the theatre for about 50 years. In the films I usually play a typical English man – it's boring but I don't care.
- **P** And what about the future? Do you have any plans to stop working?
- SHW No, I don't. I want to keep working for as long as possible I love it and it keeps me young. If I stopped working, I'd be dead in six months. I tried to retire when I was 70 and it was terrible I sat at home and watched TV.
- P Sir Harry, thank you for being my guest this morning. (fade)

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